#### UNITED STATES OF AMERICA BEFORE THE FEDERAL ENERGY REGULATORY COMMISSION

Klamath River Renewal Corporation PacifiCorp

Project Nos. 14803-001; 2082-063

#### AMENDED APPLICATION FOR SURRENDER OF LICENSE FOR MAJOR PROJECT AND REMOVAL OF PROJECT WORKS

EXHIBIT K (1 of 2) Reservoir Drawdown and Diversion Plan (Amended December 15, 2021)

#### **PUBLIC VERSION**



Lower Klamath Project FERC Project No. 14803

# Reservoir Drawdown and Diversion Plan

Klamath River Renewal Corporation 2001 Addison Street, Suite 317 Berkeley, CA 94704

December 2021

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- Appendix C Oregon Reservoir Drawdown and Diversion Plan
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# 1.0 Introduction

The Lower Klamath Project (FERC No. 14803) consists of four hydroelectric developments on the Klamath River: J.C. Boyle, Copco No. 1, Copco No. 2, and Iron Gate (Figure 1-1). Specifically, the reach between J.C. Boyle dam and Iron Gate dam is known as the Hydroelectric Reach. In September of 2016, the Klamath River Renewal Corporation (Renewal Corporation) filed an Application for Surrender of License for Major Project and Removal of Project Works, FERC Project Nos. 2082-063 & 14803-001 (License Surrender). The Renewal Corporation filed the License Surrender Application as the dam removal entity for the purpose of implementing the Klamath River Hydroelectric Settlement (KHSA). In November of 2020, the Renewal Corporation filed its Definite Decommissioning Plan (DDP) as Exhibits A-1 and A-2 to its Amended License Surrender Application (ALSA). The DDP is the Renewal Corporation's comprehensive plan to physically remove the Lower Klamath Project and achieve a free-flowing condition and volitional fish passage, site remediation and restoration, and avoidance of adverse downstream impacts (Proposed Action). The Limits of Work is a geographic area that encompasses dam removal and restoration related activities associated with the Proposed Action. The Limits of Work may extend beyond the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (Commission) boundary associated with the Lower Klamath Project where specifically noted.

The Proposed Action includes the deconstruction of the J.C. Boyle Dam and Powerhouse (Figure 1-2), Copco No. 1 Dam and Powerhouse (Figure 1-3), Copco No. 2 Dam and Powerhouse (Figure 1-4), and Iron Gate Dam and Powerhouse (Figure 1-5), as well as associated features. Associated features vary by development, but generally include powerhouse intake structures, embankments and sidewalls, penstocks and supports, decks, piers, gatehouses, fish ladders and holding facilities, pipes and pipe cradles, spillway gates and structures, diversion control structures, aprons, sills, tailrace channels, footbridges, powerhouse equipment, distribution lines, transmission lines, switchyards, original cofferdams, portions of the Iron Gate Fish Hatchery, residential facilities, and warehouses. Facility removal will be completed within an approximately 20-month period.

This Reservoir Drawdown and Diversion Plan describes the proposed drawdown methods, procedures, schedules, and monitoring efforts the Renewal Corporation will conduct as part of implementing the Proposed Action. The Renewal Corporation has prepared 16 Management Plans for the Commission's review and approval as conditions of a License Surrender Order. These Management Plans were developed in consultation with federal, state, and county governments and tribes.

In February 2021, the Renewal Corporation filed the 16 Management Plans with the Commission. Since that time, the Renewal Corporation has undertaken further consultation, resulting in material revisions. Table 2-2 herein shows the material revisions to the February 2021 version of this Reservoir Drawdown and Diversion Plan. An updated Consultation Record for the Reservoir Drawdown and Diversion Plan is included as Appendix D.

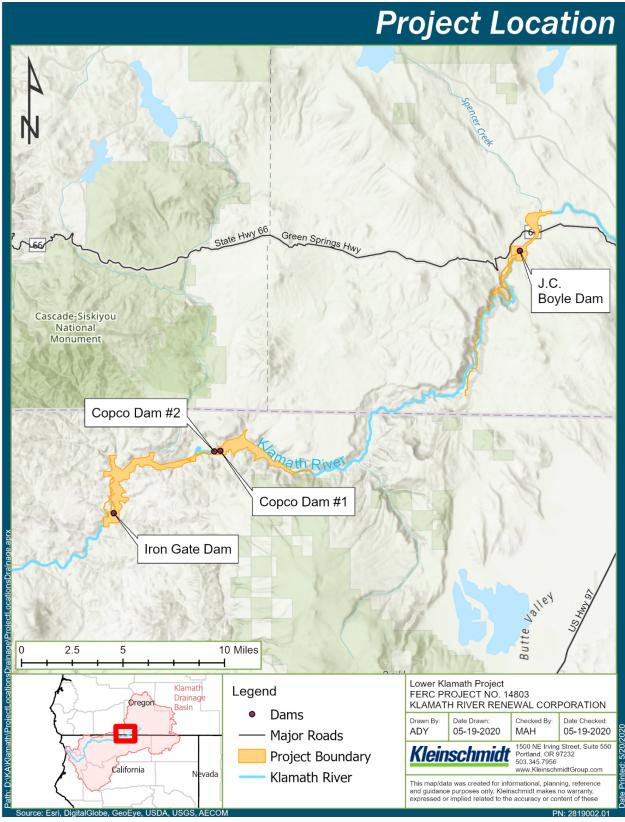


Figure 1-1. Lower Klamath Project Location

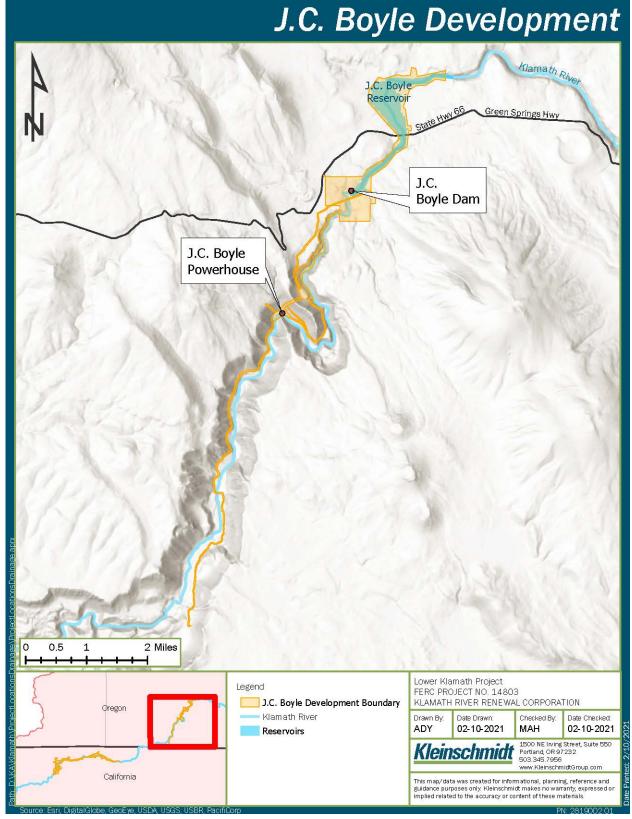
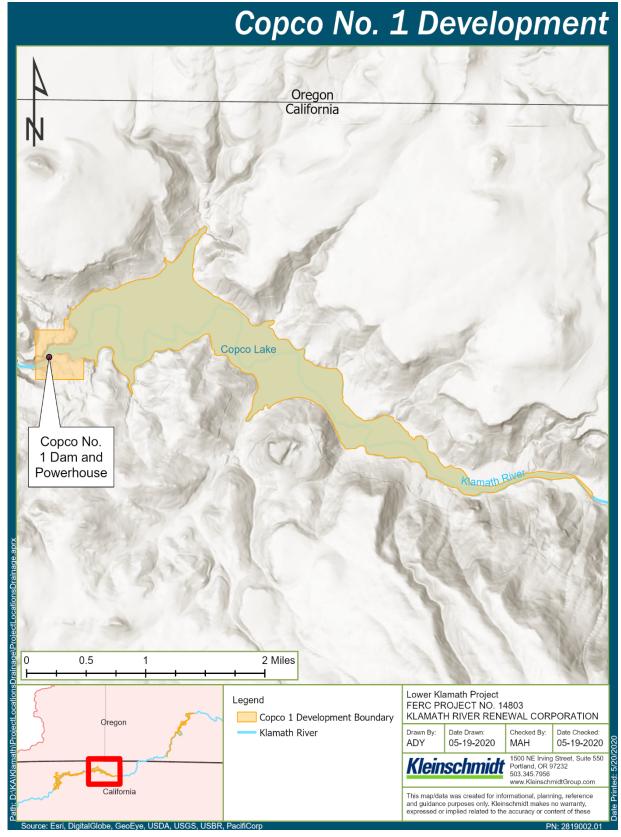


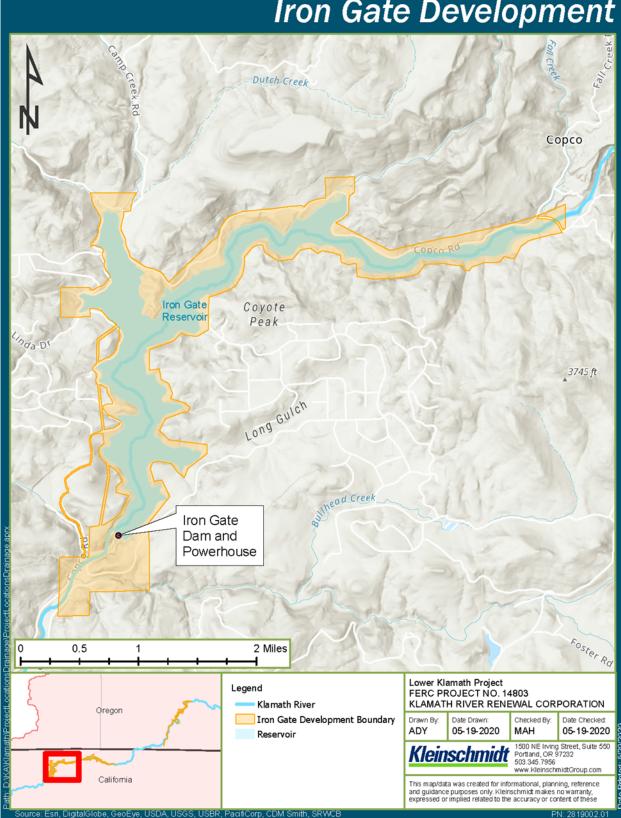
Figure 1-2. J.C. Boyle Development Facility Details











Iron Gate Development

Figure 1-5. Iron Gate Development Facility Details

# 2.0 Regulatory Context

As described in Table 2-1, the Reservoir Drawdown and Diversion Plan is one of 16 Management Plans implementing the DDP.

Table 2-1. Lower Klamath River Management Plans	
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1.	Aquatic Resources Management Plan	9. Remaining Facilities Plan
2.	Construction Management Plan	10. Reservoir Area Management Plan
3.	Erosion and Sediment Control Plan	11. Reservoir Drawdown and Diversion Plan
4.	Hatcheries Management and Operations Plan	12. Sediment Deposit Remediation Plan
5.	Health and Safety Plan	13. Terrestrial and Wildlife Management Plan
6.	Historic Properties Management Plan	14. Waste Disposal and Hazardous Materials Management Plan
7.	Interim Hydropower Operations Plan	15. Water Quality Monitoring and Management Plan
8.	Recreation Facilities Plan	16. Water Supply Management Plan

#### 2.1 Organizational Structure

The Reservoir Drawdown and Diversion Plan identifies the measures that the Renewal Corporation will implement to draw down the reservoirs, including procedures, schedules, and monitoring efforts as part of the Proposed Action. Specifically, the Reservoir Drawdown and Diversion Plan includes an updated Consultation Record and three subplans, included amongst the Appendices identified below.

- Appendix A: California Reservoir Drawdown and Diversion Plan
- Appendix B: California Slope Stability Monitoring Plan
- Appendix C: Oregon Reservoir Drawdown and Diversion Plan
- Appendix D: Consultation Record

#### 2.2 Specific Regulatory Interests

The Renewal Corporation considered the following regulatory interests in the development of the Reservoir Drawdown and Diversion Plan:

- California Section 401 Water Quality Certification
- Oregon Section 401 Water Quality Certification
- California Department of Fish and Wildlife Memorandum of Understanding
- Oregon Memorandum of Understanding

# 2.3 Results of Consultation since February 2021

The Renewal Corporation has revised the February 2021 version of this plan, on the basis of further consultation, in the following material respects.

SUB-PLAN	CHANGES TO FEBRUARY 2021 VERSION
Appendix A: California Reservoir Drawdown and Diversion Plan	<ul> <li>Added measure describing the Renewal Corporation's obligation to coordinate with agencies and stakeholders during drawdown and dam removal.</li> </ul>
Appendix B: California Slope Stability Monitoring Plan	Clarified that the Renewal Corporation is proposing the installation of zero piezometer wells and inclinometers.
Appendix C: Oregon Reservoir Drawdown and Diversion Plan	Clarified that the Renewal Corporation is proposing the installation of zero piezometer wells and inclinometers.

Table 2-2	. Results of	Consultation
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# 2.1 Regulatory Approval Process

The Renewal Corporation will implement the Reservoir Drawdown and Diversion Plan as approved by the Commission in the License Surrender Order. The Renewal Corporation will obtain and report to the Commission any required approvals from other agencies.

# 3.0 Reporting

By April 15 of each year, the Renewal Corporation will prepare and submit to the Commission an Annual Report which will include information pertaining to implementation of the Reservoir Drawdown and Diversion Plan.

Appendix A

California Reservoir Drawdown and Diversion Plan

KLAMATH
<b>RIVER RENEWAL</b>
CORPORATION

Lower Klamath Project FERC Project No. 14803

# California Reservoir Drawdown and Diversion Plan

Klamath River Renewal Corporation 2001 Addison Street, Suite 317 Berkeley, CA 94704

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December 2021

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- Appendix A Design Report Drawings
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# 1.0 Introduction

This California Reservoir Drawdown and Diversion Plan is a subplan of the Reservoir Drawdown and Diversion Plan that will be implemented as part of the Proposed Action for the Lower Klamath Project.

# 1.1 Purpose of California Reservoir Drawdown and Diversion Plan

The purpose of the California Reservoir Drawdown and Diversion Plan is to describe the proposed drawdown methods, procedures, schedules, and monitoring measures that the Renewal Corporation will implement in California as part of the Proposed Action.

The Renewal Corporation and PacifiCorp have entered into an Operations and Maintenance Agreement (2017) filed with the Commission. Under the agreement, PacifiCorp will continue to operate the hydroelectric facilities until final drawdown is initiated after the spring freshet when the reservoir levels drop below the power intakes. At that point, the Renewal Corporation will use the low-level outlets at each dam to release water to completely lower the reservoirs.

# 1.2 Relationship to Other Management Plans

The California Reservoir Drawdown and Diversion Plan is supported by elements of the following management plans for effective implementation: Remaining Facilities Plan, Waste Disposal and Hazardous Materials Management Plan, Health & Safety Plan, and the Reservoir Area Management Plan. So as to not duplicate information, elements from these other management plans are not repeated herein but are, where appropriate, referenced in this California Reservoir Drawdown and Diversion Plan.

# 1.3 Elevation Datum

All elevations reported within this plan use the North American Vertical Datum of 1988 (NAVD88), which, at the Copco No. 1 and No. 2 locations, is 3.48 ft higher than the National Geodetic Vertical Datum of 1929 (NGVD29), and at the Iron Gate location, is 3.33 ft higher than NGVD29.

# 2.0 Drawdown and Diversion Plan

## 2.1 Drawdown Criteria

Pertinent drawdown criteria for the Proposed Action are summarized in Table 2.1, below, which includes information from the Design Report (Knight Piésold 2020b).

FEATURE/CONSIDERATION	CRITERIA	REMARKS	REFERENCE	
OPERATING REQUIREMENTS				
Daily Minimum Downstream Flows	<ul> <li>Downstream of Iron Gate:</li> <li>September through November and March - 1,000 cfs</li> <li>December through February - 950 cfs</li> <li>April - 1,325 cfs</li> <li>May - 1,175 cfs</li> <li>June - 1,025 cfs</li> <li>July and August - 900 cfs</li> </ul>	Minimum flows will be dictated by USBR requirements which may supersede the biological opinion flows as set out.	• USBR, BiOp 2019	
Normal Maximum Operating Surface Elevation (ft NAVD88)	<ul> <li>Copco Lake = 2,611.0 ft</li> <li>Copco No. 2 = 2,486.5 ft</li> <li>Iron Gate = 2,331.3 ft</li> </ul>		FERC License Application - Exhibit A (2004) - NAVD88 Elevations	
Normal Minimum Operating Surface Elevation (ft NAVD88)	<ul> <li>Copco Lake = 2,604.5 ft</li> <li>Copco No. 2 = 2,486.1 ft</li> <li>Iron Gate = 2,327.3 ft</li> </ul>		Copco No. 2 is not a high- hazard dam; therefore, operating surface elevations were supplied by PacifiCorp.	

Table 2-1. Reservoir Drawdown Design Criteria

PRE-DRAWDOWN			
Pre-Drawdown Construction Activities (Downstream of	Construction and commissioning to occur prior to January 1 of the drawdown year		
Reservoirs)	All reservoirs to be operated at or below minimum operating water levels during early works construction; minimum operating water levels are specific to each facility	Water levels to be defined through consultation with PacifiCorp	<ul> <li>PacifiCorp STID Section 4 Standard Operations Procedures (PacifiCorp 2007, 2015, 2016)</li> </ul>
Pre-Drawdown Flow Regulation	<ul> <li>Regulate project operation flows to keep reservoir levels at or below minimum operating levels to maintain construction safety</li> <li>The reservoir lowering will begin prior to construction and will be accomplished through normal project power and water bypass operations on a site-specific basis</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Required for construction staging and work safety</li> </ul>	PacifiCorp STID Section     4 Standard Operations     Procedures (PacifiCorp     2007, 2015, 2016)
DRAWDOWN			
Initial Drawdown	• To begin on or about January 1 of the drawdown year.		
Reservoir Drawdown Rate	<ul> <li>Target drawdown water surface level rate 5 ft/day</li> </ul>	Each facility is unique relative to reservoir area capacity and proposed drawdown. Actual drawdown will be based on the actual water year	
Drawdown Completion	Water surface level at or below historic cofferdam level		<ul> <li>Knight Piésold Memo VA20-01231 - Klamath Drawdown Model</li> </ul>

GEOTECHNICAL REQUIREMENTS			
Slope Stability of Reserv	oir Rim		
Minimum Required FOS	Drawdown FOS = 1.2	Reservoir Drawdown criterion applies to existing dam, rim, and embankment slopes.	<ul> <li>USBR Design Standard No. 13</li> <li>USACE EM 1110-2- 1902, 2003</li> </ul>
	Long-term, Post Drawdown FOS = 1.5		<ul> <li>USBR Design Standard No. 13</li> <li>USACE EM 1110-2- 1902, 2003</li> </ul>
Design Earthquake for Temporary Construction	<ul> <li>10% Probability of Exceeding Operating Basis Earthquake in 50 Years (1/475-Year Event);</li> <li>0.2% Probability in 1 Year</li> <li>2% Probability of Exceeding Maximum Design Earthquake in 50 Years (1/2,475- Year Event);</li> <li>0.04% Probability in 1 Year</li> </ul>		Appendix A4 of the     Design Report
Slope Stability of Tempo	rary Embankment Slopes		
Reservoir Drawdown	FOS = 1.3	Reservoir Drawdown criterion applies to temporary embankment slopes during removal.	<ul> <li>USBR Design Standard No. 13</li> <li>USACE EM 1110-2- 1902, 2003</li> </ul>

#### Notes:

BiOp = Biological Opinion CFS = Cubic feet per second EM = Engineer Manual FERC = Federal Energy Regulatory Commission FOS = Factor of Safety NAVD88 = North American Vertical Datum of 1988 STID = Supporting Technical Information Document USBR = United States Bureau of Reclamation USACE = United States Army Corps of Engineers

#### 2.1.1 Discharge Volumes and Rates

#### 2.1.1.1 Copco No. 1 Development

Discharges during the drawdown stage will be made through a newly constructed low-level outlet tunnel, through the existing historic diversion tunnel, and by spillway releases. Low-level outlet tunnel discharge rating capacities are outlined in Appendix C of the Design Report (Knight Piésold 2020b), and are summarized below. The low-level outlet has been designed to withstand spillway releases if they occur during drawdown. The proposed discharge rating curves for Copco No. 1 are presented in Appendix A (drawing C2056). Discharge capacities of the Copco No. 1 Dam are presented in Table 2-2, below.

WATER SURFACE ELEVATION (FEET, NAVD88)	TOTAL DISCHARGE RATE CAPACITY (CFS)
2,609	4,197
2,604	4,099
2,599	3,998
2,594	3,894
2,589	3,789
2,584	3,680
2,579	3,568
2,574	3,453
2,569	3,334
2,564	3,211
2,559	3,084
2,554	2,951
2,549	2,813
2,544	2,667
2,540	2,546
2,539	2,515
2,538	2,483
2,537	2,451
2,536	2,419
2,535	2,386
2,534	2,353
2,533	2,319
2,532	2,285

 Table 2-2. Copco No. 1 Total Discharge Capacity for Low-Level Outlet Tunnel

WATER SURFACE ELEVATION (FEET, NAVD88)	TOTAL DISCHARGE RATE CAPACITY (CFS)
2,531	2,250
2,530	2,215
2,529	2,179
2,528	2,143
2,527	2,106
2,526	2,069
2,525	2,031
2,524	1,653
2,523	1,264
2,522	934
2,521	659
2,520	500
2,519	268
2,518	144
2,517	63
2,516	18
2,515	0

Notes:

Source: Northwest Hydraulic Consultants computational fluid dynamics modeling in Appendix C2 of the Design Report (Knight Piésold 2020b).

NAVD88 = North American Vertical Datum of 1988 cfs = cubic feet per second

#### 2.1.1.2 Copco No. 2 Development

To allow for dam modifications works (i.e., removal of a portion of Spillway Bay No. 1), the Renewal Corporation will manage Copco No. 2 reservoir water surface levels during predrawdown by using the conveyance system to the powerhouse. The outlet works for reservoir drawdown will be comprised of discharge through the existing spillway gates and the removal of Spillway Bay No. 1. Discharge rating capacities for the spillway gates and removal of Spillway Bay No. 1 are outlined in Appendix D of the Design Report (Knight Piésold 2020b), and are summarized below. Relevant information is included in Appendix A of this subplan. Discharge rating curves for Copco No. 2 are also presented in Appendix A (drawing C3057). Discharge capacities of the Copco No. 2 Dam components are presented in Table 2-3, below.

WATER SURFACE ELEVATION (FEET, NAVD88)	TOTAL DISCHARGE RATE CAPACITY (CFS)	SPILLWAY 4 GATES RATES (CFS)	TOTAL RATES (CFS)
2,490	15,328	24,168	39,496
2,489	14,581	21,533	36,114
2,488	13,846	19,002	32,847
2,487	13,123	16,578	29,701
2,486	12,249	14,267	26,516
2,485	11,327	12,075	23,401
2,484	10,445	10,008	20,452
2,483	9,603	8,074	17,678
2,482	8,801	6,285	15,086
2,481	8,038	4,651	12,690
2,480	7,314	3,190	10,504
2,479	6,789	1,926	8,715
2,478	6,393	895	7,288
2,477	5,991	172	6,163
2,476.5	5,768	0	5,768
2,476	5,496	-	5,496
2,475	4,969	-	4,969
2,474	4,464	-	4,464
2,473	3,962	-	3,962
2,472	3,490	-	3,490
2,471	3,045	-	3,045
2,470	2,170	-	2,170
2,469	1,345	-	1,345
2,468	773	-	773
2,467	641	-	641
2,466	517	-	517
2,465	402	-	402
2,464	298	-	298
2,463	204	-	204
2,462	123	-	123
2,461	57	-	57
2,460	11	-	11

Table 2-3. Copco No. 2 Total Discharge Capacity

App. A - California Reservoir Drawdown and Diversion Plan

ELE	SURFACE	TOTAL DISCHARGE RATE	SPILLWAY 4	TOTAL
	VATION	CAPACITY	GATES RATES	RATES
	, NAVD88)	(CFS)	(CFS)	(CFS)
2	,459.5	0	-	0

#### Notes:

Source: Northwest Hydraulic Consultants computational fluid dynamics modeling in Appendix D2 of the Design Report (Knight Piésold 2020b).

NAVD88 = North American Vertical Datum of 1988

cfs = cubic feet per second

#### 2.1.1.3 Iron Gate Development

Discharges during drawdown will be made through the modified diversion tunnel using the existing outlet control gate, through the existing power intake and turbine/bypass, and by spillway releases. The Computation Fluid Dynamics (CFD) model developed for the diversion channel and existing outlet control gate confirmed that the hydraulic capacity is approximately 4,000 cfs. Discharge rating capacities for the diversion tunnel with gate fully open are outlined in Appendix E of the Design Report (Knight Piésold 2020b and are summarized below. Relevant information is included in Appendix A. Discharge rating curves for Iron Gate are also presented in Appendix A (drawing C4050). Discharge capacities of the Iron Gate Dam are presented in Table 2-4, below.

WATER SURFACE ELEVATION (FEET, NAVD88)	TOTAL DISCHARGE RATE CAPACITY (CFS)
2,331.3	3,930
2,291.3	3,380
2,251.3	2,530
2,211.3	1,650
2,188	0

#### Table 2-4. Iron Gate Total Discharge Capacity

#### Notes:

Source: Northwest Hydraulic Consultants computational fluid dynamics modeling in Appendix E2 of the Design Report (Knight Piésold 2020b).

NAVD88 = North American Vertical Datum of 1988 cfs = cubic feet per second

#### 2.1.2 Slope-Stability Analysis

The Reservoir Rim Stability Report (Knight Piésold 2020a) provides analysis in support of the California Reservoir Drawdown and Diversion Plan and describes the reservoir rim and associated properties (private vs. public) abutting the rim. Additional detail on slope stability can be found in the California Slope Stability Monitoring Plan.

#### 2.2 Drawdown and Diversion Procedures

The Renewal Corporation will initiate the release of sediment to the Klamath River from the three larger reservoirs (J.C. Boyle, Copco No. 1, and Iron Gate) with reservoir drawdown. Proposed pre-January 1 reservoir releases will be accomplished with the facilities' existing structures to bring the reservoirs at or near their minimum allowable operating levels. Then, starting January 1 of the drawdown year, the Renewal Corporation will allow regulated releases to draw down the reservoirs and release associated sediment in a controlled manner. Drawdown will continue until removal of the dams. The following reservoir drawdown and diversion approach described in this section is from the Design Report (Knight Piésold 2020b). Drawdown and diversion procedures for the J.C. Boyle Development are detailed in the Oregon Reservoir Drawdown and Diversion Plan

#### 2.2.1 Cofferdams

In lieu of cofferdams, the Renewal Corporation will install work pads at the base of Copco No. 1 and Iron Gate dams to allow for construction equipment access. Work pads serve the function of a cofferdam by establishing a dry working environment. Construction of the work pads include installing rock into the wetted area allowing equipment to then extend further into the wetted area in the dry. The equipment then installs more rock further into the wetted area allow the construction equipment to roll further out into the area while remaining dry. This process continues until the entire pad is constructed. A cofferdam is not used in these applications because more active stream channel work would be required to install a cofferdam prior to work pad construction. The work pad functions like a dike, allowing dry access above the water elevation. Please refer to the Klamath River Renewal Project 100% Design Completion Drawings (Knight Piésold and Kiewit 2020) Sheets C2501 and C2501 for Copco No. 1 and Sheet C4500 for Iron Gate. The work pads will be removed in reverse succession as their installation, and the river channel at the dam sites will be graded prior to the final breach of historic cofferdams and diversions.

Work pads will be inspected upon completion of construction and initial dewatering inside of the work pads to make sure that no fish or other aquatic or terrestrial species are trapped on the inside and cannot return to the river. Daily inspection will occur during construction to ensure the work pad condition is maintained. There will be short term turbidity increases during their installation as the river bottom is agitated by placed rock. At Copco No. 1 the turbidity will be limited to the bypass reach or will be directed through the Copco No. 2 diversion tunnel. At Iron Gate, turbidity will occur in the mainstem Klamath River.

Construction of work pads at Copco No. 1 will take approximately 13 days and Iron Gate will take approximately 18 days.

#### 2.2.2 Copco No. 1 Development

#### 2.2.2.1 Existing Development Components

The Copco No. 1 Development construction has been well documented in historic design drawings and construction photographs. Historic drawings are provided in Appendix K of the Design Report. STIDs are provided in Appendix J of the Design Report.

#### 2.2.2.2 Pre-Drawdown Works

The Renewal Corporation will construct a new low-level outlet tunnel under spillway bay 3, which will be used to draw down the reservoir. The construction of the low-level outlet tunnel will require temporary construction access from the right bank to develop a work platform beside the spillway plunge pool. This spillway plunge pool work platform will also provide access to the historic diversion tunnel outlet, which is required to reopen the tunnel and complete drawdown. The proposed work includes dredging of the low-level outlet tunnel approach channel and the historic diversion tunnel approach channel.

The Renewal Corporation will conduct dredging of deposited sediment and debris in the reservoir at the low-level outlet tunnel approach channel to remove obstructions and facilitate the safe passage of river flows and sediment during drawdown. Dredging of the historic diversion tunnel approach channel is also required to facilitate its usage during dam demolition and removal. Design drawings C2160, C2210, and C2272 (Appendix A) show the extents of the dredging location and material disposal.

The low-level outlet will be excavated as a 10.5-ft high and 10.5-ft wide D-shaped tunnel with vertical sides, a 10-ft concrete plug orifice to the reservoir, and a 10.5-ft diameter steel outlet conduit (drawings C2205 and C2225 in Appendix A). When opened, the outlet will connect the reservoir to the spillway plunge pool and drain the reservoir. The Renewal Corporation will accomplish excavation of the low-level outlet tunnel by first constructing a work platform at the toe of the dam to access the proposed adit. Then the concrete will be drilled, blasted, and excavated in sections (vertically and horizontally) until the final section/plug is reached. The final section will terminate in the upper cut-off wall, leaving a concrete plug separating the dry tunnel and the reservoir, as shown on drawing C2225 (Appendix A). The concrete plug is designed to provide the plug length required for structural strength and includes additional contingency length to account for possible fractures in the concrete mass induced by vibration during excavation of the tunnel. The tunnel plug design will allow normal power operations to continue until reservoir drawdown.

The low-level outlet terminates in a narrow canyon with an existing spillway plunge pool. The Renewal Corporation will embed a 10.5-ft diameter pipe into the concrete tunnel section to extend the outlet into the spillway plunge pool. The outlet pipe will direct outflow into the spillway plunge pool and allow access to a spillway work platform while flow is discharging through the outlet and pipe.

## 2.2.2.3 Reservoir Operations

During the pre-drawdown construction period, the Renewal Corporation will operate the Copco No. 1 Development to comply with the procedures set out below.

#### 2.2.2.3.1 Normal Flow Condition

The Renewal Corporation will keep the Copco No. 1 reservoir level at or below the spillway ogee crest level (elevation 2,597.1 ft), to as low as the minimum operating level (elevation 2,592 ft) during and after pre-drawdown construction. The Renewal Corporation will bypass reservoir inflows through the powerhouse turbine generator units 1 and 2, which provide a combined discharge capacity of 3,000 cfs (PacifiCorp 2016).

The Renewal Corporation will lock out spillway gates to comply with dam safety requirements during the pre-drawdown construction period and to allow safe access below the spillway to construct the new low-level outlet tunnel. Proposed reservoir operation under this procedure will provide a freeboard height of at least 12 ft to the normal maximum reservoir operating level (2,611 ft), equal to at least 6,900 acre-ft of storage capacity. This will provide attenuation capacity and time to monitor inflows and vacate the downstream area in the event of large reservoir inflows that exceed the powerhouse capacity, causing reservoir levels to rise. During this period, coordination between the Iron Gate Reservoir level and the Copco No. 1 work will be required to ensure adequate capacity is in Iron Gate Reservoir to maintain minimum river flow conditions below Iron Gate Dam if the Copco No. 1 Powerhouse needs to be temporarily shut down.

The Renewal Corporation will maintain the operating water level (as described in the previous paragraph) for reservoir inflow rates up to 3,000 cfs, which exceeds the average flow conditions during the pre-drawdown dam modification construction works period (ranging up to 2,110 cfs). However, average flow rates and flood risks increase through the fall. By November and December average flows are estimated to be 1,230 cfs and 1,490 cfs, respectively. To avoid these higher-flow months, the Renewal Corporation will complete low-level outlet tunnel works prior to November of the pre-drawdown year.

## 2.2.2.3.2 Flood Condition

Reservoir inflow rates greater than 3,000 cfs exceed the powerhouse flow capacity and will cause reservoir water levels to rise. The Renewal Corporation will stop work at the downstream construction area if reservoir water levels exceed the minimum freeboard criteria (i.e., result in less than 12 ft of freeboard).

A work stoppage may require the removal of all personnel from the downstream construction area and the unlocking of the spillway gates, as defined in the Emergency Response Plan (Kiewit 2020) and STIDs. The facility will continue to discharge through powerhouse units 1 and 2. Work will be resumed when water levels recede below the minimum freeboard criteria. If water levels rise to above the spillway ogee level (2,597.1 ft), the Renewal Corporation will

lower the reservoir level by release of water through the spillway gates. Damage to the temporary downstream work platform is expected if spillway operation occurs. In this event, the Renewal Corporation will re-establish the work area to facilitate ongoing construction of the low-level outlet tunnel works after flood water levels have receded.

#### 2.2.2.4 Drawdown Works

The Renewal Corporation will maintain the lowered Copco No. 1 Reservoir level for predrawdown construction until drawdown begins on or around January 1 of the drawdown year. The proposed drawdown operation will be governed by two main events: opening of the lowlevel outlet tunnel for primary reservoir lowering, and subsequent opening of the historic diversion tunnel to divert flows around the dam and facilitate dam removal works. Initial drawdown occurs when the concrete plug is opened to the low-level outlet tunnel.

The Renewal Corporation will achieve final drawdown through the historic diversion tunnel and when the water surface elevation is maintained below elevation 2,515 ft (crest of the historic cofferdam). The proposed drawdown process is discussed below and included on drawings C2055, C2056, and C2057 in Appendix A.

#### 2.2.2.4.1 Opening of the Low-Level Outlet Tunnel

The shape and profile of the low-level outlet tunnel was selected to facilitate construction, reduce stresses acting on the crown of the tunnel, and provide the internal cross-section necessary to discharge design flows (Table 2-2). The Renewal Corporation will commence drawdown on or about January 1 of the drawdown year when the low-level outlet tunnel is opened to the reservoir. This will be achieved by precision blasting the concrete plug left in place during the pre-drawdown tunnel excavation works. Access to remove the concrete plug is only possible from the dry downstream side of the outlet conduit vent pipe and will require predrilling of the blast holes at the time of the tunnel construction. Upon removal of the plug, the surge of water from the reservoir will remove concrete debris that will settle in the plunge pool.

The low-level outlet tunnel is designed to lower the reservoir without addition of power operations. The reservoir level range expected for normal hydrologic conditions (50<sup>th</sup> percentile) during drawdown, using only the low-level outlet tunnel, is at elevations between 2597.1 ft to 2530 ft. The maximum drawdown rate of the reservoir for normal hydrologic conditions is approximately 5 ft/day and occurs in early January.

The 10.5-ft low-level outlet tunnel orifice inlet diameter provides an initial discharge capacity of about 3,680 cfs at a reservoir elevation of 2,592 ft. The outflow capacity decreases to approximately 2,115 cfs at a reservoir elevation of 2,530 ft., which is the water level at or below which the historic diversion tunnel will be opened. The proposed rating curve for the low-level outlet tunnel is provided on drawing C2056 (Appendix A).

The design of the 10.5 ft diameter tunnel orifice and high discharge velocity of the outlet allows the passage of sediment and reduce the risk of blockages. Concentrated flow velocities upstream of the dam promote sediment mobilization in the original river channel and sediment transport downstream. The energy of the outflowing water dissipates within the spillway plunge pool.

The Renewal Corporation will implement measures to address potential debris blockage during drawdown. In advance of drawdown, the Renewal Corporation will conduct dredging on the upstream side of the adit and historic diversion tunnel intake. If sediment and/or debris materials accumulate in the adit or tunnel, the Renewal Corporation will use mechanical means or controlled blasting to remove the obstruction. In addition to these measures, the low-level outlet tunnel slopes downward at a 10% grade, from the intake to the outlet. This slope allows for the clearing of the concrete plug debris and sediment passage of bed material during reservoir drawdown, and debris materials will end up in the plunge pool at the end of the pipe (see drawings C2210 and C2225). To further prevent debris from accumulating in the adit or tunnel, the Renewal Corporation will conduct debris management and removal operations during drawdown and will install a debris boom upstream of the adit and tunnel intake area.

The low-level outlet tunnel functions as an uncontrolled hydraulic structure and drawdown rates and the overall drawdown period will depend on the reservoir inflow rates during the drawdown period. Partial reservoir refilling can occur due to large inflow events that exceed low-level outlet tunnel capacity.

# 2.2.2.4.2 Left Bank Access

Access to the historic diversion tunnel inlet structure is required to open the historic tunnel during the late stages of drawdown when water levels have receded to 2,530 ft or lower. The Renewal Corporation will lower equipment down the left bank to the concrete inlet structure. Two methods are proposed for lowering the equipment. Under the first method, and after initial removal of the top of the dam that will leave a wider passage, equipment will traverse the dam to the south side (i.e., left abutment looking downstream) and then track-walk down the abutment using an anchoring system that will winch the excavator down to the intake elevation. If equipment is not able to traverse the top of the dam, the Renewal Corporation will bring equipment through private property to the south side.

# 2.2.2.4.3 Opening of the Historic Diversion Tunnel

The Renewal Corporation will complete opening of the historic diversion tunnel when reservoir water surface elevations have subsided to 2,530 ft or lower. The invert elevation of the historic diversion tunnel is assumed as 2494.8 ft. The initial step is to remove the concrete inlet structure to elevation 2,505.8 ft or lower, followed by removal of the existing concrete plug by drilling and blasting from the downstream side of the plug. Re-establishing flow in the historic diversion tunnel results in the lowering of water levels to at or below the historic cofferdam crest elevation (2,515 ft), thereby routing river flows around the dam site and facilitating dam demolition and removal. The Renewal Corporation will complete the removal of the remaining

intake structure and embedded items to elevation 2,494.8 ft once the reservoir level is lowered to an approximate elevation 2,515 ft to fully open the diversion tunnel. The additional diversion capacity reduces the risk of reservoir refilling during the dam removal period.

The historic diversion tunnel provides a flow capacity of 4,200 cfs when water levels are at approximately 2,515 ft, which exceeds normal flows during the summer period when dam removal will occur. The historic diversion tunnel originally functioned as the diversion tunnel during construction of Copco No. 1. The range of diversion flows are the same as the flows expected after the diversion tunnel is reopened. The proposed diversion tunnel reopening is shown on drawing C2100 in Appendix A.

## 2.2.3 Copco No. 2 Development

## 2.2.3.1 Existing Development Components

The Copco No. 2 Development construction has been well documented in historic design drawings and construction photographs. Historic drawings are provided in Appendix K of the Design Report. STIDs are provided in Appendix J of the Design Report.

## 2.2.3.2 Pre-Drawdown Works

The Renewal Corporation will use the existing diversion dam structure to pass the river flows and avoid the use of cofferdams or the need to develop new large structures in the river channel. The base-case design involves removing a portion of a spillway bay and preparing the remaining spillway ogee section for initiation of drawdown. After drawdown, the dam will be progressively removed laterally. The proposed removal of the elements of the diversion dam and intake structure are shown on drawings C3200 to C3232 in Appendix A.

During the pre-drawdown period, the Renewal Corporation will remove the downstream portion of the left-most spillway bay (Spillway Bay No. 1), extending down to the concrete apron (elevation 2,459.5 ft). The Renewal Corporation will remove all concrete, except for the upstream 17 ft of the ogee spillway, which will be left in place. The ogee spillway provides support to the left bank wing wall, which is required to remain stable after the ogee crest is removed to prevent erosion of the bank during drawdown. Results of a structural analysis conducted for the spillway left wing wall indicated it should be stable when the entire ogee structure is removed for the diversion of river flows.

The Renewal Corporation will build a temporary construction work platform from the right bank onto the spillway apron, which will function as a work platform for the pre-drawdown works, as shown on drawing C3210 (Appendix A). The spillway apron work platform will be built to elevation 2,462.5 ft, above expected tailwater elevations, to provide a competent dry working surface. Additionally, concrete between the two piers of Spillway Bay No. 1 will be removed using blasting techniques or mechanical demolition. Concrete will be removed to elevation 2,459.5 ft during the pre-drawdown works to match the top of the spillway apron. The spillway apron, sill, and left bank retaining wall will be left in place to provide erosion protection for the

riverbed, since high flows may pass through the confined opening during the drawdown year. The work platform material will be removed following concrete removal to the target elevation.

#### 2.2.3.3 Reservoir Operations

To complete pre-drawdown construction works, the Renewal Corporation will close the spillway gates, and all water will be diverted through the intake to the powerhouse. After pre-drawdown dam modifications are complete, the Copco No. 2 Development will continue to operate as a power generating station under normal operating conditions until drawdown begins the following year. The reservoir will be lowered and maintained at the normal minimum reservoir operation level (elevation 2,486.1 ft) prior to the commencement of drawdown (January 1 of the drawdown year). Section 2.3 outlines alternative drawdown procedures and reservoir operations.

#### 2.2.3.4 Drawdown Works

The Renewal Corporation anticipates no restrictions regarding Copco No. 2 drawdown, except that it must not be initiated prior to January 1 of the drawdown year. The Renewal Corporation will initiate drawdown of the reservoir by opening the spillway gates and increasing the flow through the conveyance system to the powerhouse. The average monthly flow at Copco No. 2 is less than 2,000 cfs in January and the capacity of the conveyance system and turbines is 3,200 cfs. The drawdown below the spillway crest can therefore be completed entirely through the intake, provided inflows to Copco No. 2 are not substantially higher than average during drawdown. Drawdown of the reservoir and the spillway bay removal will occur over a short timeframe, so high-flow events are not anticipated to affect the drawdown period. Drawdown will reduce the head pond to a minimum level below the spillway crest, which is controlled by the hydraulics of the tunnel and inflows from the river. By using the conveyance system to lower the reservoir, removal of the final 17 ft of dam at Spillway Bay No. 1 can occur under a lower head.

The Renewal Corporation will remove the Spillway Bay No. 1 concrete plug to elevation 2,459.5 ft through a controlled blast or by mechanical methods. The intake caterpillar gate will be closed permanently after Spillway Bay No. 1 is opened and the reservoir level can then become limited by the constriction at the spillway bay. The rating curve for the reservoir with Spillway Bay No. 1 excavated to elevation 2,459.5 ft and the four remaining spillway gates open is shown on drawing C3057.

An alternative option for Copco No. 2 drawdown and removal is discussed in Section 2.3.2, which uses Copco No. 1 to block flow to the Copco No. 2 reservoir and complete removal in the dry.

#### 2.2.4 Iron Gate Development

#### 2.2.4.1 Existing Development Components and Preconstruction Inspections

The Iron Gate Development construction is well documented in historic design drawings and construction photographs. Historic drawings are provided in Appendix K of the Design Report. STIDs are provided in Appendix J of the Design Report.

The existing low-level outlet control at Iron Gate Dam consists of a hydraulically actuated, gravity-close, reinforced concrete bulkhead gate. The outlet control is installed at the bottom of a 160 ft-long shaft and is comprised of two sections of concrete bulkhead, the lower of which has not been moved since original construction. The gate slot and concrete bulkheads close a waterway opening that is horseshoe-shaped and is 15 ft - 6 inches wide by 16 ft - 9 inches high. A concrete collar and 9-ft diameter blind flange were installed downstream of the control gate during a 2007 construction program, to allow isolation and underwater inspection of the control gate.

A detailed underwater inspection and survey was completed for the concrete-lined upstream tunnel from the intake structure to the control gate using a Remote Operating Vehicle (ROV) in late August 2020. ASI Marine (ASI) used an ROV to investigate the configuration and condition of the Iron Gate diversion tunnel upstream of the control gate and intake structure, and control gate and operator. Using multibeam profiling sonar equipment, a 3-dimensional model of the gate structure, gate, and diversion tunnel was developed. The diversion tunnel gate and associated components appear to be in good condition with only minor spalling observed in several areas. On average, the height of the tunnel profiles along the vertical center of the profile from Station 3+06 to Station 6+66 is approximately 172 inches, which differs approximately 26 inches from the height indicated in historic drawings (G-8862 in Appendix A).

ASI also conducted an underwater inspection of the Iron Gate diversion gate. The inspection identified debris build-up that will need to be cleared; the gate rollers and guides will also need to be cleared of debris. This work will be scheduled in the pre-drawdown period. Additionally, a 9-ft diameter steel head will be attached to an existing flange located just downstream of the gate. The 9-ft diameter steel head will be installed during pre-drawdown work to create a balanced head condition, followed by a partially unbalanced head condition, across the diversion tunnel gate. Once all debris is removed, the gate and its hydraulic power unit (hoist) will be cycled up and down. Components will be lubricated, maintained, and replaced as necessary. The gate will be raised to its fully open position and then closed three times to demonstrate its ability to open and close. Once confirmed, the diversion tunnel gate and hoist will be considered ready for the scheduled opening to begin drawdown on January 1.

The downstream tunnel from the control gate to the outlet portal currently features a concretelined segment for approximately 90 ft immediately downstream of the gate. The rest of the tunnel downstream of the gate (approximately 500 ft long) is unlined, except for a 25 ft long concrete-lined segment at the outlet. This section of the diversion tunnel has been visually inspected above the water line, and surveyors from the Yurok Tribe Design and Construction Division surveyed the Iron Gate low-level diversion tunnel in November 2020 from the control gate to the downstream tunnel outlet. This survey was completed to corroborate the information, configuration, and dimensions of the downstream portion of the diversion tunnel provided in as-constructed drawings. Subaqueous and aqueous 3-dimensional model data were collected and are currently being processed. Preliminary results from the survey indicate that the existing concrete is of sound quality and the concrete is in good condition.

## 2.2.4.2 Pre-Drawdown Works

Pre-drawdown works at Iron Gate will involve developing access to the low-level outlet tunnel, installing a new concrete liner system in a portion of the tunnel, and installing an air vent. A reinforced concrete liner will be installed with a 1-ft thickness on the side walls and 1.5-ft thickness on the tunnel invert for a length 150 ft downstream of the existing reinforced concrete liner. Modeling conducted by the Renewal Corporation has indicated that this portion of the tunnel will experience the greatest water velocities during drawdown, and the new liner will prevent tunnel erosion. Modeling has also shown that tunnel flows during drawdown may cause unsteady variations in the air space within the tunnel, so to prevent the development of adverse air pressures, ventilation pipes will be installed and placed near the roof of the tunnel.

## 2.2.4.3 Reservoir Operations

During the pre-drawdown construction period, the Iron Gate Development will need to be operated at minimum levels. This will be achieved by directing maximum flows through the powerhouse. The discharge capacity of the powerhouse is 1,735 cfs (PacifiCorp 2016). The minimum operating water level is at elevation 2,327.3 ft, as set out in the design criteria in Table 2-1.

Average flow rates and flood risks increase through the fall, and by December, average flows are estimated to be 1,580 cfs. The construction risk for in-water work will increase with increased flows.

## 2.2.4.4 Drawdown Works

Initial drawdown will begin when the reservoir surface water level is at or about the spillway level. The existing diversion tunnel reinforced concrete bulkhead control gate will be utilized as the main drawdown control mechanism. A preliminary assessment of the gate and hoist system has been completed and results indicate the existing capacity of the hoist is adequate to operate the gate during drawdown. The Renewal Corporation will initiate drawdown of Iron Gate reservoir by opening the existing outlet control gate to its maximum opening height of 57 inches. The penstock and powerhouse bypass valve will be used to supplement initial drawdown flows. The maximum outflow rate, at full reservoir with the control gate fully open, is estimated to be 4,000 cfs and the flow rate will decrease as the reservoir level lowers. The gate will remain fully open for the period of reservoir drawdown. The maximum drawdown rate (12 ft/day) was visually assessed and defined based on the steepest part of the slope from the power intake invert (elevation 2,295.3 ft) to the historic cofferdam crest (elevation 2,212 ft). The upgraded tunnel concrete invert and sidewall liner will provide erosion protection to safely pass outflows

throughout drawdown and dam removal. The Renewal Corporation determined use of the existing gate in the fully open position to be an acceptable drawdown method. In making this determination, the Renewal Corporation considered:

- Embankment stability,
- Reservoir rim stability,
- Downstream erosion, and
- Tunnel integrity.

Reservoir pre-drawdown operations will begin in November and December to bring the reservoir water surface level to the normal minimum operating surface elevation of 2,327.3 ft, as permitted by inflows at the time. The Renewal Corporation will commence drawdown on or about January 1 of the drawdown year and drawdown will continue concurrently with embankment removal until water levels are low enough to initiate the final dam breach, as discussed further in Section 4.3. The penstock and powerhouse bypass may be used to supplement drawdown flows while the reservoir level remains high enough to allow for flow through the penstock. Final drawdown is achieved when the reservoir water surface level is at or below the historic cofferdam level.

#### 2.3 Alternative Drawdown Procedures

#### 2.3.1 Copco No. 1 Development

The alternative drawdown procedures planned for this facility are directly tied to Copco No. 2, as discussed in the section below.

#### 2.3.2 Copco No. 2 Development

The Renewal Corporation is considering an option that involves using Copco No. 1 to fully dewater the Copco No. 2 reservoir, allowing for Copco No. 2 Dam removal in the dry and without the need for staged diversion. Current Copco No. 1, Copco No. 2, and Iron Gate operations allow the river channel between Copco No. 1 and Copco No. 2 dams to be dewatered for short periods of time. Construction activities can proceed directly to removal of the entire concrete diversion dam, and a portion of the intake structure, during the pre-drawdown year to the final excavation limits shown on drawing C3221 (Appendix A), without having to follow the Spillway Bay No. 1 removal activities described in Section 4.2.

There are certain benefits to demolishing the Copco No. 2 Dam in the dry, including that it is a faster and safer means and method for removal, and it provides a safer working condition for personnel, reduces potential river water contamination by eliminating the use of equipment within the water system, and eliminates the need for special erosion measures required for inwater work. In addition, it will be easier and faster to install the fish passage in the dry, which also allows fish to be accommodated immediately.

The Renewal Corporation is evaluating two factors that will determine whether this alternative is viable. First, the Renewal Corporation will need to lower Copco No. 1 Reservoir to the minimum operating level to provide the greatest capacity for water retention upstream when flows from that reservoir are shut off to prevent flows to Copco No. 2. Additionally, the Renewal Corporation is in discussions with the USBR to allow for temporary flow control measures to minimize flows upstream at Keno Dam and Upper Klamath Lake. Second, the Renewal Corporation will need to fill Iron Gate Reservoir with enough water to provide at least 5 to 7 days of required downstream environmental flows for fish preservation.

#### 2.3.3 Iron Gate Development

There are currently no alternative drawdown procedures planned for this facility.

#### 2.4 Flood Frequency and Hydrological Evaluation

This Section 2.4 of the California Reservoir Drawdown and Diversion Plan is informational and discusses the results of the drawdown model and implications to the Proposed Action. The section does not contain specific measures to be implemented by the Renewal Corporation as part of the Proposed Action.

#### 2.4.1 Copco No. 1 Development

The Renewal Corporation has designed the reservoir drawdown outlet works and its operation to achieve the following:

- Outlet facilities for reservoir drawdown will be designed to discharge reservoir drawdown flows and natural inflows during the drawdown period up to flow events with 25% chance of exceedance between January 1 and June 15 of the drawdown year.
  - Drawdown outlet discharge capacity is designed to lower the reservoir levels at a reasonable rate for elevations above 50% of the hydraulic height of the dam. A reasonable drawdown rate of the reservoir water surface above elevation 2555 ft (50% of the hydraulic height of the dam) for normal hydrologic conditions (50th percentile) is approximately 5 ft/day and occurs between January 1 and January 6.
  - Reservoir refill can occur when natural inflows exceed the drawdown outflows.
- The reservoir drawdown will occur when the capacity of the drawdown discharge outlet exceeds the natural inflow and drawdown discharge. This condition is achieved when:
  - The reservoir volume is equal to the average inflow multiplied by one day (inactive storage).
  - Storage capacity is less than 10% of the capacity of the long-term normal reservoir operation level.

#### 2.4.1.1 Reservoir Conditions During Drawdown

Hydrologic simulations of the reservoir drawdown inflows into the Copco No. 1 Reservoir and drawdown regulation and outflows through the Copco No. 1 Dam are included in Appendix A.

Appendix A also shows the hydrologic simulations of the reservoir drawdown inflows into the J.C. Boyle<sup>1</sup>, Copco No. 2, and Iron Gate Reservoirs and drawdown regulation and outflows from the upstream dam.

Operation of the Copco No. 1 reservoir during drawdown will achieve successful evacuation of the reservoir impoundment. The Renewal Corporation will complete reservoir drawdown and river diversion utilizing the spillway, newly constructed low-level outlet tunnel, and the historic diversion tunnel. The drawdown model was developed to assess drawdown sequencing in terms of reservoir water surface levels under a range of hydrologic conditions for the 2019 Biological Opinion (2019 BiOp [National Marine Fisheries Service 2019]) flows. The 2019 BiOp flows reflect 36 years of river flows, from October 1980 through September 2016. These drawdown sequencing assessments were performed to provide the magnitude and timing of expected reservoir water surface elevations, inflows, and outflows, which were important for the design and staging of drawdown.

Reservoir water surface levels were simulated in the drawdown model for the full record of inflows available for the 2019 BiOp dataset described above. The results of the drawdown model are summarized in three ways:

- Individual year simulations were produced for the Copco No. 1 Simulated Drawdown. These plots indicate the following:
  - Reservoir water surface levels.
  - Daily average inflows, total outflows, and outflows for each outlet structure (i.e., spillway, low-level outlet tunnel, and flows through the historic diversion tunnel).
- Maximum daily reservoir water surface level non-exceedance percentiles (percentiles) are shown on Figure 2-1. This figure represents the results from all 36 model simulations as non-exceedance percentiles to summarize the distribution of the results on any given day of the simulations. Figure 2-1 illustrates the upstream water surface up to the point where the historic diversion tunnel is opened, then it drops below the historic cofferdam crest elevation. At this point, the water surface drops to the required driving head to push water into the existing diversion tunnel which has been re-opened. Rating curves were provided in the hydraulic model to estimate this water surface elevation based on the flows during the specified time frame.
- Ensemble figures with each line representing a single model simulation for a different year are shown on Figure 2-2. This figure overlaps the simulated reservoir water surface levels on a common x-axis that spans January 1 to September 30. Each line represents a single model simulation.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Detailed drawdown procedures for the J.C. Boyle Development are included in the Oregon Reservoir Drawdown and Diversion Plan.

App. A - California Reservoir Drawdown and Diversion Plan

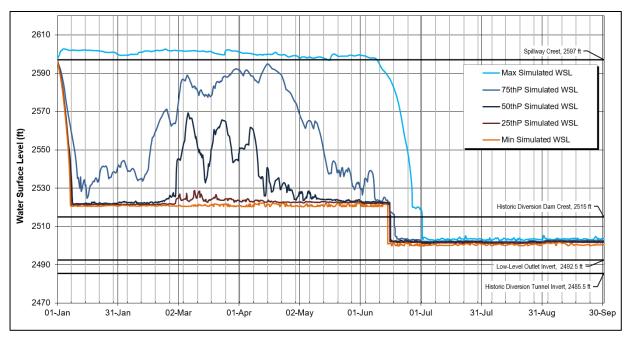


Figure 2-1. Copco No. 1 Reservoir Drawdown Simulated Water Surface Levels Non-Exceedance Percentiles

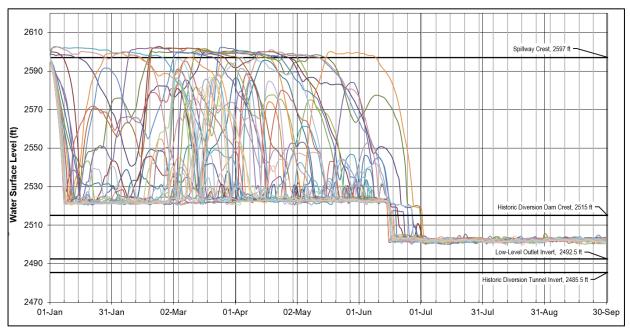


Figure 2-2. Copco No. 1 Reservoir Drawdown Simulated Water Surface Levels Ensemble Plot

The simulated water surface levels on Figure 2-1 show that the reservoir water levels drop below the crest of the historic diversion dam in mid-June for the 75<sup>th</sup> percentile, while the remaining model simulations achieve a lowered reservoir water level by the beginning of July.

Figure 2-2 shows that approximately 80% of the model simulations draw down to a water surface elevation of approximately 2,520 ft in January, which is the lowest water surface

elevation achievable using the low-level outlet tunnel prior to the historic diversion tunnel opening. However, the reservoir refills in the higher flow months of February through May. There can be large fluctuations in the reservoir water surface levels from March through June. Spillway flows are observed after January for 31% of the simulations.

The reservoir water surface level can rapidly rise in March, April and May resulting from large inflow events. Examples of this are seen in simulation years 1981, 1989, and 1993, where the reservoir water surface level was at approximately 2,520 ft in January but then rapidly rises in response to the high inflows. These inflows may be a function of the refilling of Klamath Lake as described in USBR (2018) or are influenced by the flows from unregulated tributaries entering the Copco No. 1 reservoir.

Figure 2-3 shows the cumulative percent of model simulations and both the date when the reservoir water surface level is at or below the highest water surface elevation at which the historic diversion tunnel can be opened (2,530 ft) and the date when the water surface elevation is sustained below the crest of the historic diversion dam. Currently in the drawdown model, the historic diversion tunnel opens after June 15 once the reservoir water surface elevation is at or below 2,530 ft, which is approximately 20 ft above the top of the historic diversion tunnel intake. Initially, a 5-ft diversion tunnel opening is assumed and once the water surface elevation drops below 2,516 ft an 18 ft opening is assumed. The drawdown model indicates that approximately 50% of the simulations have reservoir water levels below the 2,530 ft by June 1, with approximately 30% of the simulations achieve this by the end of June. There is potential to open the historic diversion tunnel earlier in the year based on the drawdown model results, but this will be dependent on the hydrological conditions in the drawdown year. River forecasting will be required as the reservoir levels need to be maintained below 2,530 ft for 3 weeks, once the historic diversion tunnel is opened, to perform plug removal.

Drawdown is achieved when the water surface elevation is maintained below the crest of the historic cofferdam (2,515 ft) and can only be achieved after the historic diversion tunnel is opened. The drawdown model indicates that approximately 80% of the simulations have reservoir water surface elevations sustained below the crest of the historic diversion dam within a few days (June 19) of the historic diversion tunnel opening on June 15, with 100% of the simulations achieving this by July 2. Note that the water level results shown on Figure 2-3 are based on average daily conditions and do not account for the low probability flood flows (i.e., the 1% and 5% probable flood flows).

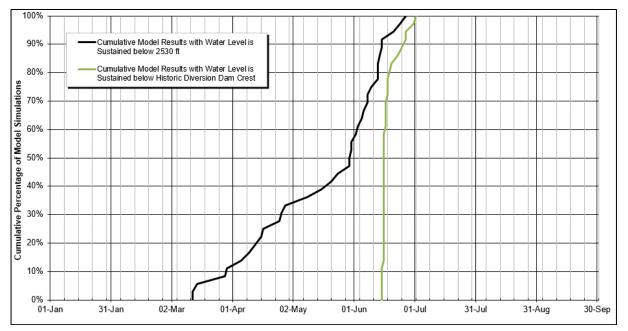


Figure 2-3. Copco No. 1 Reservoir Drawdown Cumulative Model Simulation Dates to Achieve and Sustain Reservoir Water Surface Levels below the 2,530 ft and below the Crest of the Historic Diversion Dam Crest

#### 2.4.1.2 Post-Drawdown/ River Diversion

Bypass through historic diversion tunnel: the historic diversion tunnel can be opened when the reservoir water surface elevation of 2,530 ft is reached on or after June 15 of the drawdown year. The discharge capacity of the tunnel will depend on the opening size and the reservoir water level:

- The diversion tunnel partially opened to elevation 2,505.85 ft has a capacity greater than 1,775 cfs for reservoir level of 2,530 ft.
- The diversion tunnel fully opened (i.e., inlet structure removed to provide inlet conditions at least equal to the nominal tunnel dimensions of 16 ft wide by 18 ft high) has a capacity greater than 3,885 cfs for reservoir level of 2,514 ft, (elevation of the abandoned diversion dam with 1-ft freeboard).
- The fully opened diversion tunnel can bypass all inflows during June 15 to October under all hydrological years evaluated.

At the first opening of the diversion tunnel, outflow of up to 5,675 cfs will occur. The diversion tunnel flow becomes free-flowing, or open channel flow, shortly after opening. The water level upstream of the diversion tunnel intake matches the water surface corresponding to the open channel flow.

River diversion is achieved when all the inflows pass through the diversion tunnel. The outflows are roughly equal to the inflows in the post-drawdown period. The drawdown model as displayed in Figure 2-1 and Figure 2-2 indicate that the post-drawdown water surface levels will

range between 2,500 ft and 2,505 ft for average daily conditions evaluated in the drawdown model. These levels do not account for the low probability flood flows (i.e., the 1% and 5% probable flood flows).

#### 2.4.2 Copco No. 2 Development

Operation of the Copco No. 2 reservoir during drawdown and post-drawdown will achieve successful evacuation of the reservoir impoundment. The Renewal Corporation will initiate drawdown of the reservoir by removing Spillway Bay No. 1 in January of the drawdown year.

The drawdown model was developed to assess the reservoir water surface levels during drawdown and post-drawdown under a range of hydrologic conditions. Copco No. 2 is operated as a run-of-river facility with minimal storage volume; therefore, evacuation of the reservoir will occur quickly. During drawdown, the operating characteristics of the reservoir will reflect upstream conditions at Copco No. 1.

#### 2.4.2.1 Reservoir Conditions during Drawdown

Hydrologic simulations of the reservoir drawdown inflows into the Copco No. 2 Reservoir and drawdown regulation and outflows through the Copco No. 2 Dam are included in Appendix A. Appendix A also shows the hydrologic simulations of the reservoir drawdown inflows into the J.C. Boyle, Copco No.1, and Iron Gate Reservoirs and drawdown regulation and outflows from the upstream dam.

Reservoir water surface levels were simulated in the drawdown model for the full record of inflows available for the 2019 Biological Opinion (2019 BiOp) dataset. The 2019 BiOp flows reflect 36 years of river flows, from October 1980 through September 2016. The results of the drawdown model are summarized in three ways:

- Individual year simulations were produced for the Copco No. 2 Simulated Drawdown. These plots indicate the following:
  - Reservoir water surface levels, and
  - Daily average inflows, total outflows, and outflows for each outlet structure (i.e., spillway and power intake).
- Maximum daily reservoir water surface level daily non-exceedance percentiles (percentiles) are shown on Figure 2-4. This figure represents the results from all 36 model simulations as non-exceedance percentiles to summarize the distribution of the all the results on any given day of the simulations. These results to not represent a simple simulation and are based on all the model simulations.
- Ensemble figures with each line representing a single model simulation for a different year are shown on Figure 2-5. This figure overlaps the simulated reservoir water surface levels on a common x-axis that spans January 1 to September 30. Each line represents a single model simulation.

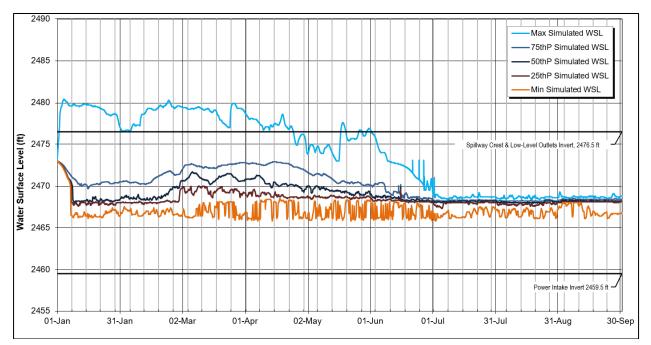


Figure 2-4. Copco No. 2 Reservoir Drawdown Simulated Water Surface Levels Non-Exceedance Percentiles

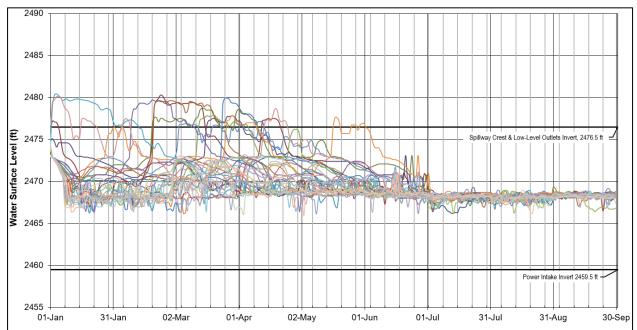


Figure 2-5. Copco No. 2 Reservoir Drawdown Simulated Water Surface Levels Ensemble Plot

The simulated water surface levels on Figure 2-4 and Figure 2-5 show that there is a reduction in the reservoir water levels in mid-June with the majority of the simulated years achieving sustained low level water levels by the end of July. This is a function of inflow hydrology, which indicates a reduction in streamflow for the second half of June (Appendix A6 of the Design

Report, Knight Piésold 2020b) and the timing of when the historic diversion tunnel is fully opened at Copco No. 1, which is targeted to be around June 15.

Figure 2-4 shows that there are large fluctuations in the reservoir water surface levels from January through June. Copco No. 2 is operated as a run-of-river facility with minimal storage volume; therefore, the reservoir water levels reflect the outflow conditions at Copco No. 1. The drawdown model results show that the flows can be discharged over the Copco No. 2 spillway between January through mid-June.

Lower reservoir levels will be sustained after July 1 depending on the hydrologic conditions and when the Copco No. 1 historic diversion tunnel is opened. The post-drawdown water surface levels are within the range of 2,466.0 ft to 2,469.5 ft for all drawdown model simulations. Note that these water levels are for average daily conditions and do not account for the low probability flood flows (i.e., the 1% and 5% probable flood flows).

#### 2.4.3 Iron Gate Development

Hydrologic simulations of the reservoir drawdown inflows into the Iron Gate Reservoir and drawdown regulation and outflows through the Iron Gate Dam are included in Appendix A. Appendix A also shows the hydrologic simulations of the reservoir drawdown inflows into the J.C. Boyle, Copco No.1, and Copco No. 2 Reservoirs and drawdown regulation and outflows from the upstream dam.

The Renewal Corporation will complete reservoir drawdown utilizing the spillway, power intake and turbine/bypass, and the existing outlet control gate in the diversion tunnel. The power intake will be used to assist with reservoir drawdown using the existing turbines or bypass valve. The Renewal Corporation will remove the power intake structure concurrently with embankment removal when the appropriate embankment elevation is reached. The drawdown model was developed to assess the drawdown sequencing in terms of reservoir water surface levels under a range of hydrologic conditions.

Reservoir water surface levels are simulated in the drawdown model for the full record of inflows available for the 2019 Biological Opinion (2019 BiOp) dataset. The 2019 BiOp flows reflect 36 years of river flows, from October 1980 through September 2016. The results of the drawdown model are summarized in three ways:

- Individual year simulations were produced for the Gate Simulated Drawdown. These plots indicate the following:
  - Reservoir water surface levels, and
  - Daily average inflows, total outflows, and outflows for each outlet structure (i.e., spillway, power intake and bypass, and flows through the diversion tunnel).
- Maximum daily reservoir water surface level daily non-exceedance percentiles (percentiles) are shown on Figure 2-6. This figure represents the results from all 36 model simulations as non-exceedance percentiles to summarize the distribution of the all

the results on any given day of the simulations. These results do not represent a simple simulation and are based on all the model simulations, and

• Ensemble figures with each line representing a single model simulation for a different year are shown on Figure 2-7. This figure overlaps the simulated reservoir water surface levels on a common x-axis that spans January 1 to September 30. Each line represents a single model simulation.

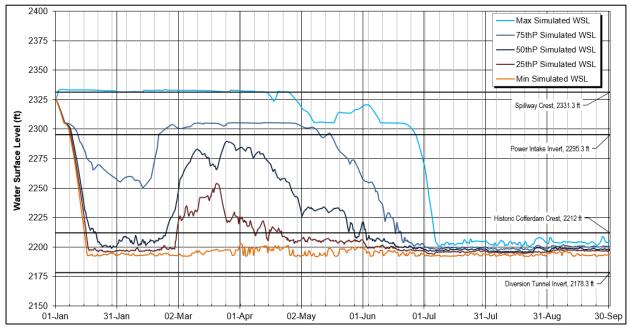


Figure 2-6. Iron Gate Reservoir Drawdown Simulated Water Surface Levels Non-Exceedance Percentiles

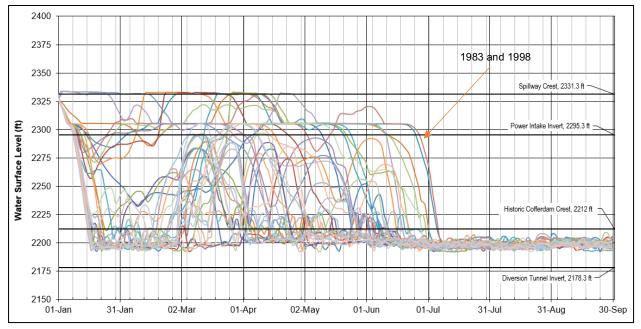


Figure 2-7. Iron Gate Reservoir Drawdown Simulated Water Surface Levels Ensemble Plot

The simulated water surface levels on Figure 2-6 show that the reservoir water levels drop below the crest of the historic cofferdam in mid-June for the 75<sup>th</sup> percentile, while the remaining model simulations achieve a lowered reservoir water level in early July. There are two model years (1983 and 1998) indicated on Figure 2-7 that show elevated reservoir water surface levels past July 1. In these years, the reservoir water surface levels drop below the crest of the historic cofferdam prior to July 10.

Figure 2-7 shows that many of the model simulations achieve reservoir drawdown in January; however, the reservoir refills in the higher flow months of February through May. There can be large fluctuations in the reservoir water surface levels from March through June. Spillway flows are observed after January for 28% of the simulations, and for power intake and bypass valve for an additional 25% of the simulations. The reservoir water surface level does not rise above the power intake invert in the remaining 55% of the simulations.

The reservoir water surface level can rapidly rise in March, April and May resulting from large inflow events. Examples of this are seen in simulation years 1981, 1989, and 1993, where the reservoir water surface level was below the historic cofferdam crest in January but then rapidly rises in response to the high inflows. These inflows may be a function of the refilling of Klamath Lake as described in USBR (2018) or are influenced by the flows from unregulated tributaries entering the Iron Gate reservoir, such as Jenny Creek.

Figure 2-8 shows the cumulative percent of model simulations and the date when the reservoir water surface level is lower, and sustained, below the crest of the historic cofferdam. The drawdown model indicates that approximately 40% of the simulations have reservoir water levels sustained below the crest of the historic cofferdam by June 1, with 100% of the

simulations by July 7. Note that these water levels are for average daily conditions and do not account for the low probability flood flows (i.e., the 1% and 5% probable flood flows).

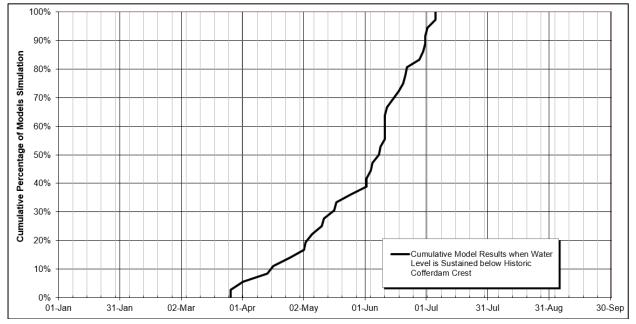


Figure 2-8. Iron Gate Reservoir Drawdown Cumulative Model Simulation Dates to Achieve and Sustain Reservoir Water Surface Levels below the Crest of the Historic Cofferdam Crest

#### 2.4.3.1 Post-Drawdown River Diversion

River diversion is achieved when all the inflows will be passed through the diversion tunnel with negligible attenuation in the post-drawdown period (i.e., the outflows are roughly equal to the inflows). The drawdown model and Figure 2-6 and Figure 2-7 indicate that the post-drawdown water surface levels will range between 2,192 ft and 2,209 ft for average daily conditions evaluated in the drawdown model. These levels do not account for the low probability flood flows (i.e., the 1% and 5% probable flood flows).

# 3.0 Monitoring Plan

### 3.1 Reservoir Level Monitoring

Reservoir levels for Iron Gate and Copco No. 1 are currently continuously monitored through the powerhouse control room and the PacifiCorp Hydro Control Center (HCC, PacifiCorp 2015). Flows can increase the amount of debris deposited against facility components during potentially high-flow storm events. Erosion, back cutting, sloughing, or obstruction in the spillway or tailrace channels might occur because of these high-flow conditions. Special attention to these areas is included in the monitoring and surveillance of the facilities during or after high-flow events.

The Renewal Corporation will prepare operational procedures for the pre-drawdown and drawdown periods. If obstructions occur, the Renewal Corporation can implement measures to remove obstructions, such as mechanical means of removal and controlled blasting. The Renewal Corporation will monitor reservoir levels during drawdown by level sensors and staff gauge. If readings are approaching a level that could cause concern regarding stability of the reservoir rim or embankment areas, the Renewal Corporation will, if necessary, take remedial actions described in the Emergency Response Plan (Kiewit 2020) for the Project and the California Slope Stability Monitoring Subplan.

#### 3.2 Embankment and Reservoir Rim Monitoring

Slope stability monitoring for the Iron Gate, Copco No. 1, and Copco No. 2 reservoir rims and applicable embankment structures is addressed in the California Slope Stability Monitoring Subplan.

#### 3.3 Sediment Monitoring

The Renewal Corporation will conduct sediment monitoring as described in the Reservoir Area Management Plan (RAMP). Per the RAMP, the Renewal Corporation will use aerial data capture methods and ground-based surveying to inform design progression following drawdown and assist sediment evacuation at the priority tributary restoration sites. Refer to the RAMP for additional information regarding sediment and vegetation monitoring and associated adaptive management approaches.

# 4.0 Implementation Plan

### 4.1 Copco No. 1 Development

The demolition and removal work will include removal of the dam, water conveyance, powerhouse, and electrical infrastructure. It will also involve establishment of the final river channel for volitional fish passage through the former dam and reservoir inundation area. Water surface elevations based on steady state flows and with the low-level outlet tunnel and historic diversion tunnel open, are provided on drawings C2056 and C2057 in Appendix A.

#### 4.1.1 Concrete Dam Removal

When the Klamath River flows are routed through the historic diversion tunnel, the Renewal Corporation can demolish and remove the concrete dam. Dam removal is shown on drawings C2250 and C2255 through C2258 (Appendix A) and is described in the subsections below.

### 4.1.1.1 Concrete Removal (Crest to Elevation 2,515 ft)

The Renewal Corporation will remove the concrete dam after the historic diversion channel is reopened and the reservoir is lowered. Concrete removal methods include mechanical demolition, drilling and controlled blasting to break up and remove the concrete in lifts from the top down. The blasted concrete rubble will be moved to the downstream face of the spillway

and on to the spillway work platform. The concrete will be loaded at the base of the spillway and hauled to the right bank disposal area.

The top-down concrete removal will enable the Renewal Corporation to remove the dam while the work platform level is above the 5% probable flood level.

#### 4.1.1.2 Concrete Foundation Removal (Elevation 2,515 ft to 2,472 ft)

The Renewal Corporation will remove dam concrete to establish the final river channel configuration through the former dam footprint.

The Renewal Corporation proposes to remove the concrete foundation in August or September (depending on the water year) when river flows will be at seasonal lows. Bypass of inflows through the diversion tunnel and seepage reduction at the existing historic cofferdam will limit the need to dewater the work site once the removal line progresses lower than elevation 2,515 ft. However, the Renewal Corporation will conduct pumping as necessary to keep the work site dewatered if seepage were to occur.

The Renewal Corporation will complete this work by constructing work platforms into the former dam footprint area (above the dam foundation) and drilling, blasting, and excavating riverbed concrete. The work platforms will elevate the construction equipment to above water level and allow for much of this work to be conducted in the dry.

#### 4.1.2 Final River Channel

The final river channel will be established through final riverbed and foundation concrete excavation and shaping so future scour and migration of the riverbed will not create a fish barrier at the former Copco No. 1 Dam site. The Renewal Corporation's proposed concrete removal elevation considers historic channel elevations upstream and downstream of the dam site. The Renewal Corporation will line areas along the final river channel that are expected to be inundated during the 1% flood with a layer of bedding material, to provide the appropriate filter relationship with the subgrade material, and rock material to mitigate scour. Required gradations and appropriate thicknesses are detailed in the Design Report (Knight Piésold 2020b), and the final grading plan of the channel through Copco No. 1 and the erosion protection lining is shown on drawing C2230 in Appendix A.

#### 4.1.3 Historic Cofferdam Removal

After the dam foundation is removed at the dam site and the final channel is established downstream, the Renewal Corporation will remove the historic cofferdam to restore flow through the former dam site. The cofferdam will only be accessible in periods of low flow and will be removed by drilling and blasting during the excavation and grading of the upstream portion of the river channel. Concrete and spoil from the cofferdam will be disposed at the disposal area.

#### 4.1.4 Diversion Tunnel Closure

Following removal of the concrete dam and foundation concrete, including the historic cofferdam and diversion tunnel inlet structure, the Renewal Corporation will permanently block the diversion tunnel by backfilling and burying the inlet and outlet portals with earthfill barriers. Blocking the diversion tunnel will prevent access and the possibility of Klamath River flows passing through the historic tunnel. Portal barriers will be comprised of compacted earthfill with sufficient length to prevent piping and downstream erosion of the tunnel plug and erosion protection on the exposed face of the earthfill plug. The outlet portal plug is designed with a filter layer at the base to allow drainage and prevent hydrostatic pressure build-up, as shown on drawing C2175 in Appendix A.

### 4.2 Copco No. 2 Development

The Renewal Corporation's proposed construction works after the reservoir is drawn down will involve dam removal and other facility removal activities. The subsections below detail the Renewal Corporation's proposed decommissioning and removal activities. Water surface elevations based on variable flow conditions and water years are provided on drawing C3057 in Appendix A.

### 4.2.1 Dam Removal

The Renewal Corporation will complete dam removal with the river flowing through the removed Spillway Bay No. 1. The Renewal Corporation will construct a temporary work platform to elevation 2,465.0 ft on the spillway apron to elevate the construction equipment above the river diversion flow level. The elevation of the work platform is dependent on the construction of a temporary channel excavation, as shown on drawing C3520 in Appendix A. The base case design of Copco No. 2 involves excavating the downstream river channel to reduce anticipated water levels that will be experienced at the dam during removal. If the temporary channel is not constructed, the work platform elevation may need to be higher to keep the work surface above water. The Renewal Corporation may need to regrade the temporary channel excavation after the dam is removed to maintain the desired final channel geometry.

The Renewal Corporation will remove concrete down to elevation 2,453.5 ft. The excavation will remove the spillway apron, the remaining ogee crest, both abutment wing walls, and part of the intake structure. The limits of the excavation are shown on drawings C3221 and C3232 in Appendix A.

### 4.2.2 Historic Cofferdam Removal

The Renewal Corporation will complete removal of the historic cofferdam upstream of the Copco No. 2 Dam during the low-flow summer period. An excavator will traverse the river from the right bank and notch out a portion of the left bank side of the historic cofferdam at a natural low point in the riverbed to provide an alternative flow path for river flow. This alternate flow path will allow the current opening to be backfilled to facilitate construction equipment access for the removal of the entire cofferdam (drawing C3240 in Appendix A). The Renewal Corporation will

drain the Copco No. 2 reservoir to allow the concrete diversion dam and the historic cofferdam to be removed after the Copco No. 2 reservoir is dewatered, as previously discussed in Section 2.3.2. Another proposed option involves the removal of Copco No. 2 and the historic cofferdam in the pre-drawdown period only. If removal of Copco No. 2 and the historic cofferdam needs to occur during the drawdown year, activities outlined in the design report and drawings will proceed (Knight Piésold 2020b). These activities include, but are not limited to, demolition of a portion of Spillway Bay No. 1 in the pre-drawdown year as in-water work. After drawdown, the Renewal Corporation will remove the remaining Copco No. 2 Dam structure and historic cofferdam, also as in-water work.

#### 4.2.3 Earthfill Embankment Removal

The Renewal Corporation will partially remove the earthfill embankment with 1.5 horizontal to 1 vertical (1.5H:1V) excavation side slopes. Partial removal of the right abutment retaining wall is shown on drawing C3400 in Appendix A. This temporary excavation will be backfilled to the final channel grade. The Renewal Corporation will permanently leave in place the portion of the earthfill embankment and gunite wall that is not within the footprint of the temporary excavation.

#### 4.2.4 Final River Channel

The Renewal Corporation will backfill the final river channel banks with a combination of erosion protection material and riverbed material. The riverbed material specification is unique to Copco No. 2 and will be comprised of a well graded material ranging from 36 inches to the No. 200 Standard sieve with less than 10% fines and is intended to be a visual specification. The material will be similar to the natural material found in the river between Copco No. 1 and Copco No. 2 and can be sourced from in-river, the historic diversion cofferdam, or one of the erosion protection borrow sources at the Copco area. The final grading plan of the channel through the Copco No. 2 dam site is shown on drawing C3234 in Appendix A.

### 4.3 Iron Gate Development

Demolition and removal work at Iron Gate will involve the decommissioning and removal of the dam and all facility components. The subsections below detail proposed deconstruction activities. Water surface elevations based on steady state flows are provided on drawings C4050 and C4051 in Appendix A.

#### 4.3.1 Embankment Removal

After reservoir water levels have been lowered, the Renewal Corporation will remove the embankment dam at a rate that will provide a required 3 ft of freeboard on the monthly 1% probable flood event until the extended work platform at the upstream toe of the dam is established. Maximum removal limits that provide the required freeboard are shown on the removal sequence drawings C4203 through C4209 in Appendix A. The crest of the extended cofferdam will be established at 3 ft above the controlling 1% probable flood from August 1 to September 15 or until the controlled breach is prepared and implemented during the low flow summer period. The final breach will occur when the reservoir level corresponds to expected

average monthly flows. The planned controlled breach avoids downstream flood impacts and public risk. Stability requirements for the embankment through drawdown and embankment removal are provided in Table 2.1.

#### 4.3.2 Final Dam Breach

The Renewal Corporation anticipates that flow rates in the Klamath River will decrease (normal hydrologic cycle) through the dam removal period, which will result in the lowest possible reservoir levels occurring around the time of the final dam breach (August / September). The primary goal of the final breach design is to release the final remaining pond or stored reservoir volume without causing overbank flooding or property damage in the downstream reaches. Based on inundation mapping completed for flood magnitudes of 6,000 cfs and 10,980 cfs (Yurok Tribe / USBR 2020), there is no overbank flooding expected at 6,000 cfs, and limited overbank flooding expected at 10,980 cfs. The monthly 50% probable floods of approximately 6,500 cfs occur in March and December based on observed flows. Therefore, breach peak outflows in the range of 6,000 to 7,000 cfs are considered acceptable for this one-time reservoir release condition, given appropriate planning and advanced warning (and as per the public notice) to protect the safety of the downstream population.

The Renewal Corporation will maintain a minimum of 1,000 cfs, or the flow in the Klamath River if it is less than 1,000 cfs at the time, throughout the final breach. The existing diversion tunnel will remain open and continue to pass flows. As the water level drops and the capacity of the diversion tunnel is reduced, the Renewal Corporation will augment these flows with outflows resulting from the breach formation. Natural flow in the Klamath River will be restored at the completion of the final breach, with all flows diverted through the breach channel, while the remaining embankment materials in the extended cofferdam are removed.

#### 4.3.3 Breach Channel Design

Once the Renewal Corporation establishes the extended cofferdam at elevation 2,228 ft, it will excavate a breach channel along the right rock abutment, with a breach plug retaining the remaining reservoir at the upstream end of the breach channel. The breach channel and plug are designed to initiate progressive erosion once notched, while limiting breach widening and slowing the rate of erosion, so the risk of peak outflows potentially leading to overbank flooding is considered negligible. The Renewal Corporation will employ the following channel design characteristics to achieve this goal, as shown in drawings C4250 and C4255 (Appendix A):

- The breach channel will be excavated along the right abutment of the extended cofferdam to a base channel width of 20 ft. The channel sides will be excavated to a slope of 2H:1V, which are shallower than the slopes typically seen in a breach when a dam fails by overtopping.
- The breach plug will have a crest elevation of 2,202 ft, just above the recommended maximum water surface at the time of breach (elevation 2,201 ft), which is consistent with flows that are exceeded 25% of the time in the first half of September. This plug

elevation will limit the amount of stored volume that could possibly be released in the event of an unplanned breach to approximately 516 acre-ft.

- The downstream slope of the breach plug will be excavated, at a slope of 5H:1V, from the native materials within the footprint of the historic cofferdam. This slope is consistent with USBR recommendations (USBR, 1998 and 2010) for downstream embankment slopes where riprap may be considered suitable for overtopping protection. A 5H:1V slope will limit the energy of overtopping flows when compared to more typical embankment slopes of 3H:1V.
- The side boundary of the downstream face of the plug that leads to a 20-ft base width will be protected with riprap (minimum D50 = 34 inches) to limit the breach channel widening beyond 20 ft. This riprap size is consistent with recommended sizes for preventing channel flows from laterally eroding side slopes.
- Once outflows transition into the channel downstream of the plug where the channel gradient is reduced 0.5%, side boundary riprap will reduce in size due to the reduction in local velocities (minimum D50 = 18 inches), but still sufficiently sized to prevent lateral erosion and widening of the breach channel.
- The downstream plug face will be lined with riprap that is sized to be mobile but will also slow the rate of progressive erosion (minimum D50 = 18 inches).
- Once the Renewal Corporation excavates and prepares the breach channel, the remaining plug will be progressively notched, from a safe access point on the right abutment, according to the following sequence:
- The first notch cut will be 1 ft below water surface at the time of breach, and no greater than 10-ft wide, beginning from the rock on the right abutment.
- Outflow behavior will be observed to confirm increasing erosion and notch width, and the plug crest will be evacuated to the extended cofferdam crest. If progressive erosion is not initiated, the notch will be further excavated to 3 ft below the existing water surface at the time.
- The above process will be repeated until progressive erosion is initiated. At no point will cuts be excavated deeper than 3 ft or wider than 20 ft.

#### 4.3.4 Final River Channel

The Renewal Corporation will establish the final river channel through final riverbed excavation and shaping. The final channel has an average slope of 0.7% from where it intersects the reservoir bottom at the upstream end of the excavation to where the excavation daylights

naturally near the current powerhouse tailrace. The Renewal Corporation will leave final channel side slopes untreated where embankment excavation is to bedrock. The Renewal Corporation will protect the channel from erosion, when the excavation is bound by fill slopes, with riprap for up to and including the 1% flood event plus 3 ft of freeboard excavation. Additionally, the Renewal Corporation will assess excavated side slopes not in bedrock, or other channel side slopes that put foundation materials for disposal sites at risk once the reservoir is drawn down and native materials can be assessed for erodibility. The final grading plan of the channel through Iron Gate is shown on drawing C4210 in Appendix A.

#### 4.4 Drawdown Implementation Timeline

The following subsections summarize key dates and associated work activities with respect to the drawdown schedule for each facility. A complete implementation schedule for the California Reservoir Drawdown and Diversion Plan is provided in Appendix B.

#### 4.4.1 Copco No. 1 Development

The Renewal Corporation determined the earliest proposed dates for key work items in relation to the post drawdown reservoir level and the tailwater level based on the variability of the inflows and assume that work can occur up to the 5% probable inflow with freeboard. Table 4.2 presents the earliest dates.

WORK ITEM	LOWEST ELEVATION (FT, NAVD88)	EARLIEST REMOVAL DATE	DESIGN FLOOD EVENT	COMMENTS			
Removal of spillway gates and ancillary items	2,597.1	-	1% max. monthly flood	Spillway gates can be removed in the dry after drawdown is complete to elevation 2,530 ft.			
Removal of concrete dam and intake structure	2,472.1	-	5% max. monthly flood	Allow impoundment of the 1% probable flood level with 3 ft freeboard			
Removal of gatehouses and intake mechanical items	+/-2,570	After low- level outlet 1% max. tunnel monthly flood operation		Can be removed in the dry after drawdown is complete, 5% probable flood level with 3 ft freeboard after June 1 is 2,534 ft			
Removal of penstock #1, #2 and #3	2,575	-	1% max. monthly flood	Can be removed at any time after the flow diversion through the turbine and generator unit is no longer required. Intake gates to be in the closed position and leakage controlled if the removal of			

Table 4-1. Copco No. 1 – Key Structure Elevations and Removal Timing

WORK ITEM	LOWEST ELEVATION (FT, NAVD88)	EARLIEST REMOVAL DATE	DESIGN FLOOD EVENT	COMMENTS
				the penstock exposes the downstream area to uncontrolled release of water
Re opening of the diversion tunnel	2,488	-	After freshet flows	Final opening to occur when reservoir level is at or below elevation 2,530 ft.
Removal of upstream historic construction spoil materials	+/-2,490	-	-	Will be removed by dredging.
Removal of the powerhouse	2,465	-	-	Can be removed at any time after the flow diversion through the turbine and generator unit is no longer required. In- water work to occur after the California in-water work date (June 1).
Removal of in-river concrete	2,472	June 16	-	Drawdown is complete and all flows are diverted through the diversion tunnel.
Removal of spillway work platform and river channel final grading	2,477	-		In-water work is required, lowest water levels occur during August and September
Construction of tunnel portal plugs	2,494 (inlet) / 2,475 (outlet)	August		In-water work is required, lowest water levels occur during August and September

Notes:

1. Removal of the facility's water retaining structures including the dam, intake gates and the spillway gates before June 1 and when the reservoir water surface level is above elevation 2,538 ft exposes the work site and downstream area to the 1% probable flood.

2. Should the diversion tunnel be reopened before June 15, the design water levels and earliest removal date should be reevaluated.

#### 4.4.2 Copco No. 2 Development

Copco No. 2 has no restrictions regarding drawdown, except that the Renewal Corporation will not initiate drawdown prior to January 1 of the drawdown year. Timing associated with powerhouse operations is tied to demolition of the dam and will be taken offline as soon as is possible. Other removal work items, timing, and elevations are described in Section 4.2 above.

#### 4.4.3 Iron Gate Development

During the pre-drawdown construction period, PacifiCorp will operate the Iron Gate Development at minimum levels. This will be achieved by directing maximum flows through the powerhouse whenever possible. The discharge capacity of the powerhouse is 1,735 cfs (PacifiCorp 2016). The minimum operating water level is 2,327.3 ft. Other removal work items, timing, and elevations are included in Section 4.3 above, and approximate embankment removal volumes by sequence are shown in Table 4-2 below (Knight Piésold 2020b). The removal sequence is governed by the applicable flood probability and the need to maintain a 3-ft freeboard for the associated flood level.

SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION	DRAWING NUMBER	FLOOD PROBABILITY	START DATE	END DATE	MINIMUM CREST ELEVATION (FT)	APPROXIMATE SEQUENCE CUT VOLUME (CY)
1	C4203	1%	1-Apr	31-May	2,340.0	50,800
2	C4204	1%	1-Jun	15-Jun	2,335.4	5,800
3	C4205	1%	16-Jun	30-Jun	2,308.4	71,000
4	C4206	1%	1-Jul	15-Jul	2,297.5	89,000
5	C4207	1%	16-Jul	31-Jul	2,243	341,000
6	C4208	5%	1-Aug	31-Aug	2,228	103,100
7	C4209	5%	Sequence 6 Completion	31-Aug	2,228	175,200
Breach Channel	C4250	Not Applicable	Sequence 7 Completion	15-Sep	2,202.0	42,500
Final Grade	C4210	Not Applicable	Breach Completed	1-Oct	Not Applicable	59,300

Table 4-2. Iron Gate – Embankment Cut Volumes by Sequence

# 4.5 Coordination with Agencies and Stakeholders During Drawdown and Removal

Methods used for notification of the Commission; site emergency response personnel; and local, State, and Federal Emergency Response Centers are included in the Emergency Response Plan (Kiewit 2020) for the Project. In addition, the Renewal Corporation will notify the California State Water Resources Control Board and the Commission within 72 hours of an event that may substantially delay drawdown or cause the timeline to complete drawdown to exceed the anticipated schedule.

Any emergency or incident will be immediately communicated to a direct supervisor and, once it is safe to do so, all supervisors will report as outlined in the Emergency Response Plan and Health and Safety Plan for the Project. The Renewal Corporation will implement an alarm system that will sound to alert all personnel in nearby areas of a danger. Emergency Contact Information is included is also included in the Emergency Response Plan, which outline measures for directing emergency responses as well as notifications to the public, as necessary.

## 5.0 Construction Potential Failure Mode Analysis (cPFMA)

Construction Potential Failure Modes (cPFMs) were determined as part of the December 11 and 14, 2020 informal cPFMA workshop (Kleinschmidt 2021) that included participation by representatives from the Renewal Corporation, Kleinschmidt, the independent Board of Consultants, California Division of Safety of Dams, the FERC, and PacifiCorp. The purpose of the cPFMA workshop was to identify and analyze cPFMs for each of the 4 dams included in the Proposed Action, focusing on the construction phases. As part of the workshop, a range of cPFMs were identified and evaluated in relation to the proposed dam removal design and construction work activities.

All cPFMs identified were fully developed and assigned an appropriate significance category following FERC guidelines. The path to failure was defined, risk reduction measures were listed, and considerations for surveillance and monitoring were discussed and included in the cPFMA report (Kleinschmidt 2021).

#### 5.1.1 Outcomes of cPFMA Workshop for Copco No. 1

A total of 9 cPFMs for Copco No. 1 Dam were identified and analyzed during the cPFMA workshop. Of the 9 cPFMs identified, 3 were not developed or were withdrawn due to design revisions that eliminated the cPFM from consideration. For the remaining 6 cPFMs, surveillance and monitoring actions, as well as opportunities for risk reduction, were identified for Copco No. 1 and are detailed in the cPFMA report (Kleinschmidt 2021). The recommended actions were incorporated into the Project construction document, work sequence, and risk register where appropriate.

#### 5.1.2 Outcomes of cPFMA Workshop for Copco No. 2

A total of 2 cPFMs for Copco No. 1 Dam were identified and analyzed during the cPFMA workshop. For both cPFMs, surveillance and monitoring actions, as well as opportunities for risk reduction, were identified for Copco No. 2 and are detailed in the cPFMA report (Kleinschmidt 2021). The recommended actions were incorporated into the Project construction document, work sequence, and risk register where appropriate.

#### 5.1.3 Outcomes of cPFMA Workshop for Iron Gate

A total of 21 cPFMs for Copco No. 1 Dam were identified and analyzed during the cPFMA workshop. Of the 21 cPFMs identified, 8 were withdrawn due to design revisions that eliminated the cPFM from consideration. For the remaining 13 cPFMs, surveillance and monitoring actions, as well as opportunities for risk reduction, were identified for Iron Gate and are detailed in the cPFMA report (Kleinschmidt 2021). The recommended actions were incorporated into the Project construction document, work sequence, and risk register where appropriate.

## 6.0 Training and Awareness

Section 6.0 discusses the qualifications required for maintenance personnel including training requirements and documentation. The Renewal Corporation will provide personnel and required training as discussed below.

#### 6.1 Current Responsibilities and Training

PacifiCorp Operations personnel consist of Operators and Foremen, reporting to the Production Manager. The Operators are either journeymen or apprentice, and the Foreman is a General Foreman Hydro. The Foreman is responsible for Operators that perform surveillance duties and read the active instrumentation at the Project (except for the movement surveys). The Foreman and Operators are also responsible for relaying copies of the inspection check lists and sheets to the Dam Safety Engineer. The Foreman is experienced in the safe operation of hydroelectric projects and has participated in all dam safety-related training associated with the execution of dam-specific DSSMPs. The Operators and Foreman are responsible for carrying out surveillance duties and reading active instrumentation at their respective dams. Temporary monument surveys are the responsibility of the Renewal Corporation.

Personnel training in surveillance and monitoring includes review and familiarization of the most current PFMA study and the DSSMP. New personnel at any level of responsibility are trained by experienced personnel at the same or greater level of responsibility. Training includes a review of the surveillance procedures included in the DSSMP and the Daily Log, Weekly Check Sheet, and Annual Engineering Inspection Check Sheets. New PacifiCorp staff review the procedures and accompany an experienced Operators or Foreman to gain an understanding of each aspect of surveillance activities and learn the type of observations and readings needed for valid data input. The Renewal Corporation will implement a training program to train new staff operations after PacifiCorp concedes full control of the Project facilities.

#### 6.2 Training, Awareness, and Competency

Training is required for all personnel prior to commencing work on site. The level of training is commensurate with the level of individual risk their works are likely to entail. Trainings include:

- Environmental and safety policies, site management plans, as well as environmental roles and responsibilities;
- The significance of environmental impacts caused by individual roles and activities;
- Incident management; and
- Potential consequences of non-conformance.

The Renewal Corporation will document training associated with implementation of activities.

#### 6.3 Inductions

All personnel working onsite will undergo mandatory Project training to cover the key requirements of the Workplace Safety Management Plan.

#### 6.3.1 Project Induction

The Project induction will cover an overview and related safety-, environmental-, and community-related risks and responsibilities for the Proposed Action. It is the responsibility of all personnel to adhere to the safety requirements of the Project. The Project induction with respect to reservoir drawdown will include:

- Overview of the California Reservoir Drawdown and Diversion Plan,
- Project contact details;
- Potential Areas of Concern and inaccessible areas;
- Notification procedures; and
- EAP, Emergency Response Plan for the Proposed Action, and other emergency protocols.

#### 6.3.2 Visitor Induction

Visitors must undergo a visitor's induction and their host is responsible for all actions and conduct of the visitor. The Renewal Corporation will restrict visitor access, and personnel who have previously undergone Project induction and safety training will accompany visitors at all times.

## 7.0 Reporting

The Renewal Corporation will provide an Annual Compliance Report including a summary of drawdown activities and their results to the California State Water Resources Control Board and the Commission by April 1 and 15, respectively, for the preceding year. During the drawdown phase, the Renewal Corporation will submit monthly progress reports to the SWRCB and the Commission including details regarding drawdown status.

## 8.0 References

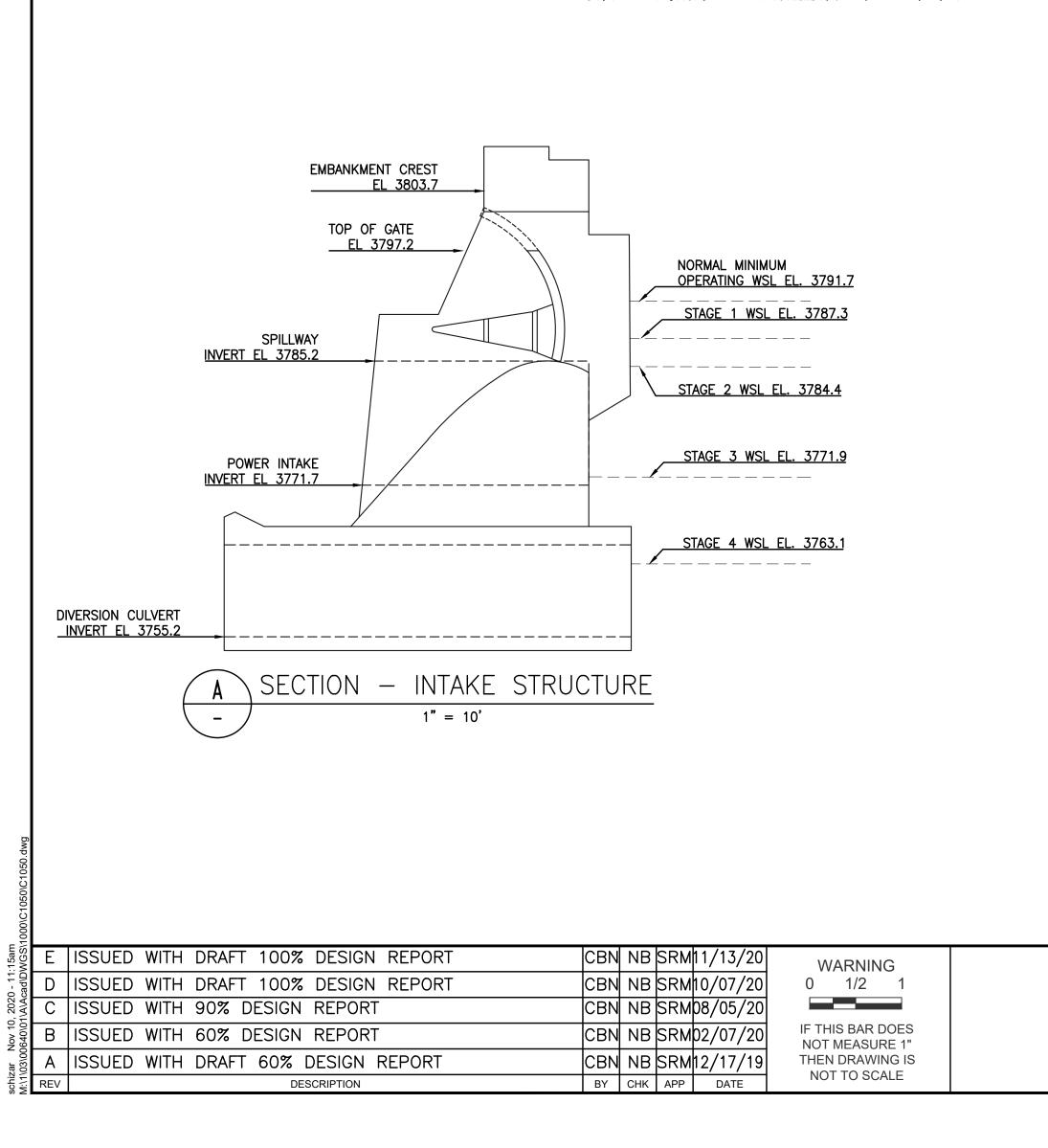
- Kiewit Infrastructure West Co. 2020. Emergency Response Plan. Prepared for Klamath River Renewal Corporation.
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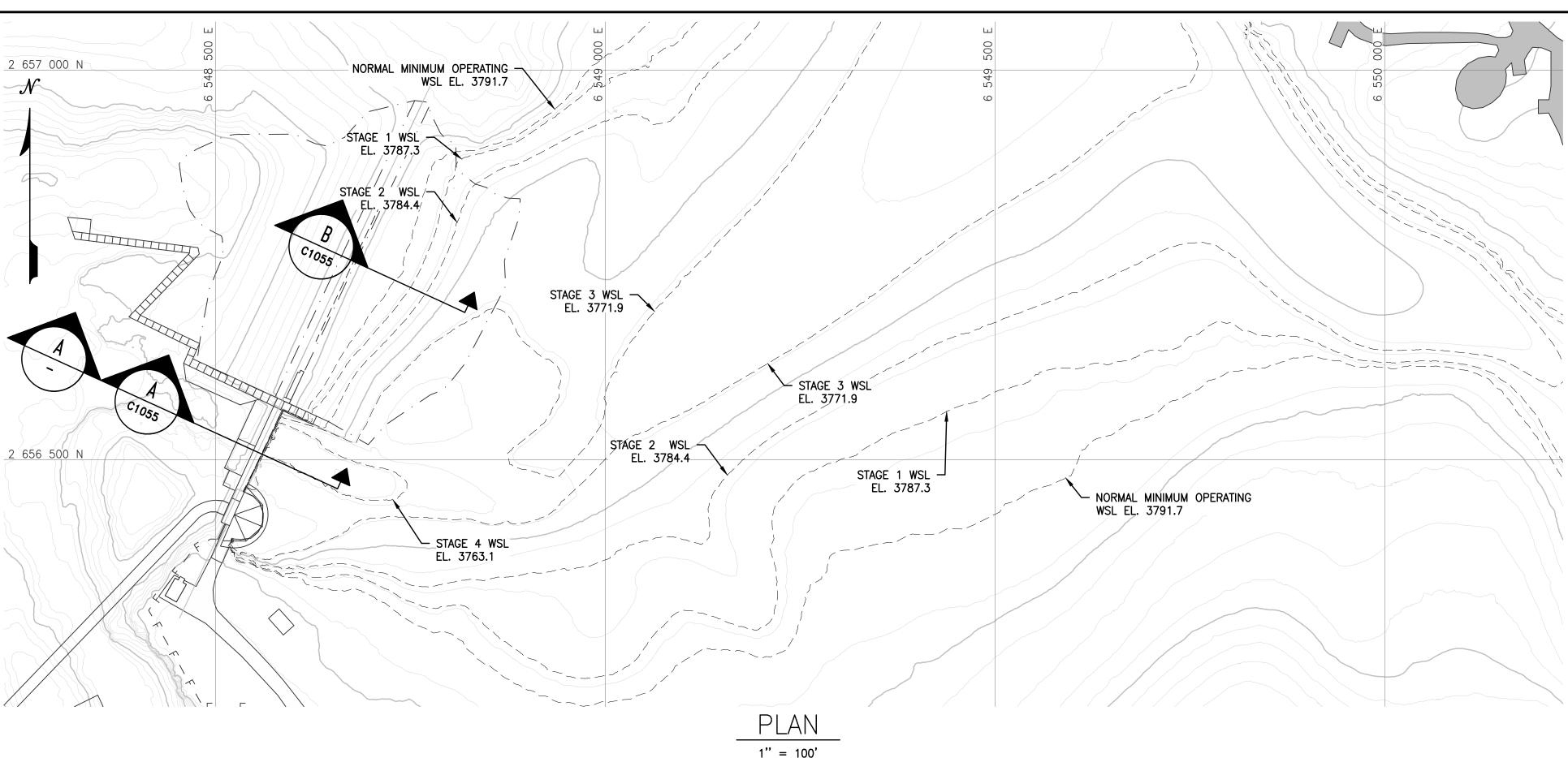
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- PacifiCorp. 2007. Copco 2 Hydro Plant Klamath River Supporting Technical Information Documents (STID). Revised September 28.
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- PanGEO. 2008. Geotechnical Report Klamath River Dam Removal Project California and Oregon. Project No. 07-153. Prepared for Philip Williams & Associates, Ltd. And California State Coastal Conservancy. August.

Appendix A

**Design Report Excerpt** 





### PRE-DRAWDOWN PRODEDURE:

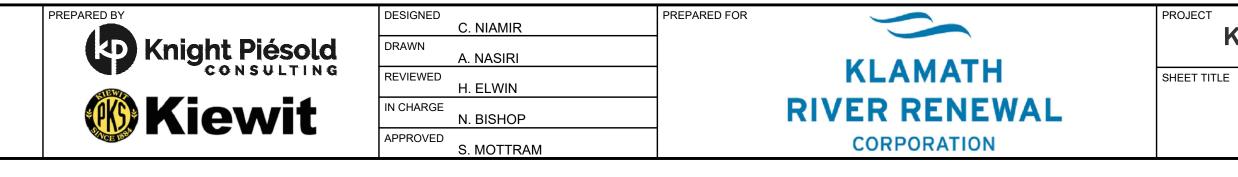
- 1. OPERATE THE FACILITY BETWEEN RESERVOIR WATER SURFACE LEVELS AS PER FERC APPROVAL. 1.1. NORMAL MAXIMUM RESERVOIR OPERATING SURFACE LEVEL: 3796.7 ft. 1.2. NORMAL MINIMUM RESERVOIR OPERATING SURFACE LEVEL: 3791.7 ft.
- 2. LOWER RESERVOIR TO NORMAL MINIMUM OPERATING LEVEL PRIOR TO JANUARY 1 OF THE DRAWDOWN YEAR BY CONTROLLED SPILLWAY RELEASES OR BY UTILIZING THE POWER INTAKE, AND MAINTAIN AT THIS LEVEL UNTIL DRAWDOWN IS INITIATED.

## DRAWDOWN PRODEDURE:

- 1. STAGE 1 DRAWDOWN USING SPILLWAY GATES: 1.1. DRAWDOWN IS INITIATED ON JANUARY 1.
- 1.2. THE SPILLWAY GATES ARE TO BE UTILIZED TO DRAWDOWN THE RESERVOIR WATER LEVEL AT A TARGET RATE OF 5 ft/DAY.
- 2. STAGE 2 DRAWDOWN USING POWER INTAKE TO LOWER THE RESERVOIR LEVEL TO BELOW THE SPILLWAY CREST.
- 2.1. STAGE 2 IS INITIATED ON JANUARY 2. THE POWER INTAKE OPENS TO DRAW THE RESERVOIR LEVEL TO 2 ft BELOW THE SPILLWAY CREST.
- 2.2. SET CHARGES ON DIVERSION CULVERT #1 STOPLOG FROM DOWNSTREAM SIDE OF DIVERSION CULVERT #1 ONCE THE RESERVOIR WATER LEVEL IS 2 ft BELOW THE SPILLWAY CREST. RIVER FORECASTING AND COORDINATION WITH THE UPSTREAM PROJECT IS REQUIRED TO VERIFY THAT THE RESERVOIR WATER LEVEL WILL REMAIN BELOW THE SPILLWAY CREST WHILE CREWS ARE ACTIVELY WORKING ON THE DOWNSTREAM SIDE OF THE DIVERSION CULVERTS. THE RESERVOIR WATER LEVEL 2 ft BELOW THE SPILLWAY CREST IS ASSOCIATED WITH A STEADY-STATE INFLOW OF 1260 cfs.
- 3. STAGE 3 REMOVE DIVERSION CULVERT #1 STOPLOG:
- 3.1. STAGE 3 CAN BEGIN ONCE STAGE 2 CHARGES HAVE BEEN SET AND STAGE 2 IS COMPLETE.
- 3.2. BLAST DIVERSION CULVERT #1 STOPLOG TO INITIATE FLOW THROUGH DIVERSION CULVERT #1.
- 3.3. THE POWER INTAKE IS CLOSED ONCE DIVERSION CULVERT #1 IS OPENED. ONCE THE POWER INTAKE IS CLOSED, IT IS TO REMAIN CLOSED TO ISOLATE THE DOWNSTREAM FACILITY COMPONENTS.
- 3.4. SET CHARGES ON DIVERSION CULVERT #2 STOPLOG FROM DOWNSTREAM SIDE OF DIVERSION CULVERT #2 ONCE THE RESERVOIR WATER LEVEL IS 2 ft BELOW THE SPILLWAY CREST AND BEFORE JUNE 10 OF THE DRAWDOWN YEAR. RIVER FORECASTING AND COORDINATION WITH THE UPSTREAM PROJECT IS REQUIRED TO VERIFY THAT THE RESERVOIR WATER LEVEL WILL REMAIN BELOW THE SPILLWAY CREST WHILE CREWS ARE ACTIVELY WORKING ON THE DOWNSTREAM SIDE OF THE DIVERSION CULVERT. THE RESERVOIR WATER LEVEL 2 ft BELOW THE SPILLWAY CREST IS ASSOCIATED WITH A STEADY-STATE INFLOW OF 2120 cfs.
- 4. STAGE 4 REMOVE DIVERSION CULVERT #2 STOPLOG:
- 4.1. STAGE 4 CAN BEGIN ONCE STAGE 3 CHAGES HAVE BEEN SET ONCE STAGE 3 IS COMPLETE. STAGE 4 INITIATION CAN BE DELAYED UNTIL JUNE 10 AT THE LATEST.
  4.2. BLAST DIVERSION CULVERT #2 STOPLOG TO INITIATE FLOW THROUGH DIVERSION CULVERT #2.
- 4.2. BLAST DIVERSION COLVERT #2 STOPLOG TO INTIATE FLOW THROUGH DIVERSION COLVER

POST-DRAWDOWN/RIVER DIVERSION PRODEDURE:

- 1. RIVER DIVERSION IS ACHIEVED ONCE THE INFLOWS INTO THE RESERVOIR ARE EQUAL TO THE DISCHARGE CAPACITY WITH NO RESERVOIR IMPOUNDMENT.
- 2. DIVERSION OF ALL INFLOWS THROUGH THE DIVERSION CULVERTS REQUIRE RE-ESTABLISHMENT OF THE HISTORIC COFFERDAM.



# FOR INFORMATION ONLY

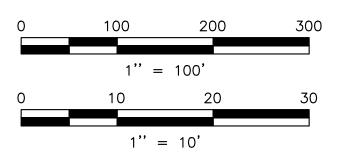
## LEGEND:

\_\_\_\_\_

WATER SURFACE LEVEL

## NOTES:

- 1. REFER TO GENERAL NOTES ON DRAWING G0006 FOR INFORMATION REGARDING TOPOGRAPHIC AND BATHYMETRIC DATA SOURCES.
- 2. THE STAGED ELEVATIONS REPRESENT FINAL ELEVATIONS AFTER COMPLETION OF EACH STAGE ASSUMING AVERAGE INFLOWS AND THE CORRESPONDING WATER SURFACE ELEVATIONS HIGHLIGHTED ON DRAWING C1055.
- 3. RESERVOIR DRAWDOWN MONITORING SHALL BE ESTABLISHED BY THE CONTRACTOR TO MEASURE WATER SURFACE LEVELS AS REQUIRED BY THE JCB STID AND TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS.



KLAMATH RIVER RENEWAL PROJECT

 PROJ #
 VA103-640/1

 DATE
 11/13/2020

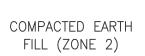
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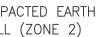
J.C. BOYLE FACILITY DRAWDOWN STAGES AVERAGE INFLOW - PLAN AND SECTION

C1050

FI	0								I	Discharge (cf	is)								
	ow Condition	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	Мау	Jun 1 - 15	5 Jun 16 - 30	Jul 1 -15	Jul 16 - 30	Aug	Sep 1 - 15	Sep 16 - 30	Oct 1 -15 Oc	t 16 - 31 I	Nov 1 - 15	Nov 16 - 30	Dec	LEGEND:
Statistical	1% Probable Flood	14,000	14,200	14,200	13,600	9,900	7,300	4,400	3,200	1,800	1,800	2,500	3,000		4,600	5,500 3,800	7,200	10,500 6,300	
High Water (Flood	5% Probable Flood 20% Probable Flood	8,000 4,400	9,700 4,900	10,900 8,000	9,400 6,800	6,800 4,300	4,400 2,800	1,800	2,100 1,400	1,700 1,500	1,700 1,500	2,100 1,700	2,400 1,900	-	3,300 2,400	2,600	4,400 2,900	3,900	
Conditions)	50% Probable Flood	2,600	2,700	6,300	4,500	2,700	1,800	1,400	1,000	1,400	1,400	1,400	1,500		1,700	1,800	2,000	2,500	
-	v Duration 25% of Time led or Exceeded	1,850	2,540	3,880	3,390	2,330	1,670	1,020	810	830	810	880	880	890	950	1,020	820	1,240	FOR INFORMATION ONLY
	n Monthly Flow	1,500	1,900	2,800	2,370	1,760	1,330	960	740	760	760	800	790	810	890	980	950	1,110	1. REFER INFORM
-	v Duration 75% of Time led or Exceeded	600	630	1,220	1,040	980	820	730	660	670	630	730	710	750	760	780	650	590	SOURCE
FI	ow Condition	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	Мау	Water Surf	ace Levels at		ture - Stage 2 Jul 16 - 30	· · · · ·		. , , ,	Oct 1 -15 Oc	+ 16 - 31 1	Nov 1 - 15	Nov 16 - 30	Dec	2. WATER CORRES EMBAN
	1% Probable Flood	3793.6	3793.7	3793.7	3793.4	3791.4	3789.8	3787.9	3787.0	3785.4	3785.4	3786.3	3786.8			3788.7	3789.7	3791.7	3. SELECT
Statistical High Water	5% Probable Flood	3790.2	3791.3	3792.0	3791.1	3789.5	3787.9	3786.6	3785.9	3785.3	3785.3	3785.9	3786.2	3786.7 3	3787.1	3787.5	3787.9	3789.2	SHOWN
(Flood Conditions)	20% Probable Flood	3787.9 3786.4	3788.3	3790.2	3789.5	3787.9	3786.6	3785.4	3783.9	3784.4	3784.4	3785.3	3785.6			3786.4	3786.7	3787.6	4. THE WA
•	50% Probable Flood v Duration 25% of Time	3785.5	3786.5 3786.3	3789.2 3787.5	3788.0 3787.1	3786.5 3786.1	3785.4 3785.2	3783.9 3782.0	3781.8 3780.7	3783.9 3780.9	3783.9 3780.7	3783.9 3781.1	3784.4 3781.1			3785.4 3782.0	3785.8 3780.8	3786.3 3783.1	EL. 3803.7
	led or Exceeded	3784.4	3785.6	3786.6	3786.2	3785.4	3783.6	3781.6	3780.3	3780.4	3780.4	3780.7	3780.6			3781.7	3781.6	3782.5	5. SHADED TOP OF GATE FL 3797 2 MARCH 1% PROBABLE FLOOD WSL
-	v Duration 75% of Time led or Exceeded	3779.3	3779.6	3783.0	3782.1	3781.7	3780.8	3780.2	3779.8	3779.8	3779.6	3780.2	3780.1			3780.5	3779.7	3779.3	EL. 3797.2 EL. 3797.2 EL. 3793.8 (STAGE 3) ON DR/
• •						Water S	Surface Leve	els at Intake S	itructure - St	age 3 (Diversi	ion Culvert #	l 1 Open, Pov	ver Intake Clo	sed) (ft)				<u> </u>	
FI	ow Condition	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	Мау		5 Jun 16 - 30				-	-	Oct 1 -15 Oc					SPILLWAY MATERIA
Statistical	1% Probable Flood 5% Probable Flood	3793.7 3790.5	3793.8 3791.5	3793.8 3792.1	3793.5 3791.3	3791.6 3789.7	3790.0 3787.9	3787.9 3786.3	3786.8 3782.8	3776.8 3775.1	3776.8 3775.1	3785.8 3782.8	3786.5 3785.7			3788.8 3787.4	3790.0 3787.9	3791.9 3789.4	INVERT EL. 3785.2 EL. 3790.0 (STAGE 3) 7.1. 3 EVEN
High Water (Flood	20% Probable Flood	3790.5	3791.5	3792.1	3791.3	3787.8	3786.3	3776.8	3770.4	3775.1	3775.1	3775.1	3785.7			3786.0	3786.4	3787.5	7.2. 1 f
Conditions)	50% Probable Flood	3786.0	3786.1	3789.4	3788.0	3786.1	3776.8	3770.4	3765.8	3770.4	3770.4	3770.4	3771.9	3775.1 3		3776.8	3780.7	3785.8	EL. 3784.9 (STAGE 4) JULY 1% PROBABLE FLOOD WSL FORECA
-	v Duration 25% of Time led or Exceeded	3777.8	3785.9	3787.5	3787.0	3785.5	3774.6	3765.9	3764.3	3764.4	3764.3	3764.8	3764.8	3764.9 3	3765.3	3765.9	3764.3	3768.3	POWER INTAKEEL. $3773.4$ (STAGE 4)VILL ININVERT EL. $3771.7$
	n Monthly Flow v Duration 75% of Time	3771.9	3778.7	3786.3	3785.6	3776.1	3769.5	3765.4	3763.7	3763.9	3763.9	3764.2	3764.1			3765.6	3765.3	3766.8	SEPTEMBER 16 1% PROBABLE FLOOD WSL 9. ALL WA
•	led or Exceeded	3762.6	3762.9	3768.1	3766.1	3765.6	3764.3	3763.7	3763.1	3763.2	3762.9	3763.7	3763.5		3763.9	3764.0	3763.0	3762.5	EL. 3771.9 (STAGE 4)     THESE       AUGUST 1% PROBABLE FLOOD WSL     EMBANH
FI	ow Condition	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	Water Surfa	1	it Intake Struc 5 Jun 16 - 30	1				Power Intake	Closed) (ft) Oct 1 -15 Oc	t 16 - 31   I	Nov 1 - 15	Nov 16 - 30	Dec	EL. 3765.0 (STAGE 4) 10. WATER
Otatiatiaal	1% Probable Flood		100	Mai	, Apr	inay	3788.4	3784.9	3773.4	3765.0	3765.0	3768.4	3771.9			3786.8	3788.3	3790.5	VALID ( INTAKE/
Statistical High Water	5% Probable Flood	-					3784.9	3770.4	3766.2	3764.6	3764.6	3766.2	3767.8		3774.2	3778.7	3784.9	3787.6	DIVERSION CULVERT <u>INVERT EL. 3755.2</u>
(Flood Conditions)	20% Probable Flood 50% Probable Flood	-					3770.4	3765.0	3763.4 3761.8	3763.8	3763.8	3764.6	3765.3			3769.1	3771.1 3765.8	3779.7	
-	v Duration 25% of Time	-					3765.0 3764.5	3763.4 3761.9	3760.9	3763.4 3761.0	3763.4 3760.9	3763.4 3761.2	3763.8 3761.2		3764.6 3761.6	3765.0 3761.9	3761.0	3768.4 3762.8	A SECTION - INTAKE STRUCTURE
	led or Exceeded n Monthly Flow	-											0701.2	0/01.0	// 01.0	0/01.0	0101.0	0102.0	1'' = 10'
							3763.1	3/01.0	3760.6	3760.7	3760.7	3760.9	3760.8	3760.9 3	3761.3	3761.7	3761.6	3762.2	
Monthly Flow	v Duration 75% of Time						3763.1 3761.0	3761.6 3760.5	3760.6 3760.2	3760.7 3760.2	3760.7 3760.0	3760.9 3760.5	3760.8 3760.4			3761.7 3760.8	3761.6 3760.1	3762.2 3759.8	
Monthly Flow	led or Exceeded	] 	NEL OV			STFAD	3761.0	3760.5	3760.2	3760.2	3760.0	3760.5							
Monthly Flov Equa	1: MONTH						3761.0 )Y—S7	3760.5 TATE	3760.2 WATE	3760.2 R LEV	3760.0	3760.5							OF DAM
Monthly Flov Equa	led or Exceeded						3761.0 )Y—S7	3760.5 TATE	<sup>3760.2</sup> WATEF RAWD	<sup>3760.2</sup> R LEV OWN	3760.0 /ELS	3760.5							UNDER THE STATE ST
Monthly Flov Equa ABLE VTAKE	1: MONTH			)RAW[	DOWN	I AND	3761.0 )Y—ST ) POS	3760.5 TATE	3760.2 WATE RAWD	3760.2 RLEV OWN Discharge (cfs	3760.0 /ELS	3760.5 AT	3760.4		3760.7	3760.8	3760.1	3759.8	VIS OF DAM
Monthly Flov Equa ABLE VTAKE	led or Exceeded         1: MONTH         STRUCTU         low Condition         1% Probable Flood	RE F Jan 14,000	OR [ Feb 14,200	) RAW[ 	DOWN <u>Apr</u> 13,600	May 9,900	3761.0 )Y — ST ) PO Jun 1 - 15 7,300	3760.5 TATE ST—D Jun 16 - 30 4,400	3760.2 WATE RAWD Jul 1 -15 3,200	3760.2 R LEV OWN Discharge (cfs Jul 16 - 30 1,800	3760.0 /ELS s) Aug 1,800	3760.5 AT Sep 1 - 15 2,500	3760.4 Sep 16 - 30 3,000	3760.6 3 Oct 1 -15 Oct 3,800 4	3760.7 16 - 31 N ,600	3760.8 lov 1 - 15 5,500	3760.1 Nov 16 - 30 7,200	3759.8 Dec 10,500	VIS OF DAM
Monthly Flov Equa ABLE JTAKE F Statistical	1: MONTH         STRUCTU         low Condition         1% Probable Flood         5% Probable Flood	RE F Jan 14,000 8,000	OR [ Feb 14,200 9,700	RAW[ <u>Mar</u> 14,200 10,900	Apr 13,600 9,400	May 9,900 6,800	3761.0 )Y — ST ) PO Jun 1 - 15 7,300 4,400	3760.5 TATE ST — D Jun 16 - 30 4,400 2,800	3760.2 WATE RAWD Jul 1 -15 3,200 2,100	3760.2 R LEV OWN Discharge (cfs Jul 16 - 30 1,800 1,700	3760.0 /ELS 5) Aug 1,800 1,700	3760.5 AT Sep 1 - 15 2,500 2,100	3760.4 <b>Sep 16 - 30</b> 3,000 2,400	3760.6 3 Oct 1 -15 Oct 3,800 4 2,900 3	<b>16 - 31</b> N ,600 ,300	3760.8 lov 1 - 15 5,500 3,800	3760.1 Nov 16 - 30 7,200 4,400	3759.8 Dec 10,500 6,300	VIS OF DAM
Monthly Flov Equa ABLE VTAKE F Statistical High Water (Flood	led or Exceeded         1: MONTH         STRUCTU         low Condition         1% Probable Flood	RE F Jan 14,000	OR [ Feb 14,200	) RAW[ 	DOWN <u>Apr</u> 13,600	May 9,900	3761.0 )Y — ST ) PO Jun 1 - 15 7,300	3760.5 TATE ST—D Jun 16 - 30 4,400	3760.2 WATE RAWD Jul 1 -15 3,200	3760.2 R LEV OWN Discharge (cfs Jul 16 - 30 1,800	3760.0 /ELS s) Aug 1,800	3760.5 AT Sep 1 - 15 2,500	3760.4 Sep 16 - 30 3,000	3760.6     3       Oct 1 -15     Oct       3,800     4       2,900     3       2,200     2	<b>16 - 31</b> N ,600 ,300	3760.8 lov 1 - 15 5,500	3760.1 Nov 16 - 30 7,200	3759.8 Dec 10,500	VIS OF DAM
Monthly Flov Equa ABLE VTAKE Statistical High Water (Flood Conditions) Monthly Flo	1: MONTH         STRUCTU         low Condition         1% Probable Flood         5% Probable Flood         20% Probable Flood	REF Jan 14,000 8,000 4,4050	Feb           14,200           9,700           4,900	Mar         14,200         10,900         8,000	Apr 13,600 9,400 6,800	May 9,900 6,800 4,300	3761.0 )Y — ST ) POS Jun 1 - 15 7,300 4,400 2,800	3760.5 TATE ST — D Jun 16 - 30 4,400 2,800 1,800	3760.2 WATE RAWD Jul 1 -15 3,200 2,100 1,400	3760.2 R LEV OWN Discharge (cfs Jul 16 - 30 1,800 1,700 1,500	3760.0 /ELS <b>5)</b> Aug 1,800 1,700 1,500	3760.5 AT Sep 1 - 15 2,500 2,100 1,700	3760.4 <b>Sep 16 - 30</b> 3,000 2,400 1,900	3760.6       3         Oct 1 -15       Oct         3,800       4         2,900       3         2,200       2         1,700       1	<b>16 - 31 N</b> ,600 ,300 ,400	3760.8 <b>lov 1 - 15</b> 5,500 3,800 2,600	3760.1 Nov 16 - 30 7,200 4,400 2,900	3759.8 Dec 10,500 6,300 3,900	VIS OF DAM
Monthly Flov Equa ABLE VTAKE Statistical High Water (Flood Conditions) Monthly Flo Equa	1: MONTH         STRUCTU         low Condition         1% Probable Flood         5% Probable Flood         20% Probable Flood         50% Probable Flood         50% Probable Flood         50% Probable Flood         an Monthly Flow	RE F Jan 14,000 8,000 4,4120 2,600	Feb           14,200           9,700           4,900           2,700	Mar         14,200         10,900         8,000         6,300	Apr 13,600 9,400 6,800 4,500	May 9,900 6,800 4,300 2,700	3761.0 )Y — ST ) POS Jun 1 - 15 7,300 4,400 2,800 1,800	3760.5 TATE ST — D Jun 16 - 30 4,400 2,800 1,800 1,400	3760.2 WATE RAWD Jul 1 -15 3,200 2,100 1,400 1,000	3760.2 R LEV OWN Discharge (cfs Jul 16 - 30 1,800 1,700 1,500 1,400	3760.0 /ELS 3) Aug 1,800 1,700 1,500 1,400	3760.5 AT Sep 1 - 15 2,500 2,100 1,700 1,400	3760.4 <b>Sep 16 - 30</b> 3,000 2,400 1,900 1,500	3760.6     3       Oct 1 -15     Oct       3,800     4       2,900     3       2,200     2       1,700     1       890     9	3760.7 <b>16 - 31</b> N ,600 ,300 ,400 ,700	3760.8 <b>lov 1 - 15</b> 5,500 3,800 2,600 1,800	3760.1 Nov 16 - 30 7,200 4,400 2,900 2,000	3759.8 Dec 10,500 6,300 3,900 2,500	IO SIXE EMBANKMENT CREST EL. 3803.7
Monthly Flov Equa ABLE VTAKE Statistical High Water (Flood Conditions) Monthly Flo Equa Mea	led or Exceeded         1:       MONTH         STRUCTU         low Condition         1% Probable Flood         5% Probable Flood         20% Probable Flood         50% Probable Flood         50% Probable Flood         w Duration 25% of Time         aled or Exceeded	REF Jan 14,000 8,000 4,420 2,600 1,850	Feb           14,200           9,700           4,900           2,700           2,540	Mar         14,200         10,900         8,000         6,300         3,880	Apr 13,600 9,400 6,800 4,500 3,390	May 9,900 6,800 4,300 2,700 2,330	3761.0 )Y — ST ) POS Jun 1 - 15 7,300 4,400 2,800 1,800 1,670	3760.5 TATE ST — D Jun 16 - 30 4,400 2,800 1,800 1,400 1,020	3760.2 WATE RAWD Jul 1 -15 3,200 2,100 1,400 1,000 810	3760.2 R LEV OWN Discharge (cfs Jul 16 - 30 1,800 1,700 1,500 1,400 830	3760.0 /ELS 3760.0 /ELS 3760.0 1,800 1,800 1,700 1,500 1,400 810	3760.5 AT <b>Sep 1 - 15</b> 2,500 2,100 1,700 1,400 880	3760.4 <b>Sep 16 - 30</b> 3,000 2,400 1,900 1,500 880	3760.6     3       Oct 1 -15     Oct       3,800     4       2,900     3       2,200     2       1,700     1       890     5       810     8	3760.7       16 - 31       ,600       ,300       ,400       ,700       950	3760.8 <b>lov 1 - 15</b> 5,500 3,800 2,600 1,800 1,020	3760.1 Nov 16 - 30 7,200 4,400 2,900 2,000 820	3759.8 Dec 10,500 6,300 3,900 2,500 1,240	EL 3783.7
Monthly Flov Equa ABLE TAKE Statistical High Water (Flood Conditions) Monthly Flo Equa Monthly Flo	led or Exceeded         1: MONTH         STRUCTU         low Condition         1% Probable Flood         5% Probable Flood         20% Probable Flood         50% Probable Flood         50% Probable Flood         50% Probable Flood         w Duration 25% of Time         aled or Exceeded         an Monthly Flow         w Duration 75% of Time	R       E       F         Jan       14,000         14,000       8,000         4,4420       2,600         1,850       1,850         1,500       600	Feb         14,200       9,700         4,900       2,700         2,540       1,900         630       630	Mar         14,200         10,900         8,000         6,300         3,880         2,800         1,220	Apr 13,600 9,400 6,800 4,500 3,390 2,370 1,040	May 9,900 6,800 4,300 2,700 2,330 1,760 980 Wate	3761.0 $Y - ST$ $D O S$ $Jun 1 - 15$ $7,300$ $4,400$ $2,800$ $1,800$ $1,670$ $1,330$ $820$ Exer Surface Level	3760.5 TATE ST — D Jun 16 - 30 4,400 2,800 1,800 1,400 1,020 960 730 evel at Emban	3760.2 WATE RAWD Jul 1 -15 3,200 2,100 1,400 1,000 810 740 660	3760.2 R LEV OWN Discharge (cfs Jul 16 - 30 1,800 1,700 1,500 1,400 830 760 670 199 4 (Culverts	3760.0 /ELS Aug 1,800 1,700 1,500 1,400 810 760 630 s #1 and #2 O	3760.5 AT Sep 1 - 15 2,500 2,100 1,700 1,400 880 800 730 pen, Power	3760.4         Sep 16 - 30         3,000         2,400         1,900         1,500         880         790         710	3760.6     3       Oct 1 -15     Oct       3,800     4       2,900     3       2,200     2       1,700     1       890     6       810     6       750     7	3760.7       16 - 31       ,600       ,300       ,300       ,400       ,700       950       390       760	3760.8         lov 1 - 15         5,500         3,800         2,600         1,800         1,020         980         780	3760.1 Nov 16 - 30 7,200 4,400 2,900 2,000 820 950 650	3759.8 <b>Dec</b> 10,500 6,300 3,900 2,500 1,240 1,110 590	EMBANKMENT CREST EL. 3803.7 EL. 3783.7 EL. 3783.7 EL. 3783.7 EL. 3783.7
Monthly Flov Equa ABLE VTAKE Statistical High Water (Flood Conditions) Monthly Flo Equa Mea Monthly Flo	led or Exceeded         1:       MONTH         STRUCTU         low Condition         1% Probable Flood         5% Probable Flood         20% Probable Flood         50% Probable Flood         50% Probable Flood         50% Probable Flood         w Duration 25% of Time         aled or Exceeded         an Monthly Flow         w Duration 75% of Time         aled or Exceeded	REF Jan 14,000 8,000 4,420 2,600 1,850 1,500	Feb           14,200           9,700           4,900           2,700           2,540           1,900	Mar         14,200         10,900         8,000         6,300         3,880         2,800	Apr 13,600 9,400 6,800 4,500 3,390 2,370	May 9,900 6,800 4,300 2,700 2,330 1,760 980	3761.0 $Y - ST$ $D O S$ $Jun 1 - 15$ $7,300$ $4,400$ $2,800$ $1,800$ $1,670$ $1,330$ $820$ Exer Surface Level	3760.5 TATE ST — D Jun 16 - 30 4,400 2,800 1,800 1,400 1,020 960 730	3760.2 WATE RAWD Jul 1 -15 3,200 2,100 1,400 1,000 810 740 660	3760.2 R LEV OWN Discharge (cfs Jul 16 - 30 1,800 1,700 1,500 1,400 830 760 670 199 4 (Culverts	3760.0 /ELS Aug 1,800 1,700 1,500 1,400 810 760 630 s #1 and #2 O	3760.5 AT Sep 1 - 15 2,500 2,100 1,700 1,400 880 800 730 pen, Power	3760.4         Sep 16 - 30         3,000         2,400         1,900         1,500         880         790         710	3760.6     3       Oct 1 -15     Oct       3,800     4       3,800     4       2,900     3       2,200     2       1,700     1       890     6       810     6       750     7       0(ft)     Oct	3760.7         16 - 31         ,600         ,600         ,300         ,400         ,700         950         890         760         16 - 31         No         16 - 31	3760.8         lov 1 - 15         5,500         3,800         2,600         1,800         1,020         980         780	3760.1 Nov 16 - 30 7,200 4,400 2,900 2,000 820 950 650	3759.8 <b>Dec</b> 10,500 6,300 3,900 2,500 1,240 1,110 590	EMBANKMENT CREST EL. 3803.7
Monthly Flov Equa ABLE VTAKE Statistical High Water (Flood Conditions) Monthly Flo Equa Mea Monthly Flo Equa F Statistical High Water	led or Exceeded         1: MONTH         STRUCTU         low Condition         1% Probable Flood         5% Probable Flood         20% Probable Flood         50% Probable Flood         50% Probable Flood         50% Probable Flood         w Duration 25% of Time         aled or Exceeded         an Monthly Flow         w Duration 75% of Time         aled or Exceeded         low Condition	R       E       F         Jan       14,000         14,000       8,000         4,4420       2,600         1,850       1,850         1,500       600	Feb         14,200       9,700         4,900       2,700         2,540       1,900         630       630	Mar         14,200         10,900         8,000         6,300         3,880         2,800         1,220	Apr 13,600 9,400 6,800 4,500 3,390 2,370 1,040	May 9,900 6,800 4,300 2,700 2,330 1,760 980 Wate	3761.0 )Y — ST ) POS Jun 1 - 15 7,300 4,400 2,800 1,800 1,670 1,330 820 ser Surface Lu Jun 1 - 15	3760.5 TATE ST — D Jun 16 - 30 4,400 2,800 1,800 1,400 1,020 960 730 evel at Emban Jun 16 - 30	3760.2 WATE RAWD Jul 1 -15 3,200 2,100 1,400 1,400 1,000 810 810 740 660 ikment - Sta Jul 1 -15	3760.2 R LEV OWN Discharge (cfs Jul 16 - 30 1,800 1,700 1,500 1,400 830 760 670 199 4 (Culverts Jul 16 - 30	3760.0 /ELS 3760.0 /ELS 30 1,800 1,800 1,700 1,700 1,500 1,400 810 630 810 630 811 and #2 O Aug	3760.5 AT Sep 1 - 15 2,500 2,100 1,700 1,400 880 800 730 Ppen, Power I Sep 1 - 15	3760.4         Sep 16 - 30         3,000         2,400         1,900         1,500         880         790         710         Intake Closed         3771.1         3768.7	3760.6       3         Oct 1 -15       Oct         3,800       4         3,800       4         2,900       3         2,200       2         1,700       1         890       5         810       6         750       7         0ct 1 -15       Oct         3777.4       37	3760.7       16 - 31       N         ,600	3760.8 <b>lov 1 - 15</b> 5,500 3,800 2,600 1,800 1,020 980 780 <b>lov 1 - 15</b>	3760.1 Nov 16 - 30 7,200 4,400 2,900 2,000 820 950 650 650 Nov 16 - 30	3759.8 Dec 10,500 6,300 3,900 2,500 1,240 1,110 590 Dec Dec	EL 3770.7
Monthly Flov Equa ABLE VTAKE Statistical High Water (Flood Conditions) Monthly Flo Equa Monthly Flo Equa F Statistical High Water (Flood	led or Exceeded         1: MONTH         STRUCTU         low Condition         1% Probable Flood         5% Probable Flood         20% Probable Flood         50% Probable Flood         50% Probable Flood         w Duration 25% of Time         aled or Exceeded         an Monthly Flow         w Duration 75% of Time         aled or Exceeded         low Condition         1% Probable Flood         5% Probable Flood         20% Probable Flood	R       E       F         Jan       14,000         14,000       8,000         4,4420       2,600         1,850       1,850         1,500       600	Feb         14,200       9,700         4,900       2,700         2,540       1,900         630       630	Mar         14,200         10,900         8,000         6,300         3,880         2,800         1,220	Apr 13,600 9,400 6,800 4,500 3,390 2,370 1,040	May 9,900 6,800 4,300 2,700 2,330 1,760 980 Wate	3761.0 )Y ST ) POS Jun 1 - 15 7,300 4,400 2,800 1,800 1,670 1,330 820 ter Surface Lu Jun 1 - 15 3789.1 3789.1 3781.7 3769.8	3760.5         □ ATE         ST — D         5         Jun 16 - 30         4,400         2,800         1,800         1,400         1,020         960         730         evel at Emban         5         Jun 16 - 30         3781.7         3769.8         3768.0	3760.2 WATE AWD Jul 1 -15 3,200 2,100 1,400 1,000 810 740 660 kment - Sta Jul 1 -15 3773.7 3768.1 <3768.1	3760.2 R LEV OWN Discharge (cfs Jul 16 - 30 1,800 1,700 1,500 1,400 830 760 670 1,400 830 760 670 1,400 830 760 670 3768 3768.0 3768	3760.0         /ELS         Aug         1,800         1,700         1,700         1,700         1,700         1,400         810         760         630         s#1 and #2 O         Aug         3768.0         <3768	3760.5 AT Sep 1 - 15 2,500 2,100 1,700 1,400 880 800 730 730 730 Pen, Power Sep 1 - 15 3769.7 3768.1 3768.1 3768.1	3760.4         Sep 16 - 30         3,000         2,400         1,900         1,500         880         790         710         Intake Closed         3771.1         3768.7         3768.0	3760.6       3         Oct 1 -15       Oct         3,800       4         3,800       4         2,900       3         2,200       2         1,700       1         890       3         810       8         750       7         0ct 1 -15       Oct         3777.4       37         3770.2       37         3768.2       37	3760.7       16 - 31       N         ,600       .       .         ,600       .       .         ,300       .       .         ,400       .       .         ,700       .       .         950       .       .         390       .       .         760       .       .         16 - 31       N       .         784.6       .       .         774.8       .       .         768.7       .       .	3760.8         Iov 1 - 15       N         5,500       3         3,800       2         2,600       1         1,020       9         980       1         780       1         3787.7       3         3769.7       1	3760.1 Nov 16 - 30 7,200 4,400 2,900 2,000 820 950 650 650 0 3789.0 3789.0 3789.0 3781.7 3770.2	3759.8 Dec 10,500 6,300 3,900 2,500 1,240 1,110 590 Dec 3791.4 3788.0 3777.8	EMBANKMENT CREST EL. 3803.7 EL. 3783.7 EL. 3783.7 EL. 3770.7 AUGUST 112 PP FLOOD WSL
Monthly Flov Equa ABLE VTAKE Statistical High Water (Flood Conditions) Monthly Flo Equa Mea Monthly Flo Equa Monthly Flo Equa Monthly Flo Equa	1: MONTH         STRUCTU         low Condition         1% Probable Flood         5% Probable Flood         20% Probable Flood         50% Probable Flood         50% Probable Flood         w Duration 25% of Time         aled or Exceeded         an Monthly Flow         w Duration 75% of Time         aled or Exceeded         low Condition         1% Probable Flood         5% Probable Flood         20% Probable Flood         so Condition         1% Probable Flood         5% Probable Flood         50% Probable Flood         50% Probable Flood         50% Probable Flood         50% Probable Flood	R       E       F         Jan       14,000         14,000       8,000         4,4420       2,600         1,850       1,850         1,500       600	Feb         14,200       9,700         4,900       2,700         2,540       1,900         630       630	Mar         14,200         10,900         8,000         6,300         3,880         2,800         1,220	Apr 13,600 9,400 6,800 4,500 3,390 2,370 1,040	May 9,900 6,800 4,300 2,700 2,330 1,760 980 Wate	3761.0 )Y ST ) POS Jun 1 - 15 7,300 4,400 2,800 1,800 1,670 1,330 820 ter Surface Lu Jun 1 - 15 3789.1 3789.1 3789.1 3789.1 3789.1	3760.5 TATE ST — D Jun 16 - 30 4,400 2,800 1,800 1,400 1,020 960 730 evel at Emban Jun 16 - 30 3781.7 3769.8 3768.0 <3768.0	3760.2 WATE AWD Jul 1 -15 3,200 2,100 1,400 1,400 1,000 810 740 660 kment - Sta Jul 1 -15 3773.7 3768.1 <3768	3760.2 R LEV OWN Discharge (cfs Jul 16 - 30 1,800 1,700 1,500 1,400 830 760 670 1,400 830 760 670 1,400 830 760 670 3768 3768 <3768 <3768 <3768	3760.0         /ELS         Aug         1,800         1,700         1,700         1,700         1,700         1,400         810         760         630         s#1 and #2 O         Aug         3768.0         <3768	3760.5 AT Sep 1 - 15 2,500 2,100 1,700 1,400 880 800 730 730 730 5ep 1 - 15 3769.7 3768.1 <3768 3768.1 <3768	3760.4         Sep 16 - 30         3,000         2,400         1,900         1,500         880         790         710         Intake Closed         3771.1         3768.7         3768.7         3768.0         <3768.0	3760.6       3         Oct 1 -15       Oct         3,800       4         2,900       3         2,200       2         1,700       1         890       3         890       3         810       8         750       7         0ct 1 -15       Oct         3777.4       37         3768.2       37         <3768	3760.7         16 - 31         ,600         ,600         ,300         ,300         ,400         ,700         950         950         950         950         760         760         760         768.7         774.8         768.7         3768	3760.8         Iov 1 - 15         5,500         3,800         2,600         1,800         1,020         980         780         3787.7         3777.4         3769.7         3768.0	3760.1 Nov 16 - 30 7,200 4,400 2,900 2,000 820 950 650 0 3780.0 3789.0 3789.0 3781.7 3770.2 3768.1	3759.8 Dec 10,500 6,300 3,900 2,500 1,240 1,110 590 Dec 3791.4 3788.0 3777.8 3769.7	EL 3763.7 EL 3770.7 AUGUST 13. PF
Monthly Flov Equa ABLE VTAKE Statistical High Water (Flood Conditions) Monthly Flo Equa Monthly Flo Equa Statistical High Water (Flood Conditions)	1: MONTH         STRUCTU         low Condition         1% Probable Flood         5% Probable Flood         20% Probable Flood         50% Probable Flood         50% Probable Flood         w Duration 25% of Time         aled or Exceeded         an Monthly Flow         w Duration 75% of Time         aled or Exceeded         low Condition         1% Probable Flood         5% Probable Flood         5% Probable Flood	REF Jan 14,000 8,000 4,420 2,600 1,850 1,500 600	Feb         14,200       9,700         4,900       2,700         2,540       1,900         630       630	Mar         14,200         10,900         8,000         6,300         3,880         2,800         1,220	Apr 13,600 9,400 6,800 4,500 3,390 2,370 1,040	May 9,900 6,800 4,300 2,700 2,330 1,760 980 Wate	3761.0 ) Y S T ) P O S Jun 1 - 15 7,300 4,400 2,800 1,800 1,670 1,330 820 er Surface Lu Jun 1 - 15 3789.1 3789.1 3789.1 3769.8 3768.0 <3768	3760.5         □ ATE         ST — D         5         Jun 16 - 30         4,400         2,800         1,800         1,400         1,020         960         730         evel at Emban         5         Jun 16 - 30         3781.7         3769.8         3768.0	3760.2 WATE AWD Jul 1 -15 3,200 2,100 1,400 1,000 810 740 660 kment - Sta Jul 1 -15 3773.7 3768.1 <3768 37768	3760.2 R LEV OWN Discharge (cfs Jul 16 - 30 1,800 1,700 1,500 1,400 830 760 670 1,400 830 760 670 1,400 830 760 670 3768 3768.0 3768	3760.0         /ELS         Aug         1,800         1,800         1,700         1,700         1,700         1,400         810         760         630         s#1 and #2 O         Aug         3768.0         <3768	3760.5         AT         Sep 1 - 15         2,500         2,100         1,700         1,400         880         800         730         Ppen, Power         3769.7         3768.1         <3768	3760.4         3760.4         Sep 16 - 30         3,000         2,400         1,900         1,900         1,500         880         790         710         10         3771.1         3768.7         3768.7         3768.0         <3768.0	3760.6       3         Oct 1 -15       Oct         3,800       4         2,900       3         2,200       2         1,700       1         890       3         890       3         750       7         0ft)       Oct         3777.4       37         3768.2       37         3768.2       37         3768       <	3760.7         16 - 31         ,600         ,600         ,300         ,400         ,700         950         390         760         16 - 31         N         784.6         768.7         3768         3768	3760.8         Iov 1 - 15         5,500         3,800         2,600         1,800         1,800         1,800         980         780         3787.7         3777.4         3768.0         <3768.0	3760.1 Aov 16 - 30 7,200 4,400 2,900 2,000 820 950 650 0 3789.0 3789.0 3789.0 3789.0 3789.17 3770.2 3768.1 <3768.1	3759.8 Dec 10,500 6,300 3,900 2,500 1,240 1,110 590 Dec 3791.4 3788.0 3777.8 3769.7 <3768	EL. 3783.7 EL. 3783.7 EL. 3783.7 EL. 3783.7 EL. 3780.0 (ST EL. 3768.0 (ST COMPACTED EARTH
Monthly Flov Equa ABLE NTAKE Statistical High Water (Flood Conditions) Monthly Flo Equa Mea Monthly Flo Equa Mea Monthly Flo Equa Mea Monthly Flo	led or Exceeded         1: MONTH         STRUCTU         low Condition         1% Probable Flood         5% Probable Flood         20% Probable Flood         50% Probable Flood         50% Probable Flood         w Duration 25% of Time         aled or Exceeded         an Monthly Flow         w Duration 75% of Time         aled or Exceeded         low Condition         1% Probable Flood         5% Probable Flood         20% Probable Flood         5% Probable Flood         50% Probable Flood         m Monthly Flow         w Duration 25% of Time         aled or Exceeded         an Monthly Flow         w Duration 75% of Time	REF Jan 14,000 8,000 4,420 2,600 1,850 1,500 600	Feb         14,200       9,700         4,900       2,700         2,540       1,900         630       630	Mar         14,200         10,900         8,000         6,300         3,880         2,800         1,220	Apr 13,600 9,400 6,800 4,500 3,390 2,370 1,040	May 9,900 6,800 4,300 2,700 2,330 1,760 980 Wate	3761.0 )Y ST ) POS Jun 1 - 15 7,300 4,400 2,800 1,800 1,670 1,330 820 ter Surface Lu Jun 1 - 15 3789.1 3789.1 3789.1 3789.1 3789.1	3760.5 TATE ST — D Jun 16 - 30 4,400 2,800 1,800 1,400 1,020 960 730 evel at Emban 5 Jun 16 - 30 3781.7 3769.8 3768.0 <3768	3760.2 WATE AWD Jul 1 -15 3,200 2,100 1,400 1,400 1,000 810 740 660 kment - Sta Jul 1 -15 3773.7 3768.1 <3768	3760.2 R LEV OWN Discharge (cfs Jul 16 - 30 1,800 1,700 1,500 1,400 830 760 670 1,400 830 760 670 1,400 830 3768 43768 <3768 <3768 <3768	3760.0         /ELS         Aug         1,800         1,700         1,700         1,700         1,700         1,400         810         760         630         s#1 and #2 O         Aug         3768.0         <3768	3760.5 AT Sep 1 - 15 2,500 2,100 1,700 1,400 880 800 730 730 730 5ep 1 - 15 3769.7 3768.1 <3768 3768.1 <3768	3760.4         Sep 16 - 30         3,000         2,400         1,900         1,500         880         790         710         Intake Closed         3771.1         3768.7         3768.7         3768.0         <3768.0	3760.6       3         Oct 1 -15       Oct         3,800       4         2,900       3         2,200       2         1,700       1         890       3         890       3         750       7         0ct 1 -15       Oct         3777.4       37         3777.2       37         3768.2       37         3768.2       37         3768.2       37         3768.2       37         3768       <	3760.7         16 - 31         ,600         ,300         ,400         ,700         950         390         760         16 - 31         N         760         774.8         768.7         73768         3768         3768	3760.8         Iov 1 - 15         5,500         3,800         2,600         1,800         1,020         980         780         3787.7         3777.4         3769.7         3768.0	3760.1 Nov 16 - 30 7,200 4,400 2,900 2,000 820 950 650 0 3780.0 3789.0 3789.0 3781.7 3770.2 3768.1	3759.8 Dec 10,500 6,300 3,900 2,500 1,240 1,110 590 Dec 3791.4 3788.0 3777.8 3769.7	EL. 3770.7 EL. 3768.0 (ST
Monthly Flov Equa ABLE NTAKE Statistical High Water (Flood Conditions) Monthly Flo Equa Monthly Flo Equa Monthly Flo Equa Monthly Flo Equa Monthly Flo Equa	led or Exceeded 1: MONTH STRUCTU low Condition 1% Probable Flood 5% Probable Flood 20% Probable Flood 50% Probable Flood w Duration 25% of Time aled or Exceeded an Monthly Flow w Duration 75% of Time aled or Exceeded low Condition 1% Probable Flood 5% Probable Flood 5% Probable Flood 50% Probable Flood 50% Probable Flood 50% Probable Flood 50% Probable Flood 50% Probable Flood 1% Probable Flood 50% Probable Flood 1% Probable Flood 50% Probable Flood	R       E       F         Jan       14,000         8,000       4,400         2,600       1,850         1,850       1,500         600       0	Feb         14,200         9,700         4,900         2,700         2,540         1,900         630	Mar         14,200         10,900         8,000         6,300         3,880         2,800         1,220	Apr 13,600 9,400 6,800 4,500 3,390 2,370 1,040 Apr	May 9,900 6,800 4,300 2,700 2,330 1,760 980 Wate May	3761.0 Y S Jun 1 - 15 7,300 4,400 2,800 1,800 1,670 1,330 820 ter Surface Lu Jun 1 - 15 3789.1 3781.7 3769.8 3768.0 <3768 <3768	3760.5         □ A T E         S T — D         5         Jun 16 - 30         4,400         2,800         1,800         1,400         1,020         960         730         evel at Emban         j         Jun 16 - 30         3781.7         3769.8         3768.0         <3768	3760.2 WATE AWD Jul 1 -15 3,200 2,100 1,400 1,000 810 740 660 kment - Sta Jul 1 -15 3773.7 3768.1 3773.7 3768.1 <3768 <3768 <3768 <3768	3760.2 R LEV OWN Discharge (cfs Jul 16 - 30 1,800 1,700 1,500 1,400 830 760 670 670 0 670 1,400 830 3768 43768 <3768 <3768 <3768 <3768 <3768 <3768	3760.0         /ELS         Aug         1,800         1,700         1,700         1,700         1,700         1,700         1,700         1,700         1,700         630         810         760         630         810         760         630         3768         3768.0         <3768	3760.5         AT         Sep 1 - 15         2,500         2,100         1,700         1,700         1,400         880         730 <b>Sep 1 - 15</b> 3769.7         3768.1         <3768	3760.4         3760.4         3760.4         3760.4         3,000         3,000         2,400         1,900         1,900         1,500         880         790         710         3768.0         3768.7         3768.0         3768.0         3768.0         3768.0         3768.0         3768.0         3768.0	3760.6       3         Oct 1 -15       Oct         3,800       4         2,900       3         2,200       2         1,700       1         890       3         890       3         750       7         0ct 1 -15       Oct         3777.4       37         3770.2       37         3768.2       37         3768.2       37         3768       <	3760.7         16 - 31         ,600         ,300         ,400         ,700         950         390         760         16 - 31         N         760         774.8         768.7         73768         3768         3768	3760.8         Iov 1 - 15         5,500         3,800         2,600         1,800         1,800         1,800         1,800         3787.7         3787.7         3777.4         3769.7         3768.0         <3768.0	3760.1         Iov 16 - 30         7,200         4,400         2,900         2,900         2,000         820         950         650         4000         3789.0         3789.0         3789.0         3768.1         <3768	3759.8 Dec 10,500 6,300 3,900 2,500 1,240 1,110 590 Dec 3791.4 3788.0 3777.8 3769.7 <3768 <3768	EL. 3783.7 EL. 3783.7 EL. 3783.7 EL. 3783.7 EL. 3780.0 (ST EL. 3768.0 (ST COMPACTED EARTH
Monthly Flov Equa FABLE NTAKE Statistical High Water (Flood Conditions) Monthly Flo Equa Monthly Flo Equa Monthly Flo Equa Monthly Flo Equa Monthly Flo Equa Monthly Flo	led or Exceeded         1: MONTH         STRUCTU         low Condition         1% Probable Flood         5% Probable Flood         20% Probable Flood         50% Probable Flood         50% Probable Flood         w Duration 25% of Time         aled or Exceeded         an Monthly Flow         w Duration 75% of Time         aled or Exceeded         low Condition         1% Probable Flood         5% Probable Flood         so Condition         1% Probable Flood         5% Probable Flood         so Condition         1% Probable Flood         50% Probable Flood         50% Probable Flood         50% Probable Flood         so Frobable Flood         so Frobable Flood         so Frobable Flood         w Duration 25% of Time         aled or Exceeded         an Monthly Flow         w Duration 75% of Time         aled or Exceeded         an Monthly Flow         w Duration 75% of Time         aled or Exceeded         an Monthly Flow         w Duration 75% of Time	R       E       F         Jan       14,000         8,000       4,400         2,600       1,850         1,850       1,500         600       0         Jan       1,500         1,500       600         Jan       1,500         1,500	Feb         14,200         9,700         4,900         2,700         2,540         1,900         630	Mar 14,200 10,900 8,000 6,300 2,800 1,220 Mar	Apr 13,600 9,400 6,800 4,500 3,390 2,370 1,040 Apr	May         9,900         6,800         4,300         2,700         2,330         1,760         980         Wate         May         STEA	3761.0 ) Y - S ) P O S Jun 1 - 15 7,300 4,400 2,800 1,800 1,670 1,330 820 ter Surface L Jun 1 - 15 3789.1 3781.7 3769.8 3768.0 <3768 3768 <3768	3760.5 TATE ST − D Jun 16 - 30 4,400 2,800 1,800 1,800 1,400 1,020 960 730 evel at Emban 5 Jun 16 - 30 3781.7 3769.8 3768.0 <3768 3768.0 <3768 3768 3768	3760.2 WATE AWD Jul 1 -15 3,200 2,100 1,400 1,000 810 740 660 kment - Sta Jul 1 -15 3773.7 3768.1 3773.7 3768.1 <3768 <3768 <3768 <3768	3760.2 R LEV OWN Discharge (cfs Jul 16 - 30 1,800 1,700 1,500 1,400 830 760 670 670 1,400 830 760 670 3768 43768 <3768 <3768 <3768 <3768 <3768 <3768 <3768	3760.0 /ELS Aug 1,800 1,700 1,700 1,700 1,400 810 1,400 810 3768 3768 3768 3768 3768 3768 3768 3768 3768 3768 3768 3768 3768 3768 3768 3768	3760.5         AT         Sep 1 - 15         2,500         2,100         1,700         1,400         880         730         Ppen, Power         3769.7         3768.1         <3768	3760.4         3760.4         3760.4         3760.4         3,000         3,000         2,400         1,900         1,900         1,500         880         790         710         3768.0         3768.7         3768.0         3768.0         3768.0         3768.0         3768.0         3768.0         3768.0	3760.6       3         Oct 1 -15       Oct         3,800       4         2,900       3         2,200       2         1,700       1         890       3         890       3         750       7         0ct 1 -15       Oct         3777.4       37         3770.2       37         3768.2       37         3768.2       37         3768       <	3760.7         16 - 31         ,600         ,300         ,400         ,700         950         390         760         16 - 31         N         760         774.8         768.7         73768         3768         3768	3760.8         Iov 1 - 15       I         5,500       1         3,800       1         2,600       1         1,020       1         980       1         780       1         3787.7       1         3777.4       1         3769.7       1         3768.0       1         <3768	3760.1         Iov 16 - 30         7,200         4,400         2,900         2,900         2,000         820         950         650         4000         3789.0         3789.0         3789.0         3768.1         <3768	3759.8 Dec 10,500 6,300 3,900 2,500 1,240 1,110 590 Dec 3791.4 3788.0 3777.8 3769.7 <3768 <3768	EL. 3783.7 EL. 3783.7 EL. 3783.7 EL. 3783.7 EL. 3780.0 (ST EL. 3768.0 (ST COMPACTED EARTH
Monthly Flov Equa ABLE NTAKE Statistical High Water (Flood Conditions) Monthly Flo Equa Monthly Flo Equa Monthly Flo Equa Monthly Flo Equa Monthly Flo Equa Monthly Flo	led or Exceeded 1: MONTH STRUCTU low Condition 1% Probable Flood 5% Probable Flood 20% Probable Flood 50% Probable Flood w Duration 25% of Time aled or Exceeded an Monthly Flow w Duration 75% of Time aled or Exceeded low Condition 1% Probable Flood 5% Probable Flood 5% Probable Flood 50% Probable Flood 50% Probable Flood 50% Probable Flood 50% Probable Flood 50% Probable Flood 1% Probable Flood 50% Probable Flood 1% Probable Flood 50% Probable Flood	R       E       F         Jan       14,000         8,000       4,400         2,600       1,850         1,850       1,500         600       0         Jan       1,500         1,500       600         Jan       1,500         1,500	Feb         14,200         9,700         4,900         2,700         2,540         1,900         630	Mar 14,200 10,900 8,000 6,300 2,800 1,220 Mar	Apr 13,600 9,400 6,800 4,500 3,390 2,370 1,040 Apr	May         9,900         6,800         4,300         2,700         2,330         1,760         980         Wate         May         STEA	3761.0 ) Y - S ) P O S Jun 1 - 15 7,300 4,400 2,800 1,800 1,670 1,330 820 ter Surface L Jun 1 - 15 3789.1 3781.7 3769.8 3768.0 <3768 3768 <3768	3760.5 TATE ST − D Jun 16 - 30 4,400 2,800 1,800 1,800 1,400 1,020 960 730 evel at Emban 5 Jun 16 - 30 3781.7 3769.8 3768.0 <3768 3768.0 <3768 3768 3768	3760.2 WATE AWD Jul 1 -15 3,200 2,100 1,400 1,000 810 740 660 kment - Sta Jul 1 -15 3773.7 3768.1 3773.7 3768.1 <3768 <3768 <3768 <3768	3760.2 R LEV OWN Discharge (cfs Jul 16 - 30 1,800 1,700 1,500 1,400 830 760 670 670 1,400 830 760 670 3768 43768 <3768 <3768 <3768 <3768 <3768 <3768 <3768	3760.0 /ELS Aug 1,800 1,700 1,700 1,700 1,400 810 1,400 810 3768 3768 3768 3768 3768 3768 3768 3768 3768 3768 3768 3768 3768 3768 3768 3768	3760.5         AT         Sep 1 - 15         2,500         2,100         1,700         1,400         880         730         Ppen, Power         3769.7         3768.1         <3768	3760.4         3760.4         3760.4         3760.4         3,000         3,000         2,400         1,900         1,900         1,500         880         790         710         3768.0         3768.7         3768.0         3768.0         3768.0         3768.0         3768.0         3768.0         3768.0	3760.6       3         Oct 1 -15       Oct         3,800       4         2,900       3         2,200       2         1,700       1         890       3         890       3         750       7         0ct 1 -15       Oct         3777.4       37         3770.2       37         3768.2       37         3768.2       37         3768       <	3760.7         16 - 31         ,600         ,300         ,400         ,700         950         390         760         16 - 31         N         760         774.8         768.7         73768         3768         3768	3760.8         Iov 1 - 15         5,500         3,800         2,600         1,800         1,800         1,800         1,800         3787.7         3787.7         3777.4         3769.7         3768.0         <3768.0	3760.1         Iov 16 - 30         7,200         4,400         2,900         2,900         2,000         820         950         650         4000         3789.0         3789.0         3789.0         3768.1         <3768	3759.8 Dec 10,500 6,300 3,900 2,500 1,240 1,110 590 Dec 3791.4 3788.0 3777.8 3769.7 <3768 <3768	EL. 3783.7 EL. 3783.7 EL. 3783.7 EL. 3783.7 EL. 3780.0 (ST EL. 3768.0 (ST COMPACTED EARTH
Monthly Flov Equa ABLE VTAKE Statistical High Water (Flood Conditions) Monthly Flo Equa Monthly Flo Equa Monthly Flo Equa Monthly Flo Equa Monthly Flo Equa Monthly Flo	led or Exceeded         1: MONTH         STRUCTU         low Condition         1% Probable Flood         5% Probable Flood         20% Probable Flood         50% Probable Flood         50% Probable Flood         w Duration 25% of Time         aled or Exceeded         an Monthly Flow         w Duration 75% of Time         aled or Exceeded         low Condition         1% Probable Flood         5% Probable Flood         so Condition         1% Probable Flood         5% Probable Flood         so Condition         1% Probable Flood         50% Probable Flood         50% Probable Flood         50% Probable Flood         so Frobable Flood         so Frobable Flood         so Frobable Flood         w Duration 25% of Time         aled or Exceeded         an Monthly Flow         w Duration 75% of Time         aled or Exceeded         an Monthly Flow         w Duration 75% of Time         aled or Exceeded         an Monthly Flow         w Duration 75% of Time	R       E       F         Jan       14,000         8,000       4,400         2,600       1,850         1,850       1,500         600       0         Jan       1,500         1,500       600         Jan       1,500         1,500	Feb         14,200         9,700         4,900         2,700         2,540         1,900         630	Mar 14,200 10,900 8,000 6,300 2,800 1,220 Mar	Apr 13,600 9,400 6,800 4,500 3,390 2,370 1,040 Apr	May         9,900         6,800         4,300         2,700         2,330         1,760         980         Wate         May         STEA	3761.0 ) Y - S ) P O S Jun 1 - 15 7,300 4,400 2,800 1,800 1,670 1,330 820 ter Surface L Jun 1 - 15 3789.1 3781.7 3769.8 3768.0 <3768 3768 <3768	3760.5 TATE ST − D Jun 16 - 30 4,400 2,800 1,800 1,800 1,400 1,020 960 730 evel at Emban 5 Jun 16 - 30 3781.7 3769.8 3768.0 <3768 3768.0 <3768 3768 3768	3760.2 WATE AWD Jul 1 -15 3,200 2,100 1,400 1,000 810 740 660 kment - Sta Jul 1 -15 3773.7 3768.1 3773.7 3768.1 <3768 <3768 <3768 <3768	3760.2 R LEV OWN Discharge (cfs Jul 16 - 30 1,800 1,700 1,500 1,400 830 760 670 670 1,400 830 760 670 3768 43768 <3768 <3768 <3768 <3768 <3768 <3768 <3768	3760.0 /ELS Aug 1,800 1,700 1,700 1,700 1,400 810 1,400 810 3768 3768 3768 3768 3768 3768 3768 3768 3768 3768 3768 3768 3768 3768 3768 3768	3760.5         AT         Sep 1 - 15         2,500         2,100         1,700         1,400         880         730         Ppen, Power         3769.7         3768.1         <3768	3760.4         3760.4         3760.4         3760.4         3,000         3,000         2,400         1,900         1,900         1,500         880         790         710         3768.0         3768.7         3768.0         3768.0         3768.0         3768.0         3768.0         3768.0         3768.0	3760.6       3         Oct 1 -15       Oct         3,800       4         2,900       3         2,200       2         1,700       1         890       3         890       3         750       7         0ct 1 -15       Oct         3777.4       37         3770.2       37         3768.2       37         3768.2       37         3768       <	3760.7         16 - 31         ,600         ,300         ,400         ,700         950         390         760         16 - 31         N         760         774.8         768.7         73768         3768         3768	3760.8         Iov 1 - 15         5,500         3,800         2,600         1,800         1,800         1,800         1,800         3787.7         3787.7         3777.4         3769.7         3768.0         <3768.0	3760.1         Iov 16 - 30         7,200         4,400         2,900         2,900         2,000         820         950         650         4000         3789.0         3789.0         3789.0         3768.1         <3768	3759.8 Dec 10,500 6,300 3,900 2,500 1,240 1,110 590 Dec 3791.4 3788.0 3777.8 3769.7 <3768 <3768	EMBANKMENT CREST EL. 3803.7 EL. 3783.7 EL. 3783.7 EL. 3770.7 EL. 3770.7 EL. 3770.7 EL. 3770.7 AUGUST 17, P PLOOD WSL EL. 3770.7 AUGUST 17, P PLOOD WSL EL. 3770.7 AUGUST 17, P PLOOD WSL FL. (ZONE 2) ROCK
Monthly Flov Equa ABLE JTAKE Statistical High Water (Flood Conditions) Monthly Flo Equa Monthly Flo Equa Monthly Flo Equa Monthly Flo Equa Monthly Flo Equa Monthly Flo	led or Exceeded         1: MONTH         STRUCTU         low Condition         1% Probable Flood         5% Probable Flood         20% Probable Flood         50% Probable Flood         50% Probable Flood         w Duration 25% of Time         aled or Exceeded         an Monthly Flow         w Duration 75% of Time         aled or Exceeded         low Condition         1% Probable Flood         5% Probable Flood         so Condition         1% Probable Flood         5% Probable Flood         so Condition         1% Probable Flood         50% Probable Flood         50% Probable Flood         50% Probable Flood         so Frobable Flood         so Frobable Flood         so Frobable Flood         w Duration 25% of Time         aled or Exceeded         an Monthly Flow         w Duration 75% of Time         aled or Exceeded         an Monthly Flow         w Duration 75% of Time         aled or Exceeded         an Monthly Flow         w Duration 75% of Time	R       E       F         Jan       14,000         8,000       4,400         2,600       1,850         1,850       1,500         600       0         Jan       1,500         1,500       600         Jan       1,500         1,500	Feb         14,200         9,700         4,900         2,700         2,540         1,900         630	Mar 14,200 10,900 8,000 6,300 2,800 1,220 Mar	Apr 13,600 9,400 6,800 4,500 3,390 2,370 1,040 Apr	May         9,900         6,800         4,300         2,700         2,330         1,760         980         Wate         May         STEA	3761.0 ) Y - S ) P O S Jun 1 - 15 7,300 4,400 2,800 1,800 1,670 1,330 820 ter Surface L Jun 1 - 15 3789.1 3781.7 3769.8 3768.0 <3768 3768 <3768	3760.5 TATE ST − D Jun 16 - 30 4,400 2,800 1,800 1,800 1,400 1,020 960 730 evel at Emban 5 Jun 16 - 30 3781.7 3769.8 3768.0 <3768 3768.0 <3768 3768 3768	3760.2 WATE AWD Jul 1 -15 3,200 2,100 1,400 1,000 810 740 660 kment - Sta Jul 1 -15 3773.7 3768.1 3773.7 3768.1 <3768 <3768 <3768 <3768	3760.2 R LEV OWN Discharge (cfs Jul 16 - 30 1,800 1,700 1,500 1,400 830 760 670 670 1,400 830 760 670 3768 43768 <3768 <3768 <3768 <3768 <3768 <3768 <3768	3760.0 /ELS Aug 1,800 1,700 1,700 1,700 1,400 810 760 630 810 760 630 810 3768.0 43768 3768 3768 3768 3768 3768 43768 3768 3768 437	3760.5         AT         Sep 1 - 15         2,500         2,100         1,700         1,400         880         730         Ppen, Power         3769.7         3768.1         <3768	3760.4         3760.4         3760.4         3760.4         3,000         3,000         2,400         1,900         1,900         1,500         880         790         710         3768.0         3768.7         3768.0         3768.0         3768.0         3768.0         3768.0         3768.0         3768.0	3760.6       3         Oct 1 -15       Oct         3,800       4         2,900       3         2,200       2         1,700       1         890       3         890       3         750       7         0ct 1 -15       Oct         3777.4       37         3770.2       37         3768.2       37         3768.2       37         3768       <	3760.7         16 - 31         ,600         ,300         ,400         ,700         950         390         760         16 - 31         N         760         774.8         768.7         73768         3768         3768	3760.8         Iov 1 - 15         5,500         3,800         2,600         1,800         1,800         1,800         1,800         3787.7         3787.7         3777.4         3769.7         3768.0         <3768.0	3760.1         Iov 16 - 30         7,200         4,400         2,900         2,900         2,000         820         950         650         4000         3789.0         3789.0         3789.0         3768.1         <3768	3759.8 Dec 10,500 6,300 3,900 2,500 1,240 1,110 590 Dec 3791.4 3788.0 3777.8 3769.7 <3768 <3768	EMBANKMENT CREST EL. 3803.7 EL. 3783.7 EL. 3783.7 EL. 3720.7 AUGIST 1% FP FLOOD west EL. 3720.7 AUGIST 1% FP FLOOD west EL. 3768.5 COMPACTED EARTH FILL (ZONE 2) ROCK
Monthly Flov Equa ABLE VTAKE Statistical High Water (Flood Conditions) Monthly Flo Equa Monthly Flo Equa Monthly Flo Equa Monthly Flo Equa Monthly Flo Equa Monthly Flo	led or Exceeded         1: MONTH         STRUCTU         low Condition         1% Probable Flood         5% Probable Flood         20% Probable Flood         50% Probable Flood         50% Probable Flood         w Duration 25% of Time         aled or Exceeded         an Monthly Flow         w Duration 75% of Time         aled or Exceeded         low Condition         1% Probable Flood         5% Probable Flood         so Condition         1% Probable Flood         5% Probable Flood         so Condition         1% Probable Flood         50% Probable Flood         50% Probable Flood         50% Probable Flood         so Frobable Flood         so Frobable Flood         so Frobable Flood         w Duration 25% of Time         aled or Exceeded         an Monthly Flow         w Duration 75% of Time         aled or Exceeded         an Monthly Flow         w Duration 75% of Time         aled or Exceeded         an Monthly Flow         w Duration 75% of Time	R       E       F         Jan       14,000         8,000       4,400         2,600       1,850         1,850       1,500         600       0         Jan       1,500         1,500       600         Jan       1,500         1,500	Feb         14,200         9,700         4,900         2,700         2,540         1,900         630	Mar 14,200 10,900 8,000 6,300 2,800 1,220 Mar	Apr 13,600 9,400 6,800 4,500 3,390 2,370 1,040 Apr	May         9,900         6,800         4,300         2,700         2,330         1,760         980         Wate         May         STEA	3761.0 ) Y - S ) P O S Jun 1 - 15 7,300 4,400 2,800 1,800 1,670 1,330 820 ter Surface L Jun 1 - 15 3789.1 3781.7 3769.8 3768.0 <3768 3768 <3768	3760.5 TATE ST − D Jun 16 - 30 4,400 2,800 1,800 1,800 1,400 1,020 960 730 evel at Emban 5 Jun 16 - 30 3781.7 3769.8 3768.0 <3768 3768.0 <3768 3768 3768	3760.2 WATE AWD Jul 1 -15 3,200 2,100 1,400 1,000 810 740 660 kment - Sta Jul 1 -15 3773.7 3768.1 3773.7 3768.1 <3768 <3768 <3768 <3768	3760.2 R LEV OWN Discharge (cfs Jul 16 - 30 1,800 1,700 1,500 1,400 830 760 670 670 1,400 830 760 670 3768 43768 <3768 <3768 <3768 <3768 <3768 <3768 <3768	3760.0 /ELS Aug 1,800 1,700 1,700 1,700 1,400 810 760 630 810 760 630 810 3768.0 43768 3768 3768 3768 3768 3768 43768 3768 3768 437	3760.5         AT         Sep 1 - 15         2,500         2,100         1,700         1,400         880         730         769.7         3768.1         3768.1         <3768	3760.4         3760.4         Sep 16 - 30         3,000         2,400         1,900         1,900         1,500         880         790         710         Sep 16 - 30         3771.1         3768.7         3768.7         3768.0         <3768	3760.6       3         Oct 1 -15       Oct         3,800       4         2,900       3         2,200       2         1,700       1         890       3         890       3         750       7         0ct 1 -15       Oct         3777.4       37         3770.2       37         3768.2       37         3768.2       37         3768       <	3760.7         16 - 31         ,600         ,300         ,400         ,700         950         390         760         16 - 31         N         760         774.8         768.7         73768         3768         3768	3760.8         Iov 1 - 15       I         5,500       1         3,800       1         2,600       1         1,020       1         980       1         780       1         3787.7       1         3768.0       1         3768.0       1         3768.0       1         3768.0       1         3768.0       1         3768.0       1         3768.0       1         3768.0       1         SEE       N	3760.1         Iov 16 - 30         7,200         4,400         2,900         2,000         820         950         650         3789.0         3789.0         3789.0         3768.1         <3768	3759.8 Dec 10,500 6,300 3,900 2,500 1,240 1,110 590 Dec 3791.4 3788.0 3777.8 3769.7 <3768 <3768	EMEANOMENT CREST EL. 3803.7 L. 3783.7 L. 3770.7 AUGUST 17, P PLOOD WSL L. 3770.7 AUGUST 17, P PLOOD WSL L. 3760.0 COMPACTED EARTH FLL (20ME 2) ROCK B SECTION - UPSTREAM EMBANKMEN (1089) 1° = 10°
Monthly Flov Equa ABLE VTAKE Statistical High Water (Flood Conditions) Monthly Flo Equa Monthly Flo Equa Monthly Flo Equa Monthly Flo Equa Monthly Flo Equa Mea Monthly Flo	led or Exceeded         1: MONTH         STRUCTU         low Condition         1% Probable Flood         5% Probable Flood         20% Probable Flood         50% Probable Flood         50% Probable Flood         w Duration 25% of Time         aled or Exceeded         an Monthly Flow         w Duration 75% of Time         aled or Exceeded         low Condition         1% Probable Flood         5% Probable Flood         so Condition         1% Probable Flood         5% Probable Flood         so Condition         1% Probable Flood         50% Probable Flood         50% Probable Flood         50% Probable Flood         so Frobable Flood         so Frobable Flood         so Frobable Flood         w Duration 25% of Time         aled or Exceeded         an Monthly Flow         w Duration 75% of Time         aled or Exceeded         an Monthly Flow         w Duration 75% of Time         aled or Exceeded         an Monthly Flow         w Duration 75% of Time	R       E       F         Jan       14,000         8,000       4,400         2,600       1,850         1,850       1,500         600       0         Jan       1,500         1,500       600         Jan       1,500         1,500	Feb         14,200         9,700         4,900         2,700         2,540         1,900         630	Mar 14,200 10,900 8,000 6,300 2,800 1,220 Mar	Apr 13,600 9,400 6,800 4,500 3,390 2,370 1,040 Apr	May         9,900         6,800         4,300         2,700         2,330         1,760         980         Wate         May         STEA	3761.0 ) Y - S ) P O S Jun 1 - 15 7,300 4,400 2,800 1,800 1,670 1,330 820 ter Surface L Jun 1 - 15 3789.1 3781.7 3769.8 3768.0 <3768 3768 <3768	3760.5 TATE ST — D Jun 16 - 30 4,400 2,800 1,800 1,400 1,020 960 730 evel at Emban 5 Jun 16 - 30 3781.7 3769.8 3768.0 3768.0 3768.0 3768.0 3768.0 3768.0 3768.0 CATE ND PC	3760.2 WATE AWD Jul 1 -15 3,200 2,100 1,400 1,000 810 740 660 kment - Sta 3773.7 3768.1 3773.7 3768.1 <3768 <3768 <3768 <3768 <3768 <3768	3760.2 R LEV OWN Discharge (cfs Jul 16 - 30 1,800 1,700 1,500 1,400 830 760 670 670 1,400 830 760 670 3768 43768 <3768 <3768 <3768 <3768 <3768 <3768 <3768	3760.0 /ELS Aug 1,800 1,700 1,700 1,700 1,400 810 760 630 810 760 630 810 3768.0 43768 3768 3768 3768 3768 3768 43768 3768 3768 437	3760.5         AT         Sep 1 - 15         2,500         2,100         1,700         1,400         880         730         769.7         3768.1         3768.1         <3768	3760.4         3760.4         Sep 16 - 30         3,000         2,400         1,900         1,500         880         790         710         Sep 16 - 30         3771.1         3768.7         3768.7         3768.7         3768.7         3768.0         <3768	3760.6       3         Oct 1 -15       Oct         3,800       4         2,900       3         2,200       2         1,700       1         890       3         810       6         750       7         0ct 1 -15       Oct         3777.4       37         3768.2       37         3768.2       37         3768       <	3760.7         16 - 31       N         ,600          ,300          ,400          ,700          950          950          950          760          16 - 31       N         784.6          768.7          3768          3768          3768          3768	3760.8         Iov 1 - 15         5,500         3,800         2,600         1,800         1,020         980         780         3787.7         3768.0         3768.0         <3768.0	3760.1 Aov 16 - 30 7,200 4,400 2,900 2,000 820 950 650 0 3789.0 3789.0 3781.7 3770.2 3768.1 37768.1 37768.1 37768.1 0 3768.1 43768 3768.1 0 3768.1 43768	3759.8 Dec 10,500 6,300 3,900 2,500 1,240 1,110 590 Dec 3791.4 3788.0 3777.8 3769.7 <3768 <3768	EL. 3783.7 EL. 3783.7 EL. 3783.7 EL. 3783.7 EL. 3783.0 EL. 3778.0 EL. 3783.0 EL. 3783.0 EL. 3783.0 EL. 3783.0 EL. 3783.0 EL. 3778.0 EL. 37
Monthly Flov Equa ABLE VTAKE Statistical High Water (Flood Conditions) Monthly Flo Equa Mea Monthly Flo Equa Mea Monthly Flo Equa Mea Monthly Flo Equa Mea Monthly Flo Equa	led or Exceeded         1: MONTH         STRUCTU         low Condition         1% Probable Flood         5% Probable Flood         20% Probable Flood         50% Probable Flood         50% Probable Flood         w Duration 25% of Time         aled or Exceeded         an Monthly Flow         w Duration 75% of Time         aled or Exceeded         low Condition         1% Probable Flood         5% Probable Flood         so Condition         1% Probable Flood         5% Probable Flood         so Condition         1% Probable Flood         50% Probable Flood         50% Probable Flood         50% Probable Flood         so Frobable Flood         so Frobable Flood         so Frobable Flood         w Duration 25% of Time         aled or Exceeded         an Monthly Flow         w Duration 75% of Time         aled or Exceeded         an Monthly Flow         w Duration 75% of Time         aled or Exceeded         an Monthly Flow         w Duration 75% of Time	RE F Jan 14,000 8,000 4,400 2,600 1,850 1,500 600 Jan HLY ANKM	Feb         14,200         9,700         4,900         2,700         2,540         1,900         630	Mar 14,200 10,900 8,000 6,300 1,220 Mar Mar	Apr 13,600 9,400 6,800 4,500 3,390 2,370 1,040 Apr Apr	May         9,900         6,800         4,300         2,700         2,330         1,760         980         Wate         May         STEA	3761.0 Y S D P O S Jun 1 - 15 7,300 4,400 2,800 1,800 1,670 1,330 820 <b>ter Surface La</b> 3789.1 3789.1 3789.1 3789.1 3789.1 3789.1 3789.1 3789.1 3789.1 3789.1 3789.1 3789.1 3789.1 3789.1 3789.1 3789.1 3789.1 S A N A N	3760.5 TATE ST — D Jun 16 - 30 4,400 2,800 1,800 1,400 1,020 960 730 evel at Emban 5 Jun 16 - 30 3781.7 3769.8 3768.0 3778.0 3768.0 3768.0 3768.0 3768.0 3768.0 0 CATE D P C	3760.2 WATE AWD Jul 1 -15 3,200 2,100 1,400 1,400 1,000 810 740 660 kment - Sta 3773.7 3768.1 <3768 3773.7 3768.1 <3768 <3768 <3768 <3768	3760.2 R LEV OWN Discharge (cfs Jul 16 - 30 1,800 1,700 1,500 1,400 830 760 670 670 1,400 830 760 670 3768 43768 <3768 <3768 <3768 <3768 <3768 <3768 <3768	3760.0 /ELS Aug 1,800 1,700 1,700 1,700 1,400 810 760 630 810 760 630 810 3768.0 43768 3768 3768 3768 3768 3768 43768 3768 3768 437	3760.5         AT         Sep 1 - 15         2,500         2,100         1,700         1,400         880         730         769.7         3768.1         3768.1         <3768	3760.4         3760.4         Sep 16 - 30         3,000         2,400         1,900         1,500         880         790         710         Sep 16 - 30         3771.1         3768.7         3768.7         3768.7         3768.7         3768.0         <3768	3760.6       3         Oct 1 -15       Oct         3,800       4         2,900       3         2,200       2         1,700       1         890       3         890       3         750       7         0ct 1 -15       Oct         3777.4       37         3770.2       37         3768.2       37         3768.2       37         3768       <	3760.7         16 - 31       N         ,600          ,300          ,400          ,700          950          950          950          760          16 - 31       N         784.6          768.7          3768          3768          3768          3768	3760.8         Iov 1 - 15       I         5,500       1         3,800       1         2,600       1         1,020       1         980       1         780       1         3787.7       1         3769.7       1         3768.0       1         <3768	3760.1 Aov 16 - 30 7,200 4,400 2,900 2,000 820 820 950 650 0 3789.0 3789.0 3781.7 3770.2 3768.1 3770.2 3768.1 43768 3768.1 0 3789.0 3789.0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	3759.8 Dec 10,500 6,300 3,900 2,500 1,240 1,110 590 Dec 3791.4 3788.0 3777.8 3769.7 <3768 <3768 <3768 <3768 <3768	EL. 3783.7 EL. 37
Monthly Flov Equa TABLE NTAKE Statistical High Water (Flood Conditions) Monthly Flo Equa Monthly Flo Equa	1: MONTH         STRUCTU         low Condition         1% Probable Flood         5% Probable Flood         20% Probable Flood         50% Probable Flood         50% Probable Flood         50% Probable Flood         an Monthly Flow         w Duration 25% of Time         aled or Exceeded         low Condition         1% Probable Flood         5% Probable Flood         20% Probable Flood         50% Probable Flood         20% Probable Flood         sold or Exceeded         an Monthly Flow         w Duration 25% of Time         aled or Exceeded         C         2: MONT         REAM         EAM         WITH DRAFT 1002         WITH DRAFT 1002	RE F Jan 14,000 8,000 4,400 2,600 1,850 1,500 600 Jan Jan 7 ANKM	Feb         14,200         9,700         4,900         2,700         1,900         630	Mar 14,200 10,900 8,000 6,300 1,220 Mar Mar	Apr 13,600 9,400 6,800 4,500 3,390 2,370 1,040 Apr Apr Apr CE CE	May         9,900         6,800         4,300         2,700         2,330         1,760         980         Wat         May         STEA         NDOW         STEA         NDOW         STEA         NDOW	3761.0 ) Y - ST ) POS Jun 1 - 15 7,300 4,400 2,800 1,800 1,670 1,330 820 er Surface La Jun 1 - 15 3789.1 ST ST ST ST ST ST ST ST ST ST	3760.5         IATE         ST — D         Jun 16 - 30         4,400         2,800         1,800         1,400         1,020         960         730         evel at Emban         Jun 16 - 30         3769.8         3768.0         3768.0         3768         3768         3768         3768         3768         STATE         D <pc< td="">         ND<pc< td=""></pc<></pc<>	3760.2 WATE AWD Jul 1 -15 3,200 2,100 1,400 1,400 1,000 810 740 660 kment - Sta 5,3768 3773.7 3768.1 3773.7 3768.1 3773.7 3768.1 3778.1 4 3778.1 5,3768 3778.1 3768 3778.1 3768 3778 3778.1	3760.2 R LEV OWN Discharge (cfs Jul 16 - 30 1,800 1,700 1,500 1,400 830 760 670 0 670 0 9 4 (Culverts Jul 16 - 30 3768.0 3768.0 3768 3768 <3768 <3768 <3768 <3768 <3768 <3768 Calverts DRAW	3760.0 /ELS Aug 1,800 1,700 1,700 1,700 1,400 810 760 630 810 760 630 810 3768.0 43768 3768 3768 3768 3768 3768 43768 3768 3768 437	3760.5         AT         Sep 1 - 15         2,500         2,100         1,700         1,400         880         730         Ppen, Power         3768.1         3768.1         <3768	3760.4         3760.4         Sep 16 - 30         3,000         2,400         1,900         1,900         1,500         880         790         710         Sep 16 - 30         3771.1         3768.7         3768.0         <3768	3760.6       3         Oct 1 -15       Oct         3,800       4         2,900       3         2,200       2         1,700       1         890       3         890       3         750       7         0ct 1 -15       Oct         3777.4       37         3768.2       37         3768.2       37         3768.2       37         3768.2       37         3768.2       37         3768.2       37         3768.2       37         3768       <	3760.7         16 - 31       N         ,600          ,300          ,400          ,700          950          950          950          950          760          16 - 31       N         784.6          768.7          3768          376	3760.8         Iov 1 - 15         5,500         3,800         2,600         1,800         1,800         1,020         980         780         3787.7         3777.4         3768.0         <3768.0	3760.1 Aov 16 - 30 7,200 4,400 2,900 2,000 820 32,000 650 0 3789.0 3789.0 3789.0 3781.7 3770.2 3768.1 3770.2 3768.1 4 3768.1 3770.2 0 CHARGE CLARGE	3759.8 Dec 10,500 6,300 3,900 2,500 1,240 1,110 590 0 0 0 0 0 1,240 1,110 590 3777.8 3769.7 3769.7 3768.0 3777.8 3769.7 <3768 37768 3768.1 3768.2 3	EVENKVENT CREST EL. 3803.7 EL. 3783.7 EL. 3786.7 EL. 3785.7 EL. 3785.7 EL
Monthly Flov Equa ABLE VTAKE Statistical High Water (Flood Conditions) Monthly Flo Equa Mea Monthly Flo Equa Mea Monthly Flo Equa Mea Monthly Flo Equa Mea Monthly Flo Equa Mea Monthly Flo Equa Mea Monthly Flo	1: MONTH         STRUCTU         low Condition         1% Probable Flood         5% Probable Flood         20% Probable Flood         50% Probable Flood         soft Probable Flood         an Monthly Flow         w Duration 25% of Time         aled or Exceeded         low Condition         1% Probable Flood         soft Probable Flood         an Monthly Flow         w Duration 25% of Time         aled or Exceeded         an Monthly Flow         w Duration 25% of Time         aled or Exceeded         an Monthly Flow         w Duration 75% of Time         aled or Exceeded         an Monthly Flow         w Duration 75% of Time         aled or Exceeded         an Monthly Flow         w Duration 75% of Time         aled or Exceeded         C         2: MONT         REAM       EMB         WITH DRAFT 1009         WITH DRAFT 1009         WITH DRAFT 1009         WITH 00% DESIGN	RE F Jan 14,000 8,000 4,400 2,600 1,850 1,500 600 Jan Jan 7 ANKM	Feb         14,200         9,700         4,900         2,700         1,900         630	Mar 14,200 10,900 8,000 6,300 1,220 Mar Mar	Apr 13,600 9,400 6,800 4,500 3,390 2,370 1,040 Apr Apr Apr CE CE CE	May         9,900         6,800         4,300         2,700         2,330         1,760         980         Wate         May         STEAI         NDOW         STEAI         NDOW	3761.0 Y S D P O S Jun 1 - 15 7,300 4,400 2,800 1,800 1,670 1,330 820 er Surface L Jun 1 - 15 3789.1 3789.1 3789.1 3789.1 3789.1 3789.1 3789.1 3789.1 3789.1 3789.1 3789.1 3789.1 3789.1 S N A N A N M 1 / 1/3/2 M 1 0/07/2 M 08/05/2	3760.5         IATE         ST — D         Jun 16 - 30         4,400         2,800         1,800         1,400         1,020         960         730         evel at Emban         Jun 16 - 30         3769.8         3768.0         3768.0         3768         3768         3768         STATE         D         D         O         IF THIS         ND         O         IF THIS         NOT N	3760.2 WATE AWD Jul 1 -15 3,200 2,100 1,400 1,000 810 740 660 kment - Sta Jul 1 -15 3773.7 3768.1 <3768 3773.7 3768.1 <3768 3778 3778.1 <3768 3778 3778 5 Jul 1 -15	3760.2 R LEV OWN Discharge (cfs Jul 16 - 30 1,800 1,700 1,500 1,400 830 760 670 0 670 0 9 4 (Culverts Jul 16 - 30 3768.0 3768.0 3768 3768 <3768 <3768 <3768 <3768 <3768 <3768 Calverts DRAW	3760.0 /ELS Aug 1,800 1,700 1,700 1,700 1,400 810 760 630 810 760 630 810 3768.0 43768 3768 3768 3768 3768 3768 43768 3768 3768 437	3760.5         AT         Sep 1 - 15         2,500         2,100         1,700         1,400         880         730         Ppen, Power         3768.1         3768.1         <3768	3760.4         3760.4         Sep 16 - 30         3,000         2,400         1,900         1,900         1,500         880         790         710         Sep 16 - 30         3771.1         3768.7         3768.0         <3768	3760.6       3         Oct 1 -15       Oct         3,800       4         2,900       3         2,200       2         1,700       1         890       3         810       6         750       7         0ct 1 -15       Oct         3777.4       37         3768.2       37         3768.2       37         3768       <	3760.7         16 - 31       N         ,600          ,300          ,400          ,700          950          950          950          950          760          16 - 31       N         784.6          768.7          3768          376	3760.8         Iov 1 - 15         5,500         3,800         2,600         1,800         1,020         980         780         3787.7         3769.7         3768.0         <3768.0	3760.1         Iov 16 - 30         7,200         4,400         2,900         2,900         2,000         820         950         650         00v 16 - 30         3789.0         3789.0         3770.2         3768.1         <3768	3759.8 Dec 10,500 6,300 3,900 2,500 1,240 1,110 590 Dec 3791.4 3788.0 3777.8 3769.7 <3768 <3768 <3768 <3768 <3768	EL. 3783.7 EL. 37

JCTURE MARCH 1% PROBABLE FLOOD WSL EL. 3793.8 (STAGE 3) JUNE 1 1% PROBABLE FLOOD WSL \_\_\_\_\_ JUNE 16 1% PROBABLE FLOOD WSL EL. 3781.7 (STAGE 4) <u>EL. 3783.7</u> \_\_/\_\_\_ JULY 1 1% PROBABLE FLOOD WSL EL. 3773.7 (STAGE 4) SEPTEMBER 1 1% PROBABLE FLOOD WSL EL. 3769.7 (STAGE 4) <u>EL. 3770.7</u> /\_\_\_\_\_ \_ \_\_ \_\_ \_\_ \_\_ \_\_ \_\_\_\_\_ JULY 16 1% PROBABLE AUGUST 1% PROBABLE FLOOD WSL FLOOD WSL EL. 3768.0 (STAGE 4) EL. 3768.0 (STAGE 4)





**KLAMATH RIVER RENEWAL PROJECT** 

HYDROLOGIC AND HYDRAULIC INFORMATION POST-DRAWDOWN WATER SURFACE LEVELS





















- EVENT PRIOR TO JULY 16. EVENT POST JULY 16.
- WILL INFLUENCE REMOVAL SCHEDULE.
- 9. ALL WATER LEVELS DENOTED BY <3768 INDICATE THAT THE INFLOW IS FULLY DIVERTED BY THE HISTORIC COFFERDAM. IN THESE CASES, THERE IS NO WATER SURFACE ELEVATION AT THE EMBANKMENT BUT ONLY AT THE INTAKE STRUCTURE.

20

1'' = 10'

PROJ #

DATE

DWG

-30

VA103-640/1

11/13/2020

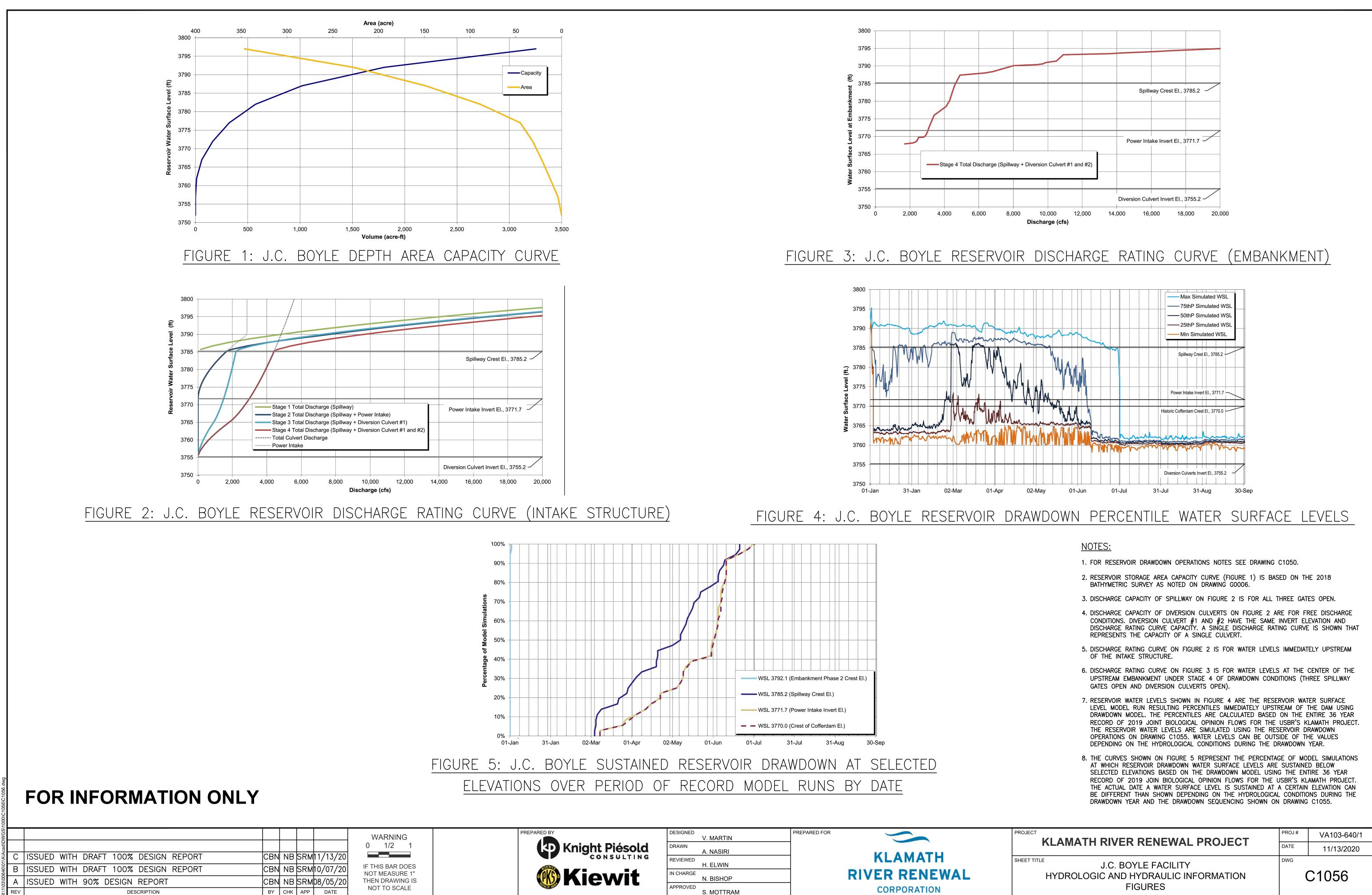
C1055

- 10. WATER LEVELS SHOWN ON THIS DRAWING ARE NO LONGER VALID ONCE THE CONTROL IS REVISED AND THE INTAKE/SPILLWAY STRUCTURE IS DEMOLISHED.
- MATERIALS CAN BE REMOVED ACCORDING TO THE STAGING DRAWINGS SHOWN ON C1234 TO C1239, SUCH THAT:
- 7.1. 3 ft FREEBOARD IS MAINTAINED ON THE RELEVANT FLOOD

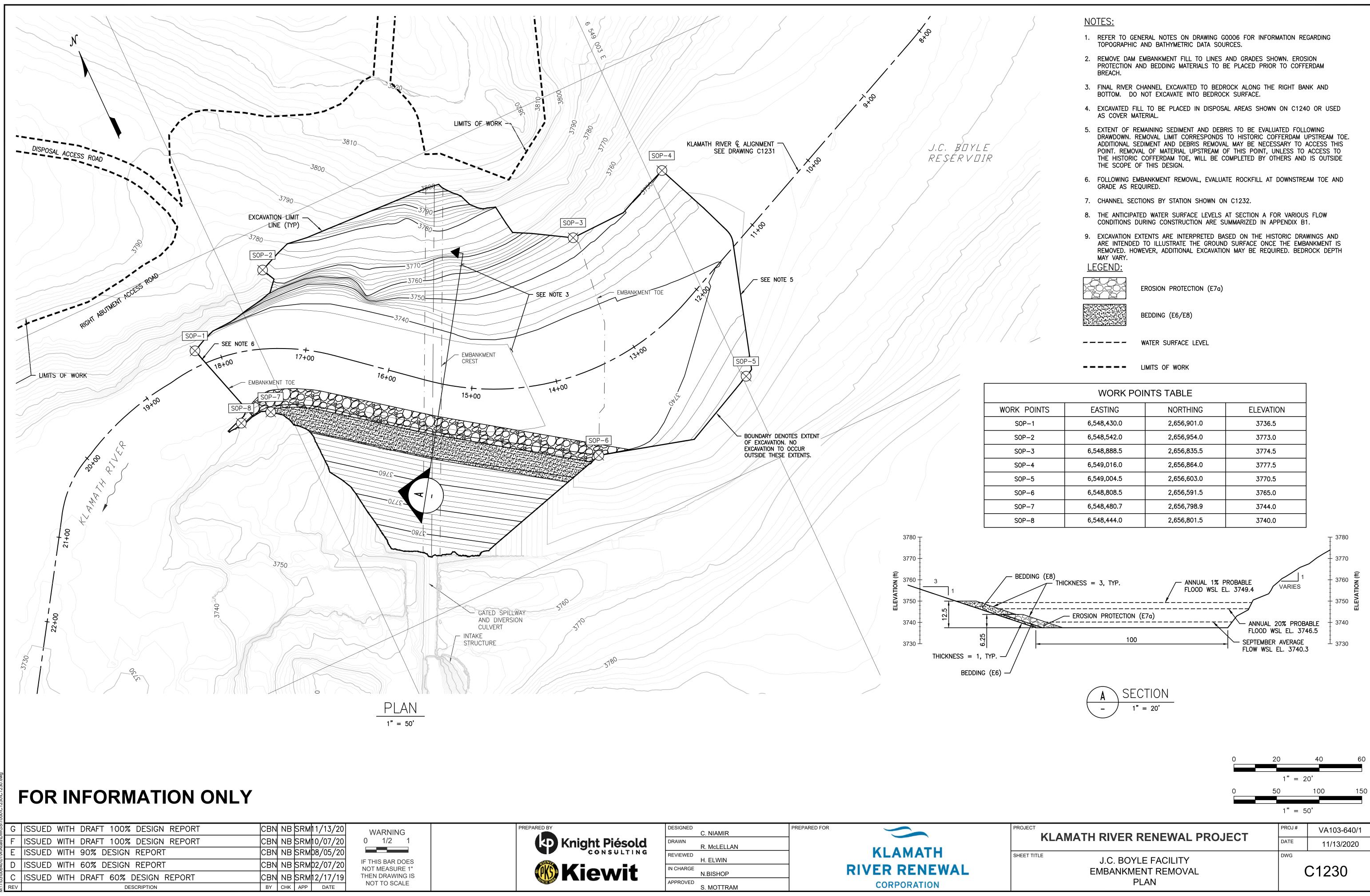
- 7.2. 1 ft FREEBOARD IS MAINTAINED ON THE RELEVANT FLOOD CONTRACTOR TO ASSESS THE FLOOD RISK BASED ON USBR 8. FORECAST REPORT AND CURRENT WATER CONDITIONS WHICH
- SURFACE LEVELS WITH SPILLWAY FLOW. MARCH 1% PROBABLE FLOOD WSL ON DRAWING C1050. \_\_\_\_\_\_ 7. STARTING JUNE 1 OF THE DRAWDOWN YEAR, EMBANKMENT \_\_\_\_\_
- SOURCES. 2. WATER SURFACE LEVELS SHOWN IN TABLE 2 AND SECTION B CORRESPOND TO LEVELS AT THE UPSTREAM FACE OF THE
- EMBANKMENT.
- 3. SELECT LEVELS SHOWN ON SECTIONS. ADDITIONAL LEVELS SHOWN ON TABLE 1.
- 4. THE WATER LEVELS IN TABLE 1 AND TABLE 2 ARE DETERMINED USING STEADY-STATE FLOWS IN TABLE 1 AND THE RATING
- CURVES SHOWN ON DRAWING C1056.
- 5. SHADED VALUES IN TABLE 1 AND TABLE 2 REPRESENT WATER
  - 6. BOLDED CELLS CORRESPOND TO RESERVOIR ELEVATIONS SHOWN

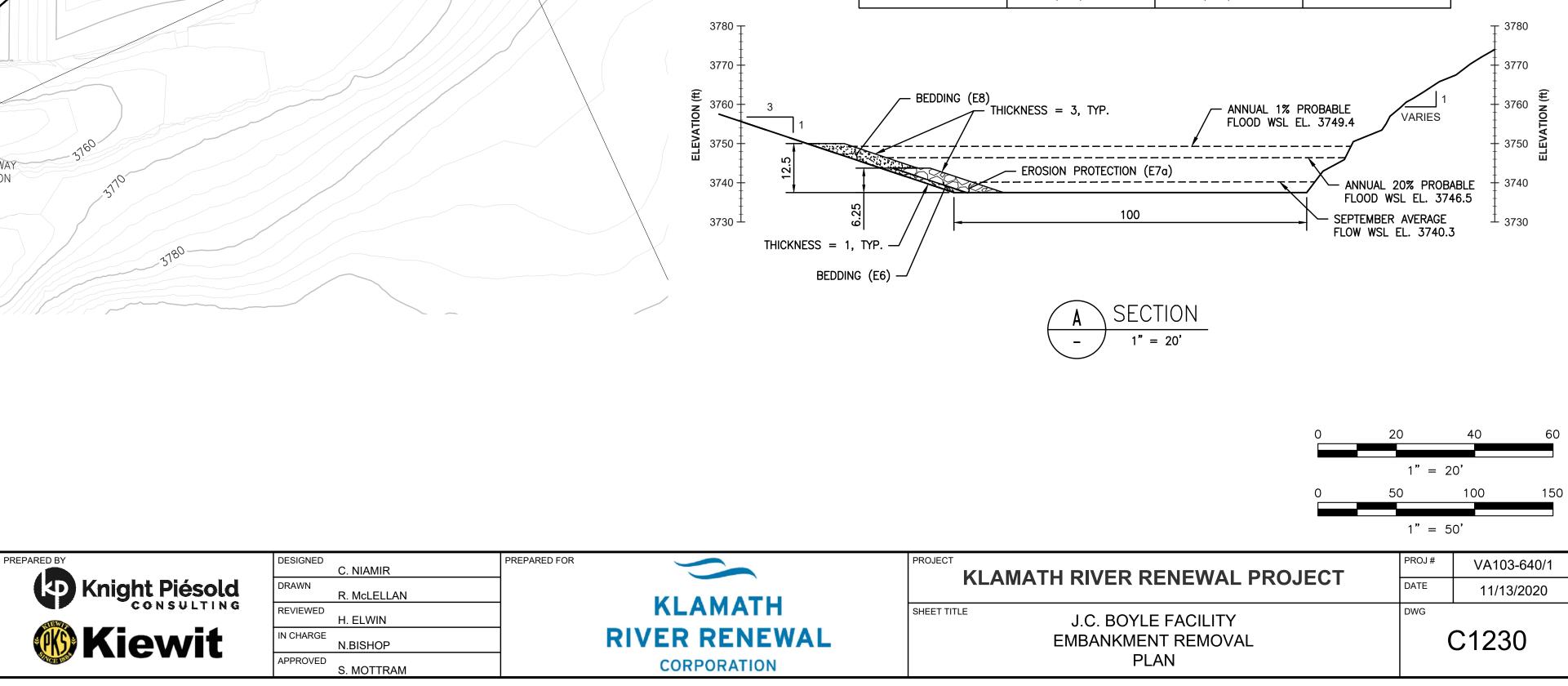
# 1. REFER TO GENERAL NOTES ON DRAWING GOOO6 FOR INFORMATION REGARDING TOPOGRAPHIC AND BATHYMETRIC DATA

— — — — — WATER SURFACE LEVEL

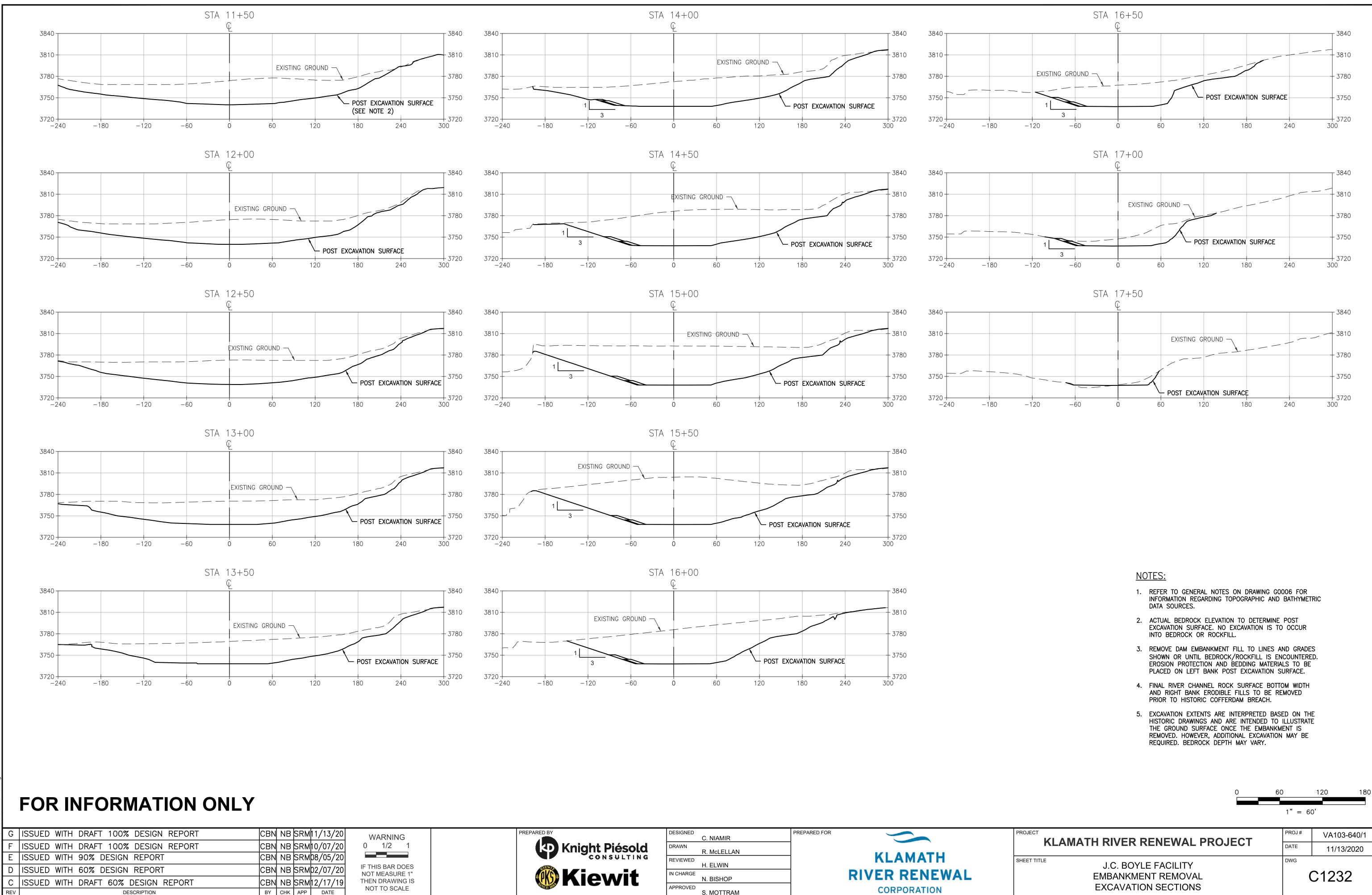


KLAMATH RIVER RENEWAL PROJECT	PROJ #	VA103-640/1
	DATE	11/13/2020
J.C. BOYLE FACILITY HYDROLOGIC AND HYDRAULIC INFORMATION FIGURES	DWG	C1056





	<u>NC</u>	DTES:
	1.	REFER TO GENERAL NOTES ON DRAWING GOOO6 FOR INFORMATION REGARDING TOPOGRAPHIC AND BATHYMETRIC DATA SOURCES.
	2.	REMOVE DAM EMBANKMENT FILL TO LINES AND GRADES SHOWN. EROSION PROTECTION AND BEDDING MATERIALS TO BE PLACED PRIOR TO COFFERDAM BREACH.
	3.	FINAL RIVER CHANNEL EXCAVATED TO BEDROCK ALONG THE RIGHT BANK AND BOTTOM. DO NOT EXCAVATE INTO BEDROCK SURFACE.
	4.	EXCAVATED FILL TO BE PLACED IN DISPOSAL AREAS SHOWN ON C1240 OR USED AS COVER MATERIAL.
	5.	EXTENT OF REMAINING SEDIMENT AND DEBRIS TO BE EVALUATED FOLLOWING DRAWDOWN. REMOVAL LIMIT CORRESPONDS TO HISTORIC COFFERDAM UPSTREAM TOE. ADDITIONAL SEDIMENT AND DEBRIS REMOVAL MAY BE NECESSARY TO ACCESS THIS POINT. REMOVAL OF MATERIAL UPSTREAM OF THIS POINT, UNLESS TO ACCESS TO THE HISTORIC COFFERDAM TOE, WILL BE COMPLETED BY OTHERS AND IS OUTSIDE THE SCOPE OF THIS DESIGN.
	6.	FOLLOWING EMBANKMENT REMOVAL, EVALUATE ROCKFILL AT DOWNSTREAM TOE AND GRADE AS REQUIRED.
	7.	CHANNEL SECTIONS BY STATION SHOWN ON C1232.
/	8.	THE ANTICIPATED WATER SURFACE LEVELS AT SECTION A FOR VARIOUS FLOW CONDITIONS DURING CONSTRUCTION ARE SUMMARIZED IN APPENDIX B1.
	9.	EXCAVATION EXTENTS ARE INTERPRETED BASED ON THE HISTORIC DRAWINGS AND ARE INTENDED TO ILLUSTRATE THE GROUND SURFACE ONCE THE EMBANKMENT IS REMOVED. HOWEVER, ADDITIONAL EXCAVATION MAY BE REQUIRED. BEDROCK DEPTH MAY VARY.
	LE	EGEND:
	K.	EROSION PROTECTION (E7a)
		BEDDING (E6/E8)
>		



DESIGNED C. NIAMIR	PREPARED FOR
DRAWN R. McLELLAN	
REVIEWED H. ELWIN	KLAMAT
IN CHARGE N. BISHOP	RIVER RENI
APPROVED S. MOTTRAM	CORPORATIO

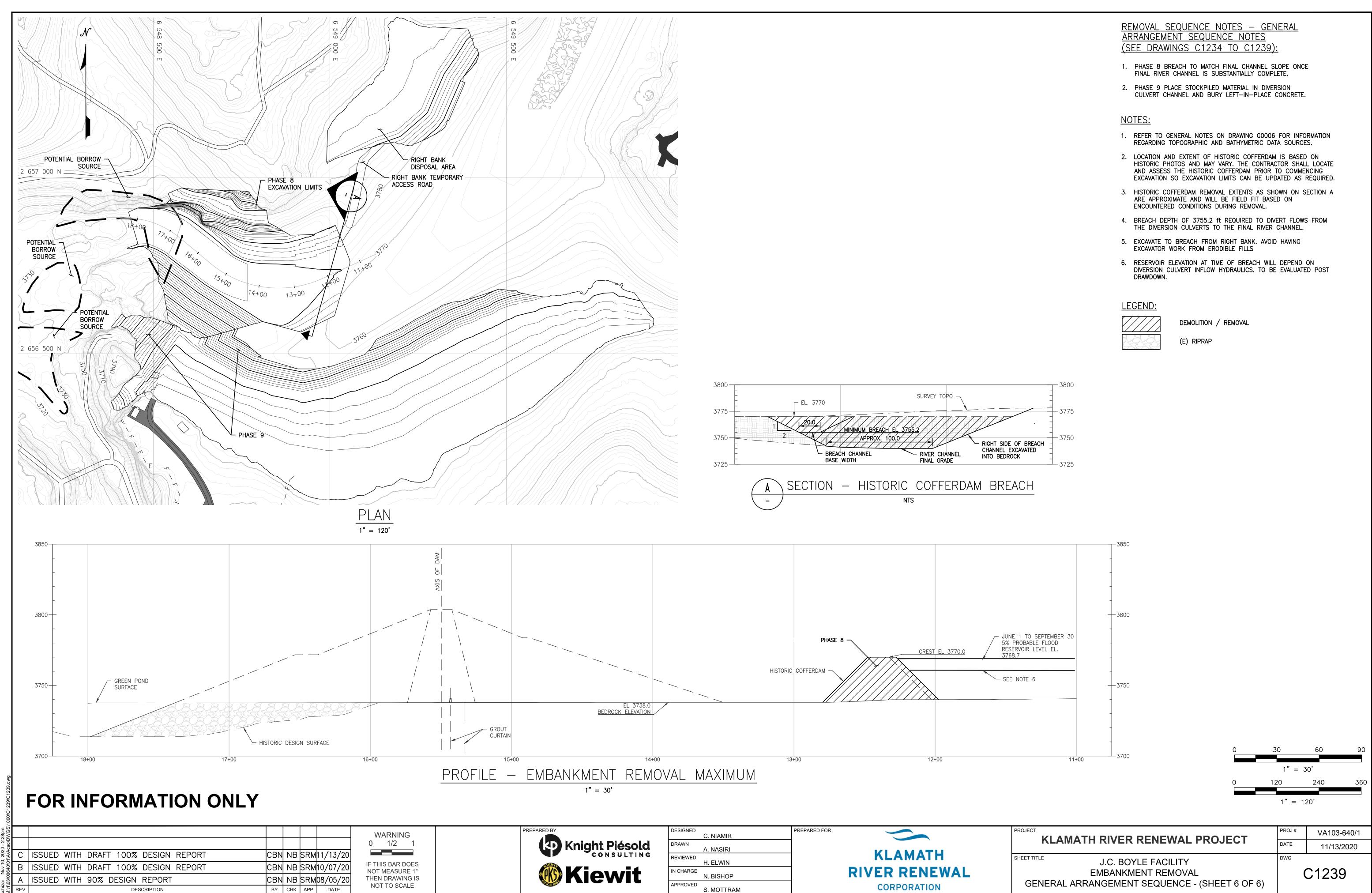
		0	60	120	180
			1" = 6	50'	
	MATH RIVER RENEWAL PROJ	ECT	PROJ #	VA103-6	640/1
<b>NLAI</b>	VIATH RIVER RENEWAL PROJ		DATE	11/13/2	2020
HEET TITLE	J.C. BOYLE FACILITY EMBANKMENT REMOVAL EXCAVATION SECTIONS		DWG	C1232	2

PUBLIC VERSION

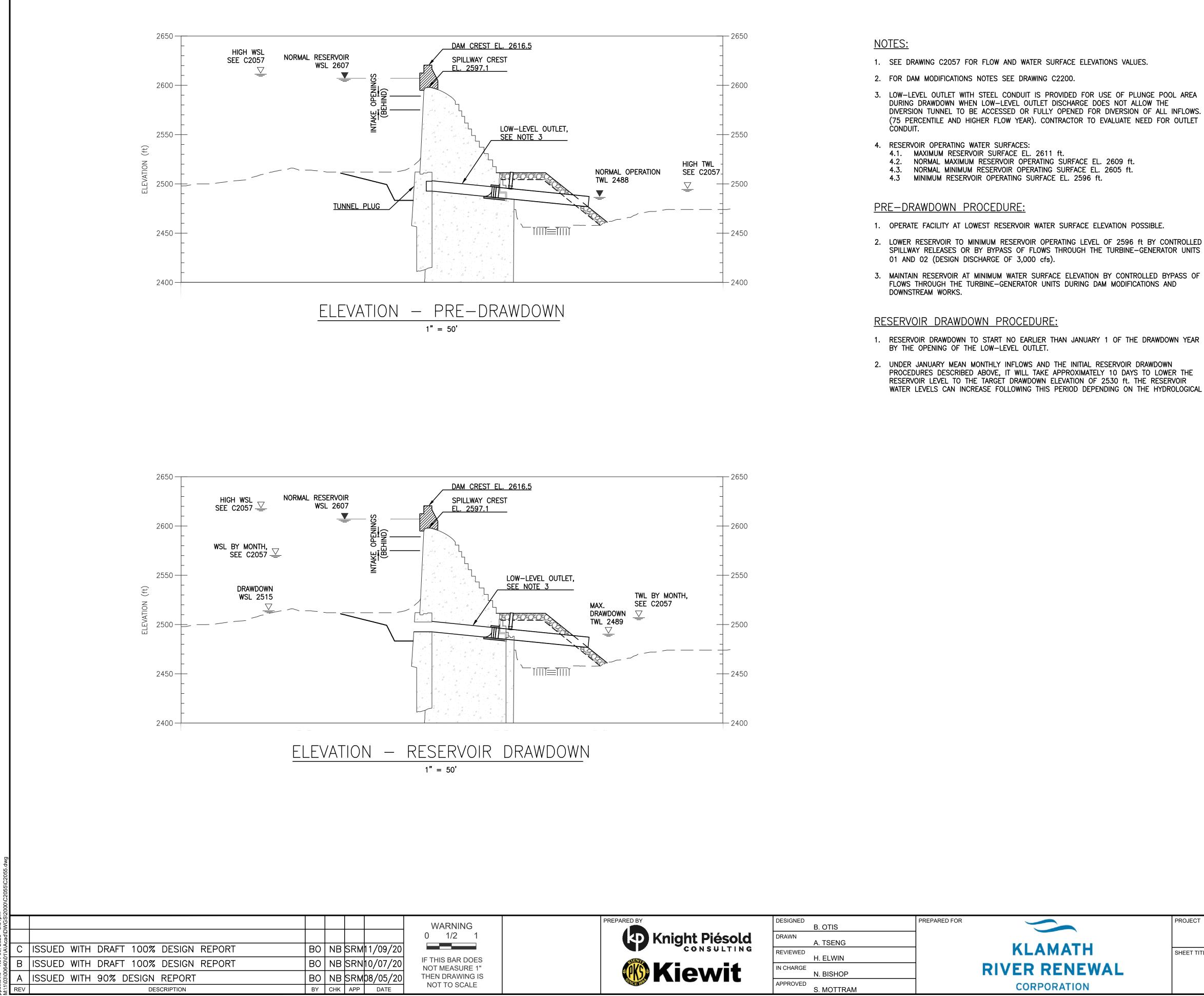
# CRITICAL ENERGY/ELECTRIC INFRASTRUCTURE INFORMATION (CEII)

### REDACTED

### **DESIGN SHEET C1234: EMBANKMENT REMOVAL**



GENERAL ARRANGEMENT SEQUENCE - (SHEET 6 OF 6)



CONDITIONS DURING THE DRAWDOWN YEAR.

- 3. OPEN AND OPERATE THE EXISTING DIVERSION TUNNEL AFTER THE FRESHET SEASON AND WHEN THE RESERVOIR WATER LEVEL IS AT OR BELOW 2530 ft.
- 4. DRAWDOWN COMPLETION IS DETERMINED WHEN THE RESERVOIR LEVEL FIRST REACHES THE ELEVATION WHERE THE HISTORIC DIVERSION DAM CONTROLS THE UPSTREAM WATER SURFACE LEVEL AT OR BELOW 2515 ft.

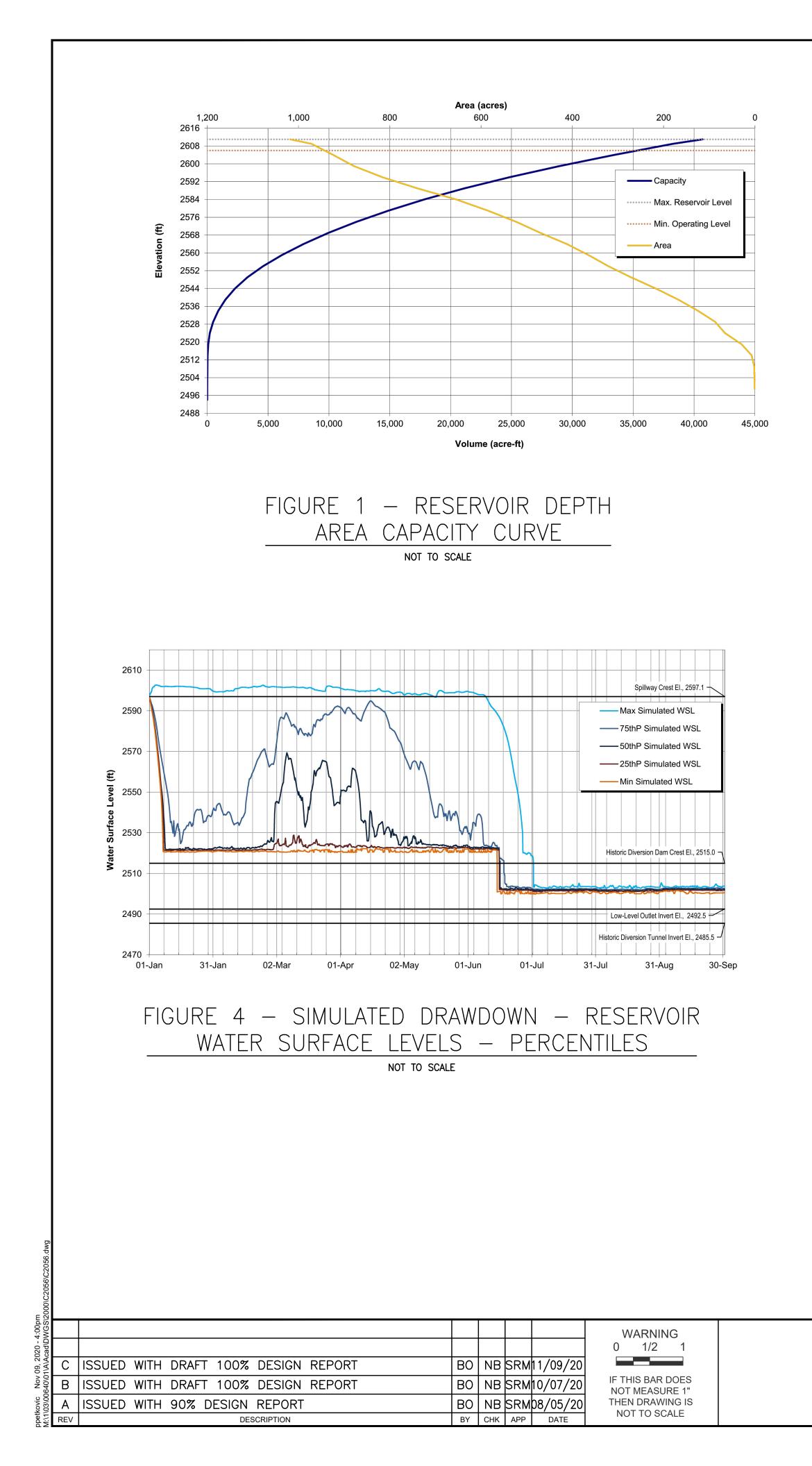
POST - DRAWDOWN/RIVER DIVERSION:

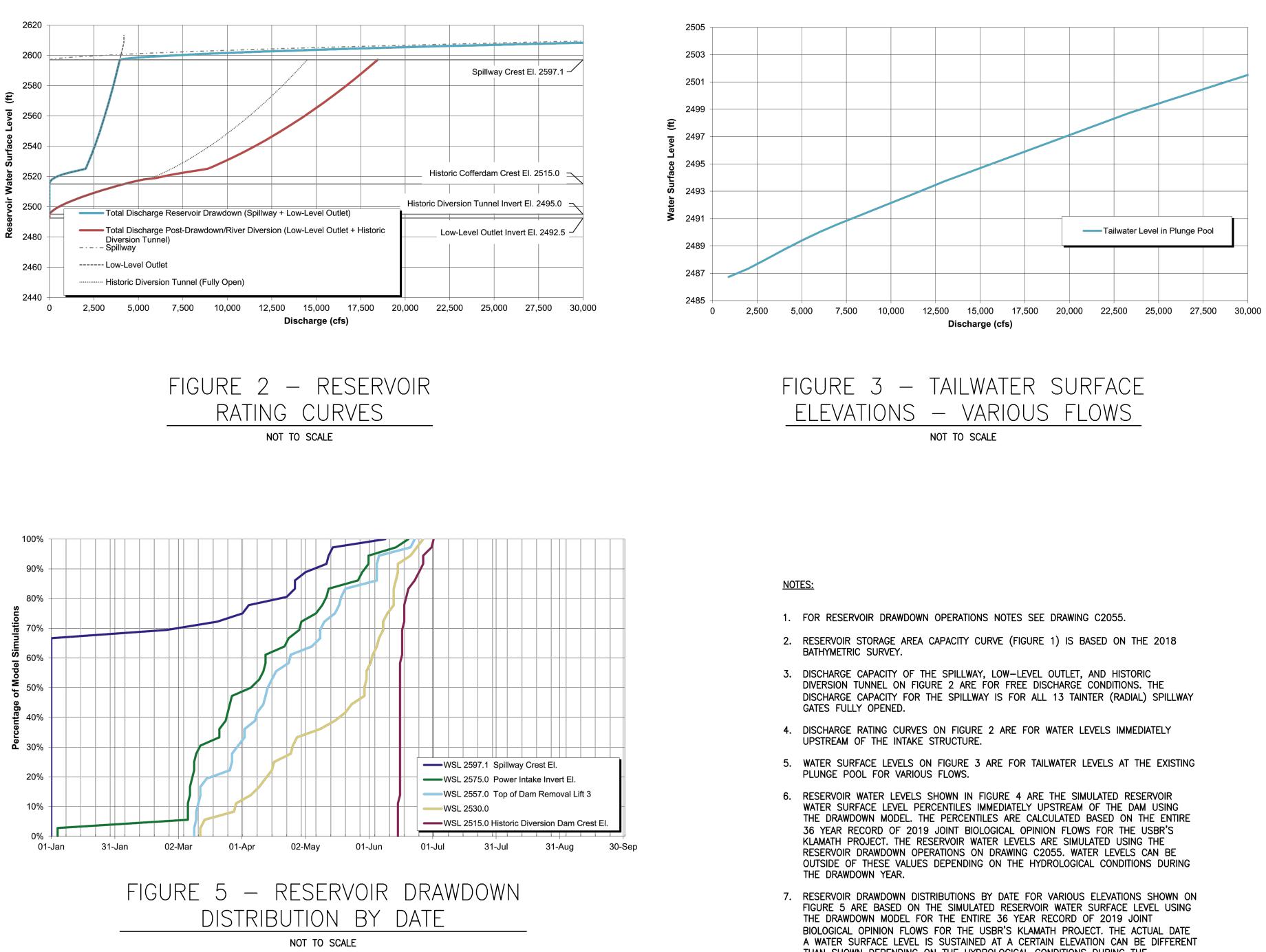
- 1. RESERVOIR DRAWDOWN IS COMPLETE ONCE THE INFLOWS INTO THE RESERVOIR ARE EQUAL TO THE DISCHARGE CAPACITY WITH NO RESERVOIR IMPOUNDMENT.
- 2. DIVERSION OF ALL INFLOWS THROUGH THE DIVERSION TUNNEL REQUIRES RE-ESTABLISHMENT OF THE HISTORIC DIVERSION DAM.

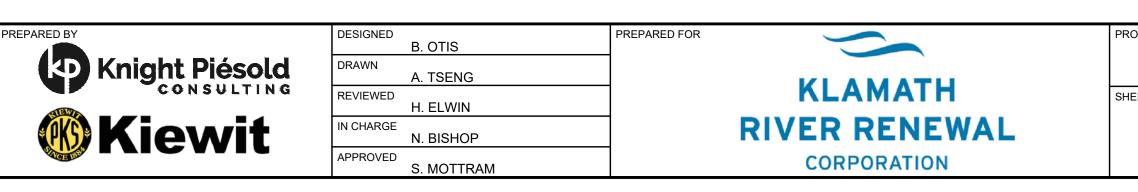
# FOR INFORMATION ONLY

100 150 1" = 50'

<b>KLAMATH RIVER RENEWAL PROJECT</b>	PROJ #	VA103-640/1
	DATE	11/09/2020
COPCO NO. 1 FACILITY HYDROLOGIC AND HYDRAULIC INFORMATION WATER SURFACE ELEVATIONS	DWG	C2055







- THAN SHOWN DEPENDING ON THE HYDROLOGICAL CONDITIONS DURING THE DRAWDOWN YEAR AND THE DRAWDOWN SEQUENCING SHOWN ON DRAWING C2055.

# FOR INFORMATION ONLY

<b>KLAMATH RIVER RENEWAL PROJECT</b>	PROJ #	VA103-640/1		
	DATE	11/09/2020		
COPCO NO. 1 FACILITY HYDROLOGIC AND HYDRAULIC INFORMATION FIGURES	dwg	C2056		

EI.	ow Condition								0	bischarge (cfs	<sup>5)</sup> , SEE NO	TE 3						
		Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	Мау	Jun 1 - 15	Jun 16 - 30	Jul 1 - 15	Jul 16 - 31	Aug	Sep 1-15	Sep 16-30	Oct 1-15	Oct 16-31	Nov 1-15	Nov 16-30	Dec
	1% Probable Flood	23,400	23,400	20,500	17,000	11,000	8,200	4,400	3,200	2,000	2,000	2,200	2,500	6,900	8,100	10,300	12,000	28,200
Statistical High Water	5% Probable Flood	11,800	11,800	13,000	11,100	7,400	4,500	2,900	2,000	1,600	1,600	1,900	2,100	6,300	6,000	6,600	7,800	15,900
(Flood Conditions)	20% Probable Flood	5,800	5,800	8,500	6,900	4,500	2,900	1,900	1,300	1,300	1,300	1,600	1,600	6,100	6,300	6,400	6,300	8,000
,	50% Probable Flood	3,000	3,000	6,500	4,600	2,900	1,900	1,400	1,100	1,200	1,200	1,300	1,300	5,200	5,200	5,600	5,900	6,400
-	w Duration 25% of Time led or Exceeded	2,280	2,920	4,430	3,920	2,700	1,840	1,230	1,080	1,060	1,050	1,100	1,110	1,100	1,190	1,260	1,080	1,600
	n Monthly Flow	1,910	2,360	3,230	2,790	2,110	1,620	1,210	990	990	980	1,030	1,030	1,050	1,140	1,230	1,240	1,490
-	w Duration 75% of Time led or Exceeded	900	940	1,630	1,410	1,290	1,080	970	860	870	850	940	940	960	990	1,040	940	900
						•	Reservo	oir Water Surf	ace Levels (	ft) - Drawdow	n Phase (Lo	w-Level Outle	et Open), SE	E NOTES	4 AND 5		<u> </u>	
FI	ow Condition	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	Мау	Jun 1 - 15	Jun 16 - 30	Jul 1 - 15	Jul 16 - 31	Aug	Sep 1-15	Sep 16-30	Oct 1-15	Oct 16-31	Nov 1-15	Nov 16-30	Dec
	1% Probable Flood	2606.5	2606.5	2605.6	2604.4	2602.1	2600.7	2597.9	2563.6	2524.9	2524.9	2529.6	2538.5	2599.9	2600.6	2601.7	2602.5	2607.9
Statistical High Water	5% Probable Flood	2602.4	2602.4	2602.9	2602.1	2600.2	2598.0	2552.2	2524.9	2523.9	2523.9	2524.7	2526.8	2599.5	2599.3	2599.7	2600.5	2604.0
(Flood Conditions)	20% Probable Flood	2599.2	2599.2	2600.8	2599.9	2598.0	2552.2	2524.7	2523.1	2523.1	2523.1	2523.9	2523.9	2599.4	2599.5	2599.6	2599.5	2600.6
	50% Probable Flood	2555.8	2555.8	2599.7	2598.1	2552.2	2524.7	2523.3	2522.5	2522.8	2522.8	2523.1	2523.1	2598.7	2598.7	2599.0	2599.3	2599.6
-	w Duration 25% of Time led or Exceeded	2531.9	2552.9	2597.9	2595.2	2545.1	2524.5	2522.9	2522.4	2522.4	2522.4	2522.5	2522.5	2522.5	2522.8	2523.0	2522.4	2523.9
Mea	n Monthly Flow	2524.7	2534.2	2564.8	2548.2	2527.1	2523.9	2522.8	2522.2	2522.2	2522.1	2522.3	2522.3	2522.4	2522.6	2522.9	2522.9	2523.0
-	w Duration 75% of Time led or Exceeded	2521.9	2522.0	2523.9	2523.4	2523.1	2522.4	2522.1	2521.7	2521.8	2521.7	2522.0	2522.0	2522.1	2522.2	2522.3	2522.0	2521.9
El	ow Condition					Reservoir Wa	ater Surface I	_evels (ft) - Po	ost-Drawdov	vn Phase (Lo	w-Level Outl	et and Histor	ic Diversion	Funnel Open	), SEE NO	TE 6		
		Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	Мау	Jun 1 - 15	Jun 16 - 30	Jul 1 - 15	Jul 16 - 31	Aug	Sep 1-15	Sep 16-30	Oct 1-15	Oct 16-31	Nov 1-15	Nov 16-30	Dec
	1% Probable Flood							2515.6	2511.7	2507.1	2507.1	2508.0	2509.1	2521.2	2523.6	2532.5	2543.0	2603.0
Statistical High Water	5% Probable Flood							2510.6	2507.1	2505.4	2505.4	2506.7	2507.6	2519.8	2519.0	2520.5	2523.0	2572.9
(Flood Conditions)	20% Probable Flood							2506.7	2504.1	2504.1	2504.1	2505.4	2505.4	2519.2	2519.8	2520.0	2519.8	2523.4
	50% Probable Flood							2504.5	2503.1	2503.6	2503.6	2504.1	2504.1	2517.7	2517.7	2518.4	2518.8	2520.
•	w Duration 25% of Time led or Exceeded							2503.8	2503.0	2502.9	2502.9	2503.1	2503.2	2503.1	2503.6	2503.9	2503.0	2505.4
	n Monthly Flow							2503.7	2502.6	2502.6	2502.5	2502.8	2502.8	2502.9	2503.3	2503.8	2503.8	2505.
•	w Duration 75% of Time led or Exceeded							2502.4	2501.9	2501.9	2501.8	2502.3	2502.3	2502.4	2502.6	2502.8	2502.3	2502.

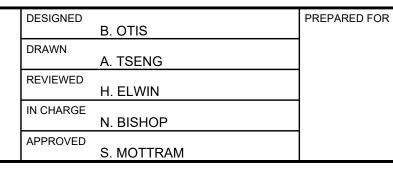
# TABLE 1 - MONTHLY INFLOWS AND STEADY-STATE WATER SURFACE LEVELS

4:16pm WGS\2(							WARNING
2020 - Acad\D							0 1/2 1
09, 1/A/	С	ISSUED WITH DRAFT 100% DESIGN REPORT	BO	NB	SRM	11/09/20	
: Nov 0640\0	В	ISSUED WITH DRAFT 100% DESIGN REPORT	BO	NB	SRM	10/07/20	IF THIS BAR DOES NOT MEASURE 1"
petkovic 1:\1\03\00	А	ISSUED WITH 90% DESIGN REPORT	BO	NB	SRM	08/05/20	THEN DRAWING IS NOT TO SCALE
M:\1	REV	DESCRIPTION	BY	СНК	APP	DATE	NOT TO SCALE

Flow Condition		Discharge (cfs), SEE_NOTE_7																
		Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	Мау	Jun 1 - 15	Jun 16 - 30	Jul 1 - 15	Jul 16 - 31	Aug	Sep 1-15	Sep 16-30	Oct 1-15	Oct 16-31	Nov 1-15	Nov 16-30	Dec
Statistical High Water (Flood Conditions)	1% Probable Flood	23,400	23,400	20,500	17,000	11,000	8,200	4,400	3,200	2,000	2,000	2,200	2,500	4,300	5,100	6,600	7,800	22,600
	5% Probable Flood	11,800	11,800	13,000	11,100	7,400	4,500	2,900	2,000	1,600	1,600	1,900	2,100	2,900	3,300	4,100	4,900	10,700
	20% Probable Flood	5,800	5,800	8,500	6,900	4,500	2,900	1,900	1,300	1,300	1,300	1,600	1,600	2,000	2,200	2,500	3,000	5,000
	50% Probable Flood	3,000	3,000	6,500	4,600	2,900	1,900	1,400	1,100	1,200	1,200	1,300	1,300	1,500	1,500	1,700	1,900	2,500
Monthly Flow Duration 25% of Time Equaled or Exceeded		2,280	2,920	4,430	3,920	2,700	1,840	1,230	1,080	1,060	1,050	1,100	1,110	1,100	1,190	1,260	1,080	1,600
Mean Monthly Flow		1,910	2,360	3,230	2,790	2,110	1,620	1,210	990	990	980	1,030	1,030	1,050	1,140	1,230	1,240	1,490
Monthly Flow Duration 75% of Time Equaled or Exceeded		900	940	1,630	1,410	1,290	1,080	970	860	870	850	940	940	960	990	1,040	940	900
Flow Condition		Reservoir Water Surface Levels (ft) - Pre-Drawdown Phase , SEE NOTES 8 AND 9																
		Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	Мау	Jun 1 - 15	Jun 16 - 30	Jul 1 - 15	Jul 16 - 31	Aug	Sep 1-15	Sep 16-30	Oct 1-15	Oct 16-31	Nov 1-15	Nov 16-30	Dec
Statistical High Water (Flood Conditions)	1% Probable Flood	2611.0	2611.0	2611.0	2611.0	2609.8	2604.3	2595.6	2592.5	2592.0	2592.0	2592.0	2592.0	2595.3	2597.3	2600.7	2603.4	2611.0
	5% Probable Flood	2611.0	2611.0	2611.0	2610.0	2602.5	2595.8	2592.0	2592.0	2592.0	2592.0	2592.0	2592.0	2592.0	2592.8	2594.9	2596.8	2609.3
	20% Probable Flood	2599.0	2599.0	2604.9	2601.4	2595.8	2592.0	2592.0	2592.0	2592.0	2592.0	2592.0	2592.0	2592.0	2592.0	2592.0	2592.0	2597.0
	50% Probable Flood	2592.0	2592.0	2600.5	2596.1	2592.0	2592.0	2592.0	2592.0	2592.0	2592.0	2592.0	2592.0	2592.0	2592.0	2592.0	2592.0	2592.0
Monthly Flow Duration 25% of Time Equaled or Exceeded		2592.0	2592.0	2595.6	2594.4	2592.0	2592.0	2592.0	2592.0	2592.0	2592.0	2592.0	2592.0	2592.0	2592.0	2592.0	2592.0	2592.0
Mean Monthly Flow		2592.0	2592.0	2592.6	2592.0	2592.0	2592.0	2592.0	2592.0	2592.0	2592.0	2592.0	2592.0	2592.0	2592.0	2592.0	2592.0	2592.0
Monthly Flow Duration 75% of Time Equaled or Exceeded		2592.0	2592.0	2592.0	2592.0	2592.0	2592.0	2592.0	2592.0	2592.0	2592.0	2592.0	2592.0	2592.0	2592.0	2592.0	2592.0	2592.0
Flow Condition		Tailwater Surface Levels (ft) - Existing Plunge Pool <sup>6</sup> , SEE NOTES 10																
		Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	Мау	Jun 1 - 15	Jun 16 - 30	Jul 1 - 15	Jul 16 - 31	Aug	Sep 1-15	Sep 16-30	Oct 1-15	Oct 16-31	Nov 1-15	Nov 16-30	Dec
Statistical High Water (Flood Conditions)	1% Probable Flood	2498.8	2498.8	2497.4	2495.7	2492.7	2491.2	2489.0	2488.2	2487.3	2487.3	2487.5	2487.7	2488.9	2489.5	2490.4	2491.0	2498.4
	5% Probable Flood	2493.1	2493.1	2493.7	2492.7	2490.8	2489.1	2488.0	2487.3	2487.1	2487.1	2487.3	2487.4	2488.0	2488.2	2488.8	2489.3	2492.5
	20% Probable Flood	2489.9	2489.9	2491.4	2490.5	2489.1	2488.0	2487.3	2487.0	2487.0	2487.0	2487.1	2487.1	2487.3	2487.5	2487.7	2488.0	2489.4
	50% Probable Flood	2488.0	2488.0	2490.3	2489.1	2488.0	2487.3	2487.0	2486.8	2486.9	2486.9	2487.0	2487.0	2487.1	2487.1	2487.2	2487.3	2487.7
Monthly Flow Duration 25% of Time Equaled or Exceeded		2487.5	2488.0	2489.0	2488.7	2487.8	2487.2	2486.9	2486.8	2486.8	2486.8	2486.8	2486.8	2486.8	2486.9	2486.9	2486.8	2487.1
Mean Monthly Flow		2487.3	2487.6	2488.2	2487.9	2487.4	2487.1	2486.9	2486.8	2486.8	2486.8	2486.8	2486.8	2486.8	2486.9	2486.9	2486.9	2487.1
Monthly Flow Duration 75% of Time Equaled or Exceeded		2486.7	2486.8	2487.1	2487.0	2486.9	2486.8	2486.8	2482.2	2482.2	2482.2	2486.8	2486.8	2486.8	2486.8	2486.8	2486.8	2486.7

# TABLE 2 - PRE-DRAWDOWN MONTHLY INFLOWS AND STEADY-STATE WATER SURFACE LEVELS







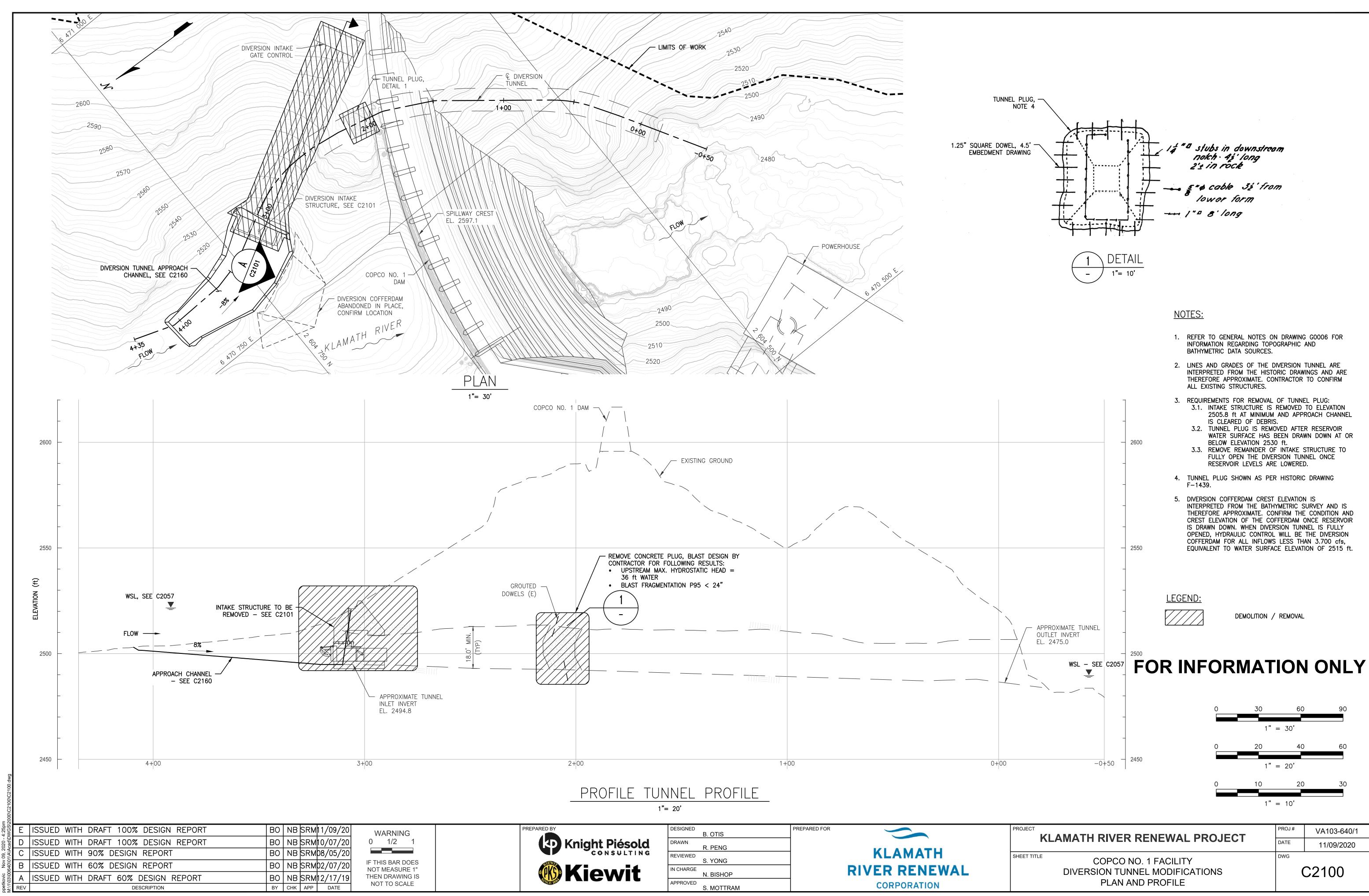
NOTES:

- 1. WATER SURFACE LEVELS IN TABLE 1 CORRESPOND TO THE WATER LEVELS IMMEDIATELY UPSTREAM OF THE DAM.
- 2. RESERVOIR WATER SURFACE LEVELS ARE DETERMINED USING THE STEADY-STATE INFLOWS SHOWN IN TABLE 1 AND THE DISCHARGE RATING CURVES ON FIGURE 2 ON DRAWING C2056.
- 3. THE PROBABLE FLOOD DISCHARGES SHOWN IN TABLE 1 ASSUME THAT THE J.C. BOYLE FACILITY PROVIDES FLOW ATTENUATION FROM JANUARY TO JUNE 15TH. ONCE RIVER DIVERSION HAS BEEN ACHIEVED AT J.C. BOYLE THE FLOOD FLOWS WILL NO LONGER BE ATTENUATED. NO FLOW ATTENUATION IS ASSUMED FOR THE PROBABLE FLOOD DISCHARGES IN TABLE 1 BETWEEN JUNE 16TH AND DECEMBER.
- 4. SHADED VALUES IN TABLE 1 REPRESENT WATER SURFACE LEVELS WITH SPILLWAY FLOW. (13 TAINTER (RADIAL) GATES FULLY OPEN)
- 5. RESERVOIR WATER SURFACE LEVELS DO NOT INCLUDE THE RECOMMENDED 3 ft FREEBOARD.
- 6. WATER SURFACE LEVELS HIGHER THAN ELEVATION 2515 ft REQUIRE THE DIVERSION TUNNEL AND THE LOW-LEVEL OUTLET TO BE FULLY OPEN TO MAINTAIN THE STATED WATER LEVELS.
- 7. THE PROBABLE FLOOD DISCHARGES SHOWN IN TABLE 2 ASSUME THAT THE J.C. BOYLE FACILITY PROVIDES FLOW ATTENUATION IN ALL MONTHS.
- 8. FOR WATER SURFACE LEVELS INDICATED AS 2611 ft, THE SPILLWAY GATES NEED TO BE OPEN TO MAINTAIN THE STATED WATER LEVEL.
- 9. SPILLWAY FLOWS IN TABLE 2 THAT ARE LESS THAN OR EQUAL TO 3000 cfs ARE DIVERTED THROUGH THE POWER INTAKE AND THE RESERVOIR WATER SURFACE LEVEL IS KEPT STEADY AT 2596 ft.

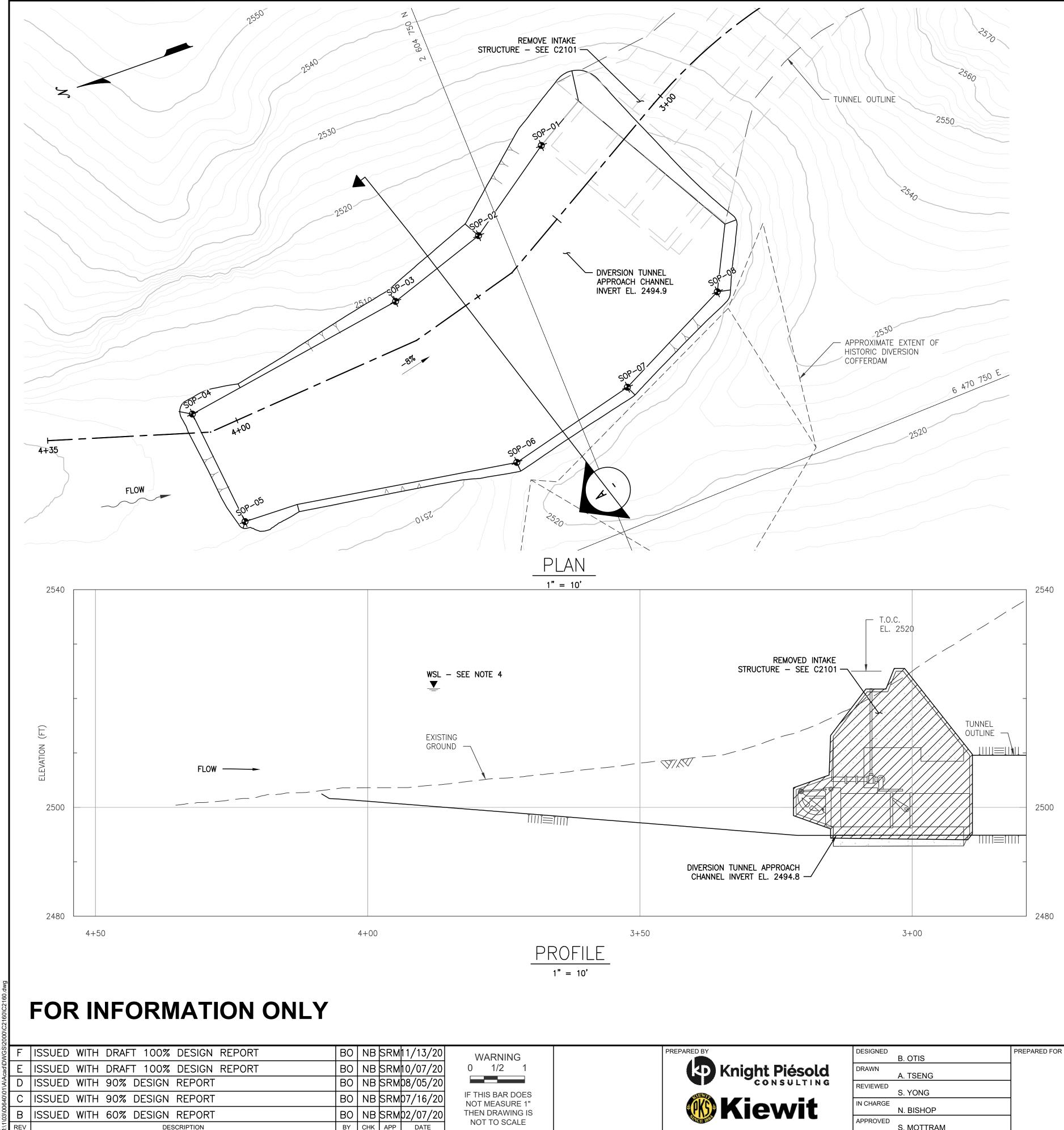
10.TAILWATER SURFACE LEVELS IN TABLE 2 CORRESPOND TO THE WATER LEVELS IN THE PLUNGE POOL AND ARE DETERMINED USING THE STEADY-STATE INFLOWS SHOWN IN TABLE 2 AND THE DISCHARGE RATING CURVE ON FIGURE 3 ON DRAWING C2056.

# FOR INFORMATION ONLY

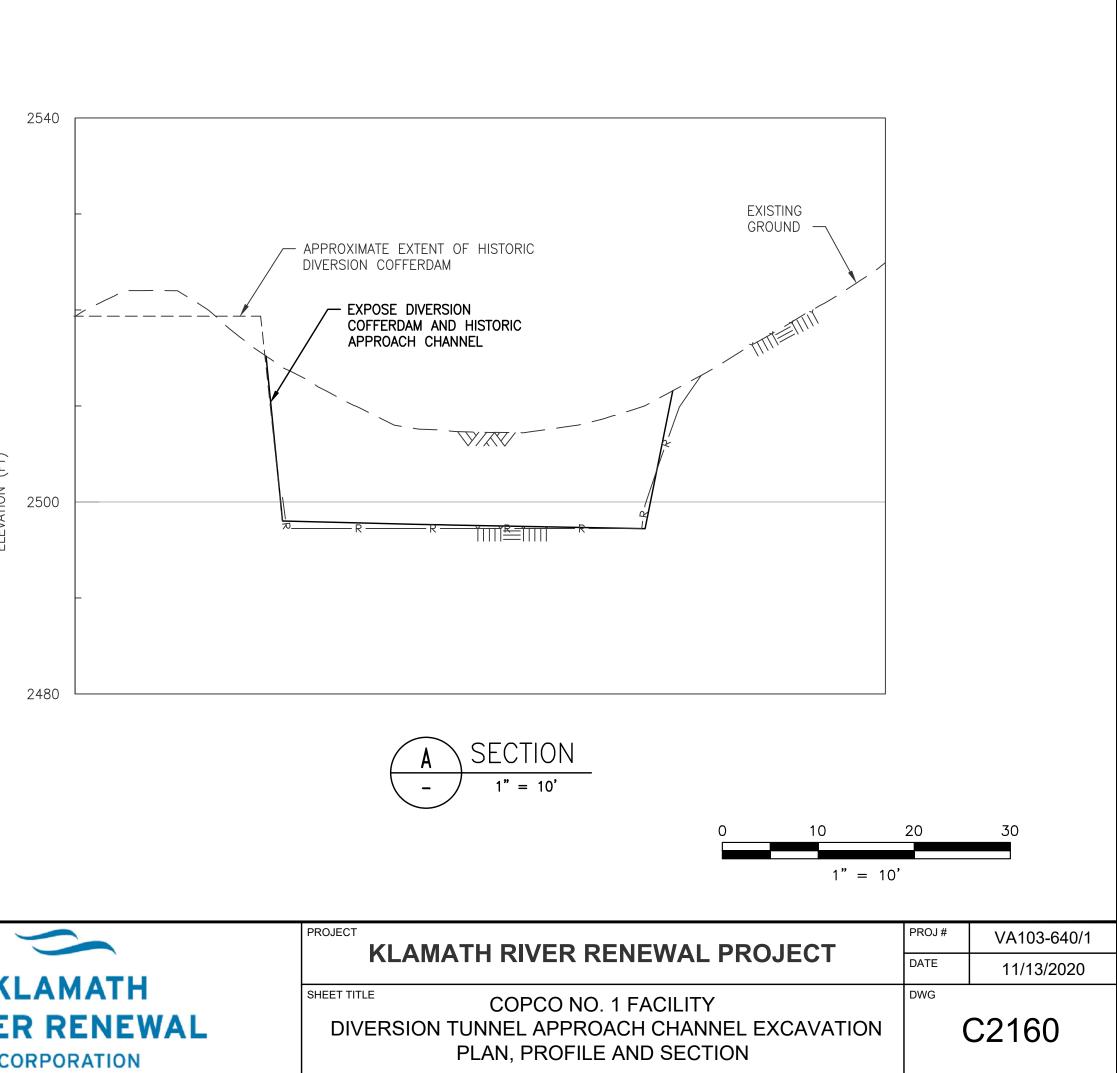
KLAMATH RIVER RENEWAL PROJECT	PROJ #	VA103-640/1		
REAMATH RIVER RENEWAL PROJECT	DATE	11/09/2020		
COPCO NO. 1 FACILITY HYDROLOGIC AND HYDRAULIC INFORMATION TABLES	DWG C2057			



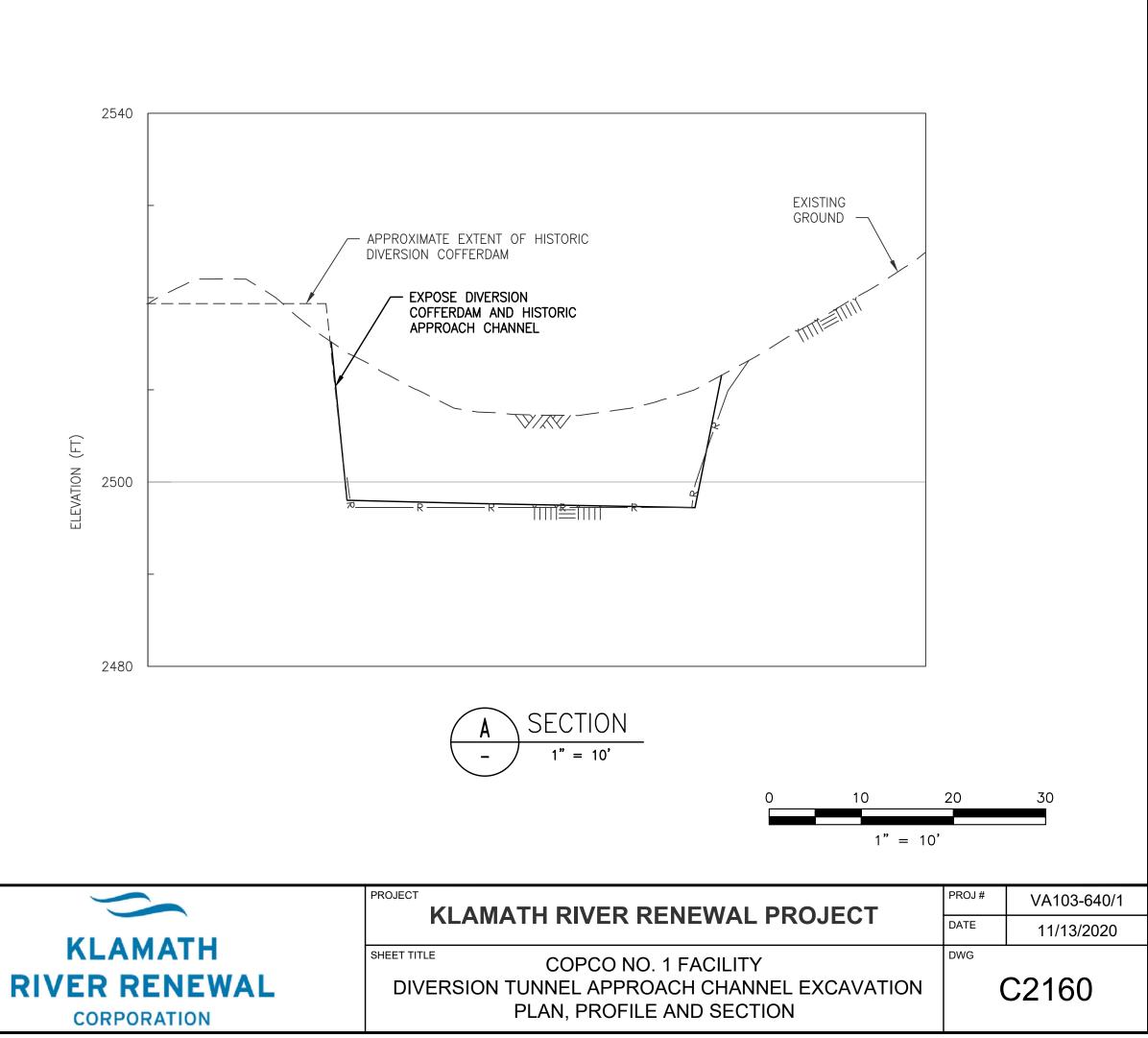
DESIGNED	B. OTIS	PREPARED FOR	1
DRAWN	R. PENG		
REVIEWED	S. YONG	KLAMATH	;
IN CHARGE	N. BISHOP	RIVER RENEWAL	
APPROVED	S. MOTTRAM	CORPORATION	



	WORK POINTS TABLE							
WORK POINTS	EASTING	NORTHING	ELEVATION					
SOP-01	6470821.427	2604737.376	2494.850					
SOP-02	6470810.435	2604754.308	2496.465					
SOP-03	6470804.989	2604772.966	2498.020					
SOP-04	6470799.870	2604815.334	2501.434					
SOP-05	6470777.939	2604813.822	2502.514					
SOP-06	6470769.204	2604763.479	2498.741					
SOP-07	6470774.352	2604739.464	2496.776					
SOP-08	6470784.362	2604717.573	2494.850					



DESIGNED		PREPARED
	B. OTIS	
DRAWN		
	A. TSENG	
REVIEWED		
	S. YONG	
IN CHARGE		
	N. BISHOP	
APPROVED		
	S. MOTTRAM	



LEGEND:

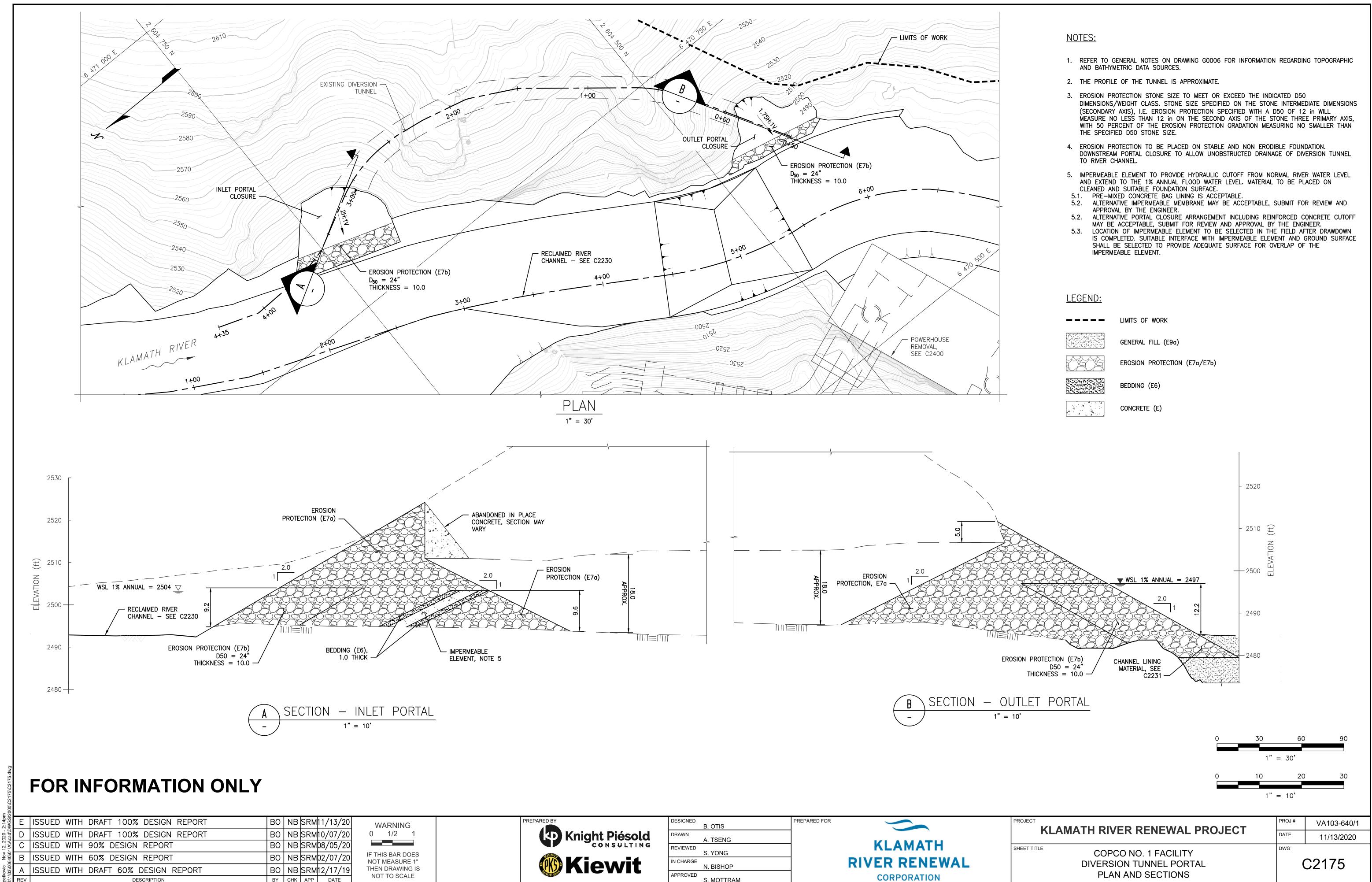
— R —

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- 1. REFER TO GENERAL NOTES ON DRAWING GOOO6 FOR INFORMATION REGARDING TOPOGRAPHIC AND BATHYMETRIC DATA SOURCES.
- 2. GROUND CONDITION AND ARRANGEMENT OF DIVERSION COFFERDAM ARE ASSUMED BASED ON THE HISTORIC PHOTOS AND BATHYMETRY. BASED ON HISTORIC OPERATION OF THE DIVERSION TUNNEL THE APPROACH CHANNEL FOUNDATION MATERIAL IS ASSUMED TO BE RESISTANT TO EROSION FROM OPERATION BELOW UPSTREAM WATER LEVEL OF 2530 ft.
- 3. EXTENT OF EXCAVATION TO EXPOSE BEDROCK, WHERE BEDROCK IS ENCOUNTERED WITHIN THE FOOTPRINT OF APPROACH CHANNEL THE EXCAVATION SHALL BE TERMINATED.
- 4. WATER LEVEL UPSTREAM OF EXISTING DIVERSION COFFERDAM AS PER DRAWING C2057.
- 5. INSTALLATION OF A DEBRIS BOOM UPSTREAM OF THE DIVERSION TUNNEL INLET TO PREVENT DIVERSION TUNNEL BLOCKAGE TO BE EVALUATED ONCE RESERVOIR IS LOWERED. BOOM DESIGN AND LOCATION OF BOOM ANCHORS TO BE EVALUATED BY THE ENGINEER.
- 6. THE APPROACH CHANNEL EXCAVATION IS TO BE COMPLETED IN ADVANCE OF THE DIVERSION TUNNEL RE-OPENING.

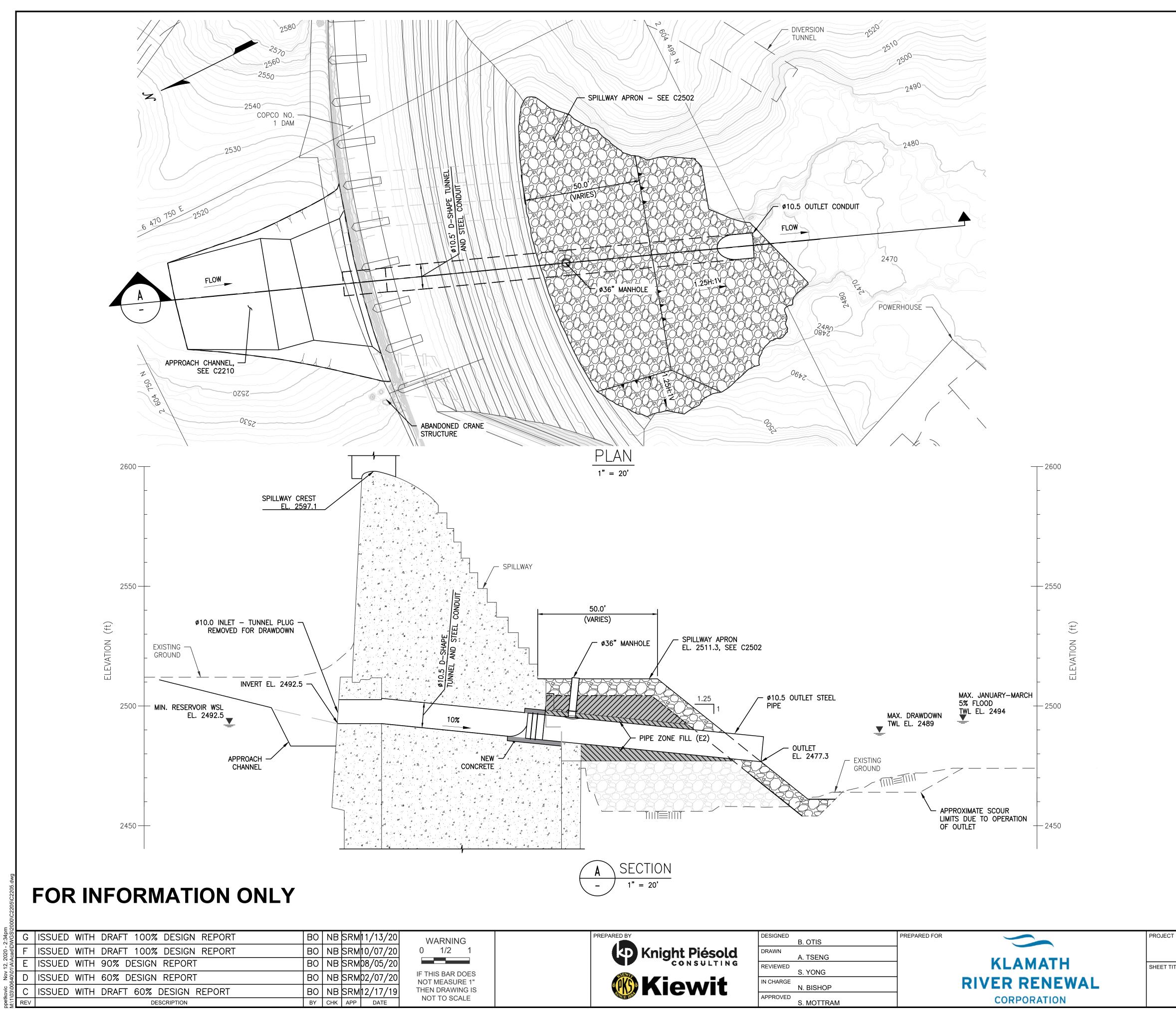
DEMOLITION / REMOVAL

ANTICIPATED BEDROCK



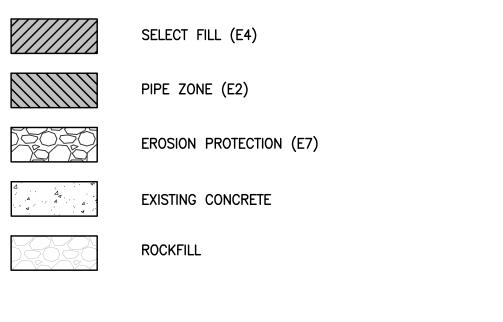
DESIGNED B. OTIS	PREPARED FOR	PRO
DRAWN A. TSENG		
REVIEWED S. YONG	KLAMATH	SHE
IN CHARGE N. BISHOP	RIVER RENEWAL	
APPROVED S MOTTRAM	CORPORATION	

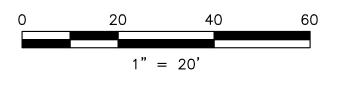
GENERAL FILL (E9a)
EROSION PROTECTION (E7a/E7b)
BEDDING (E6)
CONCRETE (E)



- 1. REFER TO GENERAL NOTES ON DRAWING GO006 FOR INFORMATION REGARDING TOPOGRAPHIC AND BATHYMETRIC DATA SOURCES.
- 2. THIS DRAWING SHOWS THE COMPLETED ARRANGEMENT FOR THE RESERVOIR DRAWDOWN.
- 3. FOR WATER LEVEL DURING PRE-RESERVOIR DRAWDOWN AND AFTER DRAWDOWN AS PER DRAWING C2057.
- 4. FOR ACCESS TO THE SPILLWAY, DIVERSION TUNNEL AND LEFT RIVER BANK, REFER TO DRAWING C2500.
- 5. UPSTREAM SAFETY BOOM AND INTAKE DEBRIS BOOM TO BE REMOVED BEFORE DRAWDOWN IS INITIATED.

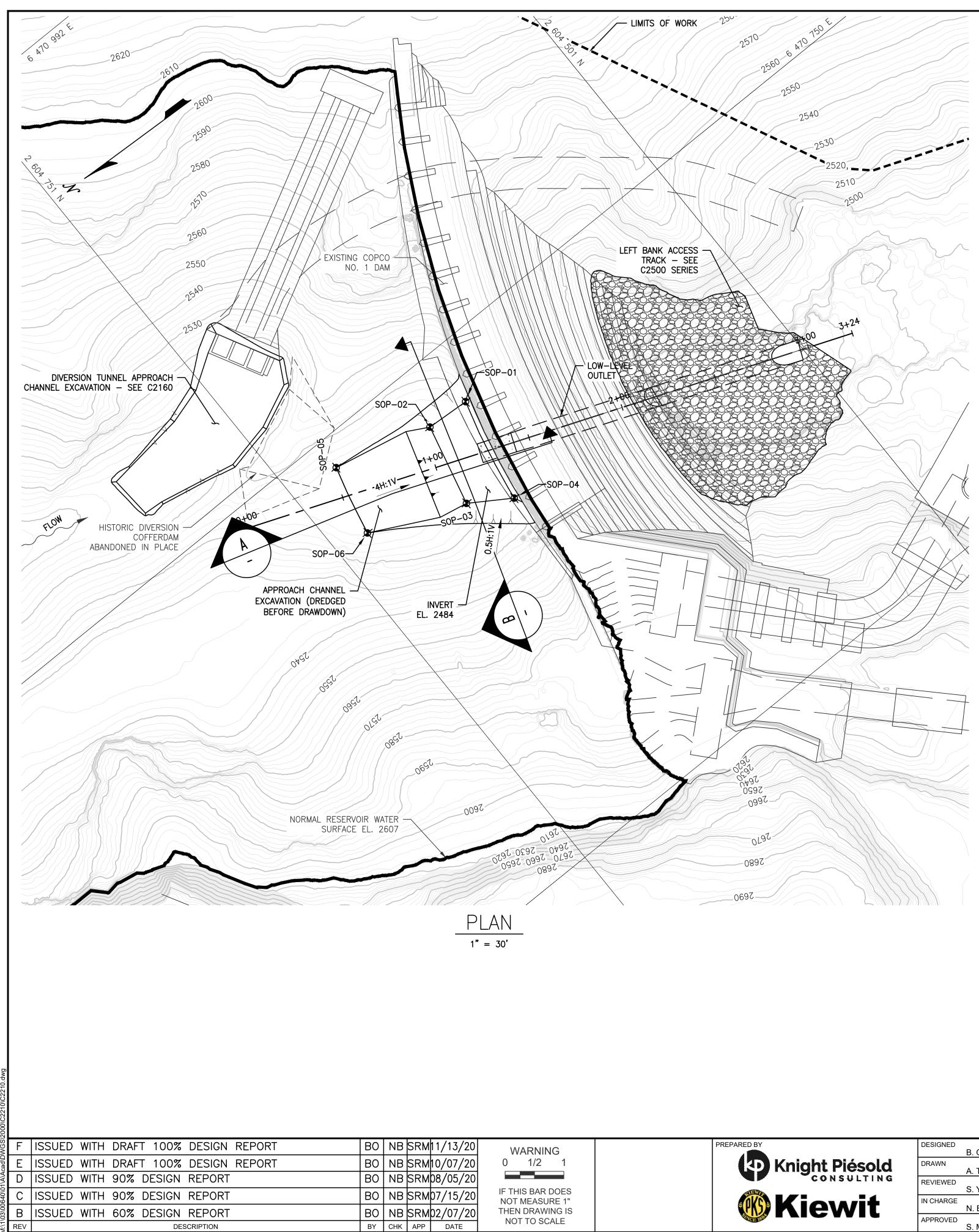
## LEGEND:

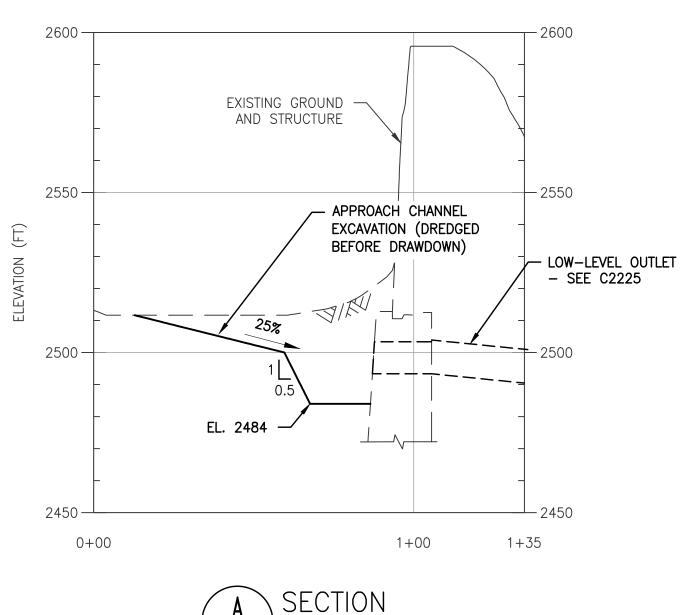


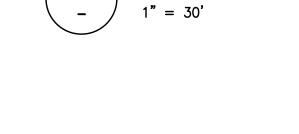


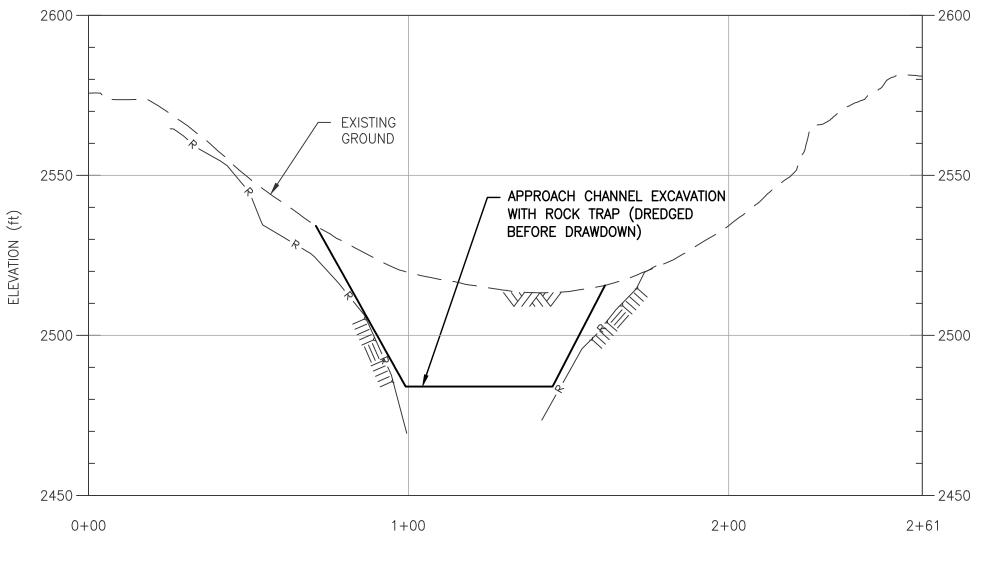
KLAMATH RIVER RENEWAL PROJECT	PROJ #	VA103-640/1
REAMATH RIVER RENEWAL PROJECT	DATE	11/13/2020
COPCO NO. 1 FACILITY DRAWDOWN - GENERAL ARRANGEMENT	DWG	C2205

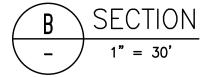
PLAN AND SECTION











Ļ	DESIGNED B. OTIS DRAWN A. TSENG	PREPARED FOR	<b>KLAMATH RIVER RENEWAL PROJECT</b>	PROJ # DATE	VA103-640/1 11/13/2020
	REVIEWED S. YONG	KLAMATH	SHEET TITLE COPCO NO. 1 FACILITY		
	N CHARGE N. BISHOP	RIVER RENEWAL	PRE-DRAWDOWN WORKS - APPROACH CHANNEL	(	C2210
	APPROVED S. MOTTRAM	CORPORATION	EXCAVATION - PLAN AND SECTIONS		

WORK POINTS TABLE							
WORK POINTS	EASTING	NORTHING	ELEVATION				
SOP-01	6470719.273	2604650.860	2484.000				
SOP-02	6470720.611	2604673.161	2484.000				
SOP-03	6470678.607	2604683.188	2484.000				
SOP-04	6470665.320	2604662.504	2484.000				
SOP-05	6470734.657	2604723.420	2511.647				
SOP-06	6470698.694	2604732.021	2511.647				

- 1. REFER TO GENERAL NOTES ON DRAWING GOOO6 FOR INFORMATION REGARDING TOPOGRAPHIC AND BATHYMETRIC DATA SOURCES.
- 2. GROUND CONDITION AND ARRANGEMENT OF THE APPROACH CHANNEL ARE ASSUMED BASED ON THE HISTORIC PHOTOS AND INTERPOLATION OF THE BATHYMETRY. EXTENT OF EXCAVATION TO EXPOSE BEDROCK, WHERE BEDROCK IS ENCOUNTERED WITHIN THE FOOTPRINT OF THE APPROACH CHANNEL THE EXCAVATION SHALL BE TERMINATED.
- 3. THE APPROACH CHANNEL EXCAVATION IS TO BE COMPLETED IN ADVANCE OF THE LOW-LEVEL OUTLET OPENING.

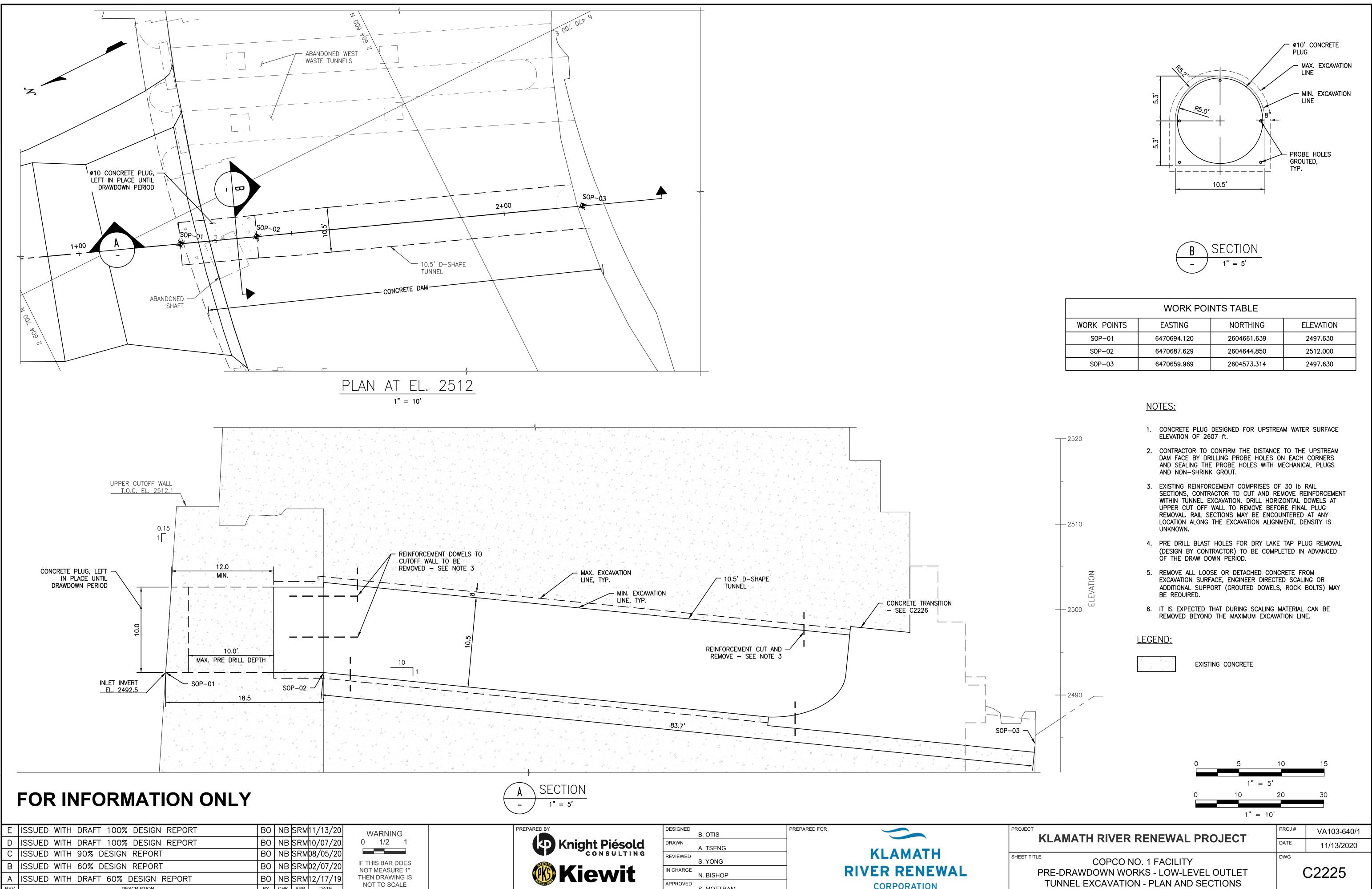
## LEGEND:

-	-	-	-	-	LIMITS	OF	WORK	

- ----R ------- ANTICIPATED BEDROCK
- WATER SURFACE LEVEL

# FOR INFORMATION ONLY

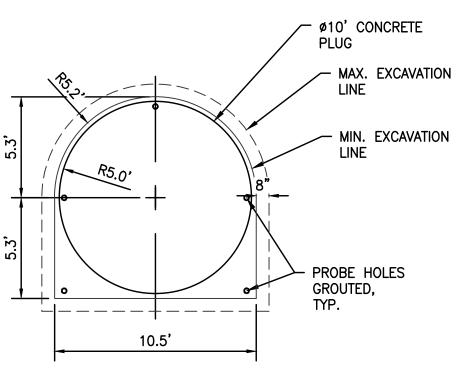
90 1" = 30'



N ar			
11:53ar WGS\2	E	ISSUED WITH DRAFT 100% DESIGN REPORT	BO NB SRM11/13/20 WARNING
2020 - Acad\D	D	ISSUED WITH DRAFT 100% DESIGN REPORT	BO NB SRM10/07/20 0 1/2 1
13, 2( 1\A\A	С	ISSUED WITH 90% DESIGN REPORT	BO NB SRM08/05/20
Nov 640\0	В	ISSUED WITH 60% DESIGN REPORT	BO NB SRM02/07/20 IF THIS BAR DOES NOT MEASURE 1"
tkovic \03\00	Α	ISSUED WITH DRAFT 60% DESIGN REPORT	BO NB SRM12/17/19 THEN DRAWING IS
ppetl M:\1'	REV	DESCRIPTION	BY CHK APP DATE NOT TO SCALE

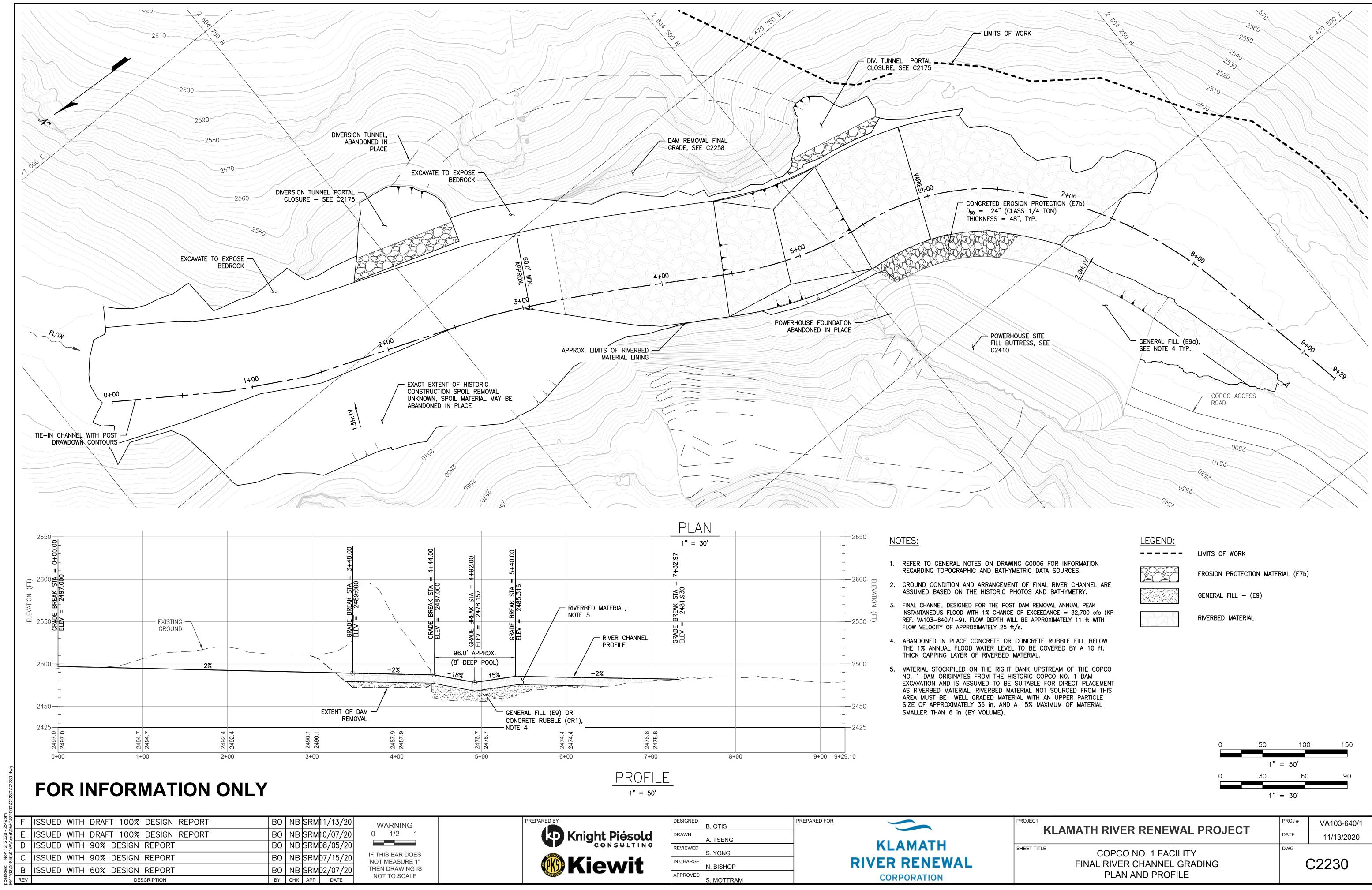


DESIGNED	3. OTIS	PREPARED FOR	
DRAWN A	A. TSENG		
REVIEWED	S. YONG		KLAMATH
IN CHARGE	N. BISHOP		RIVER RENEWAL
APPROVED	S. MOTTRAM		CORPORATION

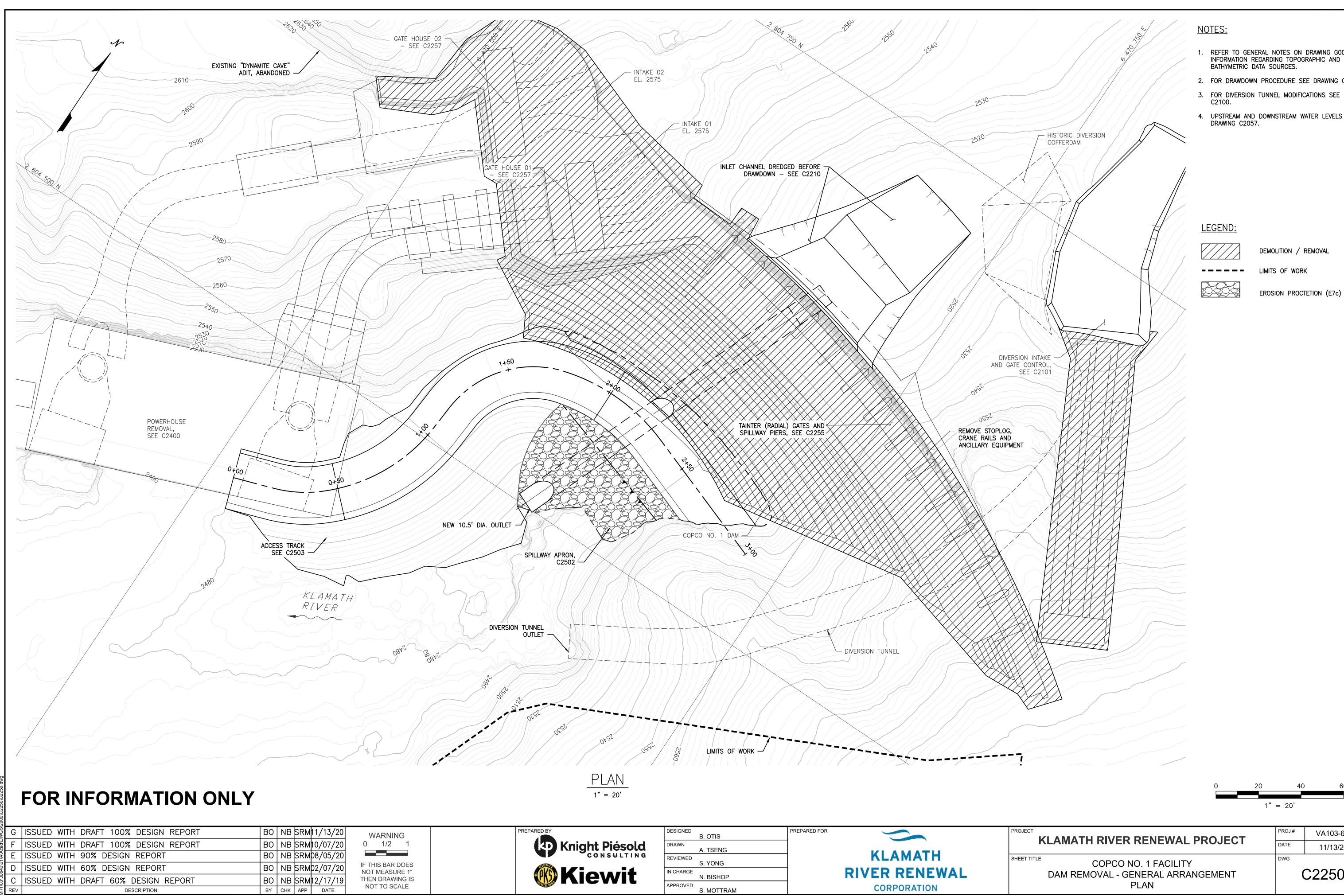


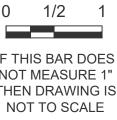
WORK POINTS TABLE						
WORK POINTS	EASTING	NORTHING	ELEVATION			
SOP-01	6470694.120	2604661.639	2497.630			
SOP-02	6470687.629	2604644.850	2512.000			
SOP-03	6470659.969	2604573.314	2497.630			





TE	11/13/2020
VG	







DESIGNED	B. OTIS	PF
DRAWN	A. TSENG	
REVIEWED	S. YONG	
IN CHARGE	N. BISHOP	
APPROVED	S. MOTTRAM	

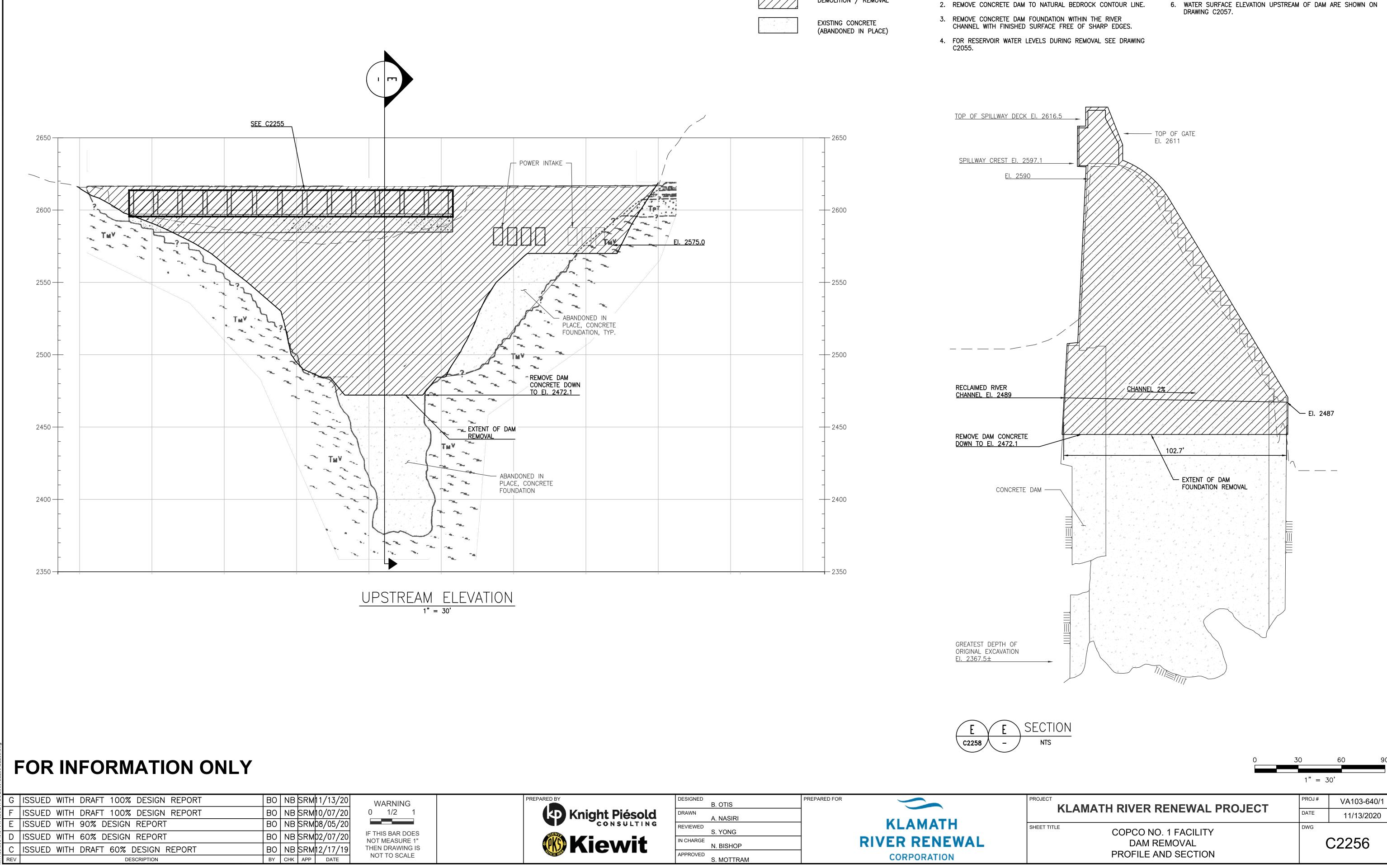
- 1. REFER TO GENERAL NOTES ON DRAWING GOOO6 FOR INFORMATION REGARDING TOPOGRAPHIC AND
- 2. FOR DRAWDOWN PROCEDURE SEE DRAWING C2055.
- 3. FOR DIVERSION TUNNEL MODIFICATIONS SEE DRAWING
- 4. UPSTREAM AND DOWNSTREAM WATER LEVELS AS PER

- DEMOLITION / REMOVAL
- LIMITS OF WORK

VA103-640/1 11/13/2020

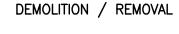
C2250

# CRITICAL ENERGY/ELECTRIC INFRASTRUCTURE INFORMATION (CEII) REDACTED DESIGN SHEET C2255: COPCO NO. 1 SPILLWAY CREST



# LEGEND:





## NOTES:

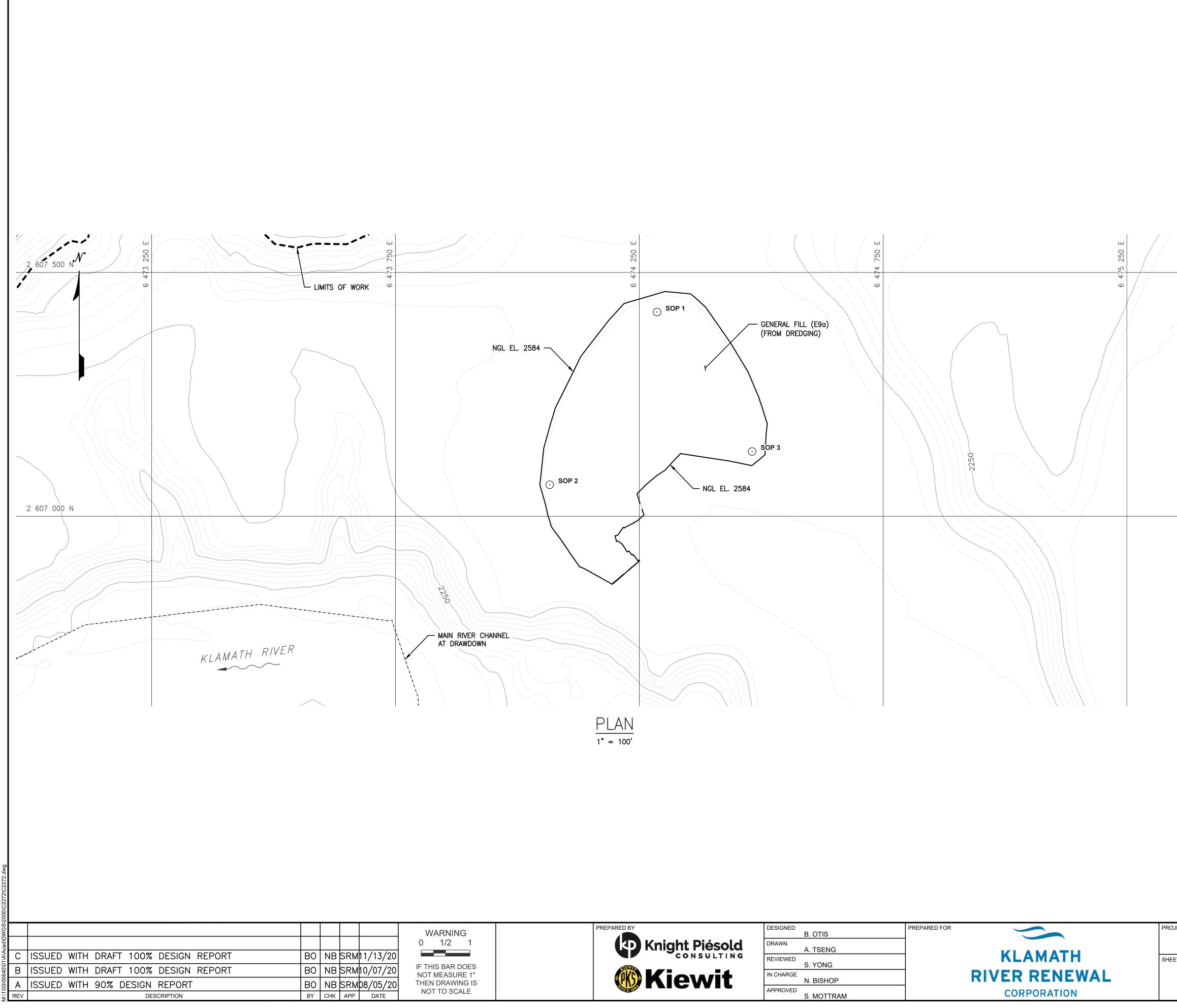
DESIGNED		PI
	B. OTIS	
DRAWN		
	A. NASIRI	
REVIEWED		
	S. YONG	
IN CHARGE		
	N. BISHOP	
APPROVED		
	S. MOTTRAM	

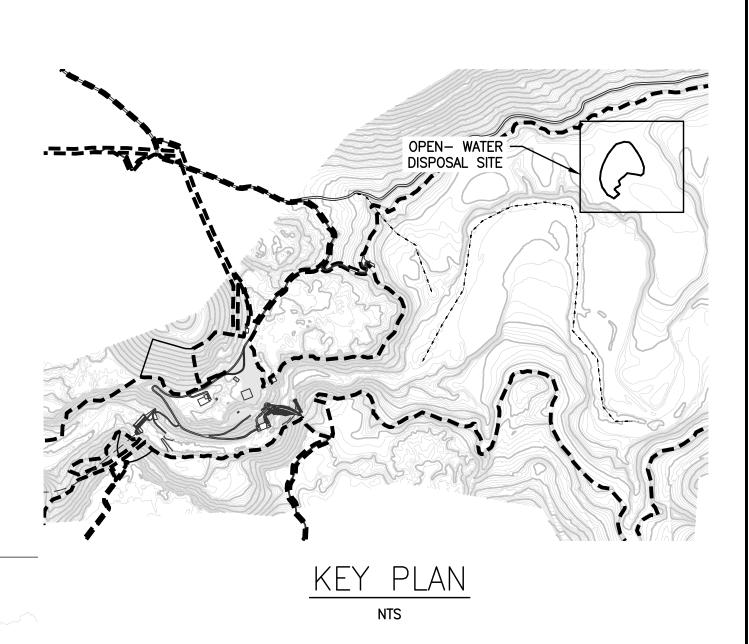
1. FOR DAM REMOVAL NOTES SEE DRAWING C2250.

- 5. OPERATION OF DIVERSION TUNNEL OR DEWATERING IS REQUIRED TO REMOVE THE DAM FOUNDATION BELOW ELEVATION 2525 ft.

# CRITICAL ENERGY/ELECTRIC INFRASTRUCTURE INFORMATION (CEII) REDACTED DESIGN SHEET C2257: COPCO NO. 1 INTAKE

# CRITICAL ENERGY/ELECTRIC INFRASTRUCTURE INFORMATION (CEII) REDACTED DESIGN SHEET C2258: COPCO NO. 1 FINAL GRADE





- 1. REFER TO GENERAL NOTES ON DRAWING GOOO6 FOR INFORMATION REGARDING TOPOGRAPHIC AND BATHYMETRIC DATA SOURCES.
- 2. NORMAL RESERVOIR LEVEL IS 2607 ft. REFER TO C2055 FOR PRE-DRAWDOWN RESERVOIR OPERATION.

LEGEND:

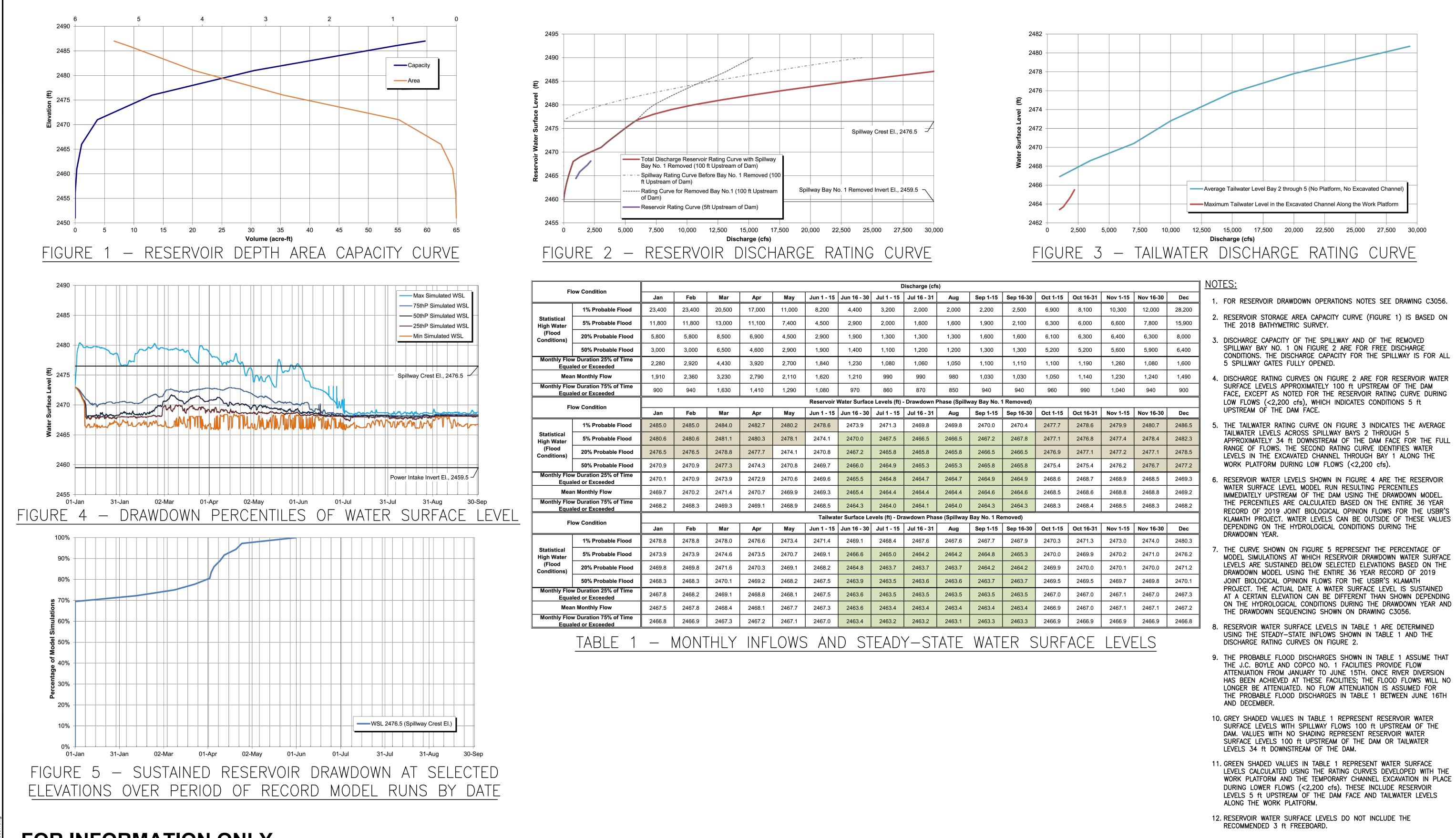
---- LIMITS OF WORK

WORK POINTS TABLE							
WORK POINTS EASTING NORTHING							
SOP 1	SOP 1 6474286.577						
SOP 2	SOP 2 6474066.604						
SOP 3	6474481.498	2607132.897					

# FOR INFORMATION ONLY

300 1" = 100'

	PROJ #	VA103-640/1
KLAWATH KIVEK KENEWAL PROJECT	DATE	11/13/2020
COPCO NO. 1 FACILITY OPEN-WATER DISPOSAL SITE PLAN	DWG (	C2272

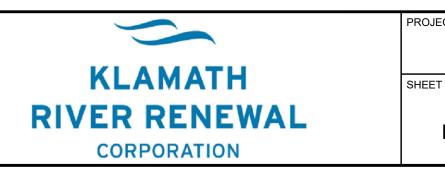


# FOR INFORMATION ONLY

5:02pi NGS\3							
1 5							WARNING
2020 cad\D							0 1/2 1
1/A/A	С	ISSUED WITH DRAFT 100% DESIGN REPORT	CAV	HE	SRM	11/13/20	
scammayo Nov 12, 2 M:\1\03\00640\01\A\Ac	В	ISSUED WITH DRAFT 100% DESIGN REPORT	CAV	HE	SRM	10/07/20	IF THIS BAR DOES NOT MEASURE 1"
03/00	Α	ISSUED WITH 90% DESIGN REPORT	CAV	NB	SRM	08/05/20	THEN DRAWING IS
4:/1/	REV	DESCRIPTION	BY	СНК	APP	DATE	NOT TO SCALE



DESIGNED	C. VOS	PREPARED FOR
DRAWN	R. PENG	
REVIEWED	H. ELWIN	
IN CHARGE	N. BISHOP	
APPROVED	S. MOTTRAM	



	2477.4	2478.4	2482.3			
	2477.2	2477.1	2478.5			
	2476.2	2476.7	2477.2			
	2468.9	2468.5	2469.3			
	2468.8	2468.8	2469.2			
	2468.5	2468.3	2468.2			
	Nov 1-15	Nov 16-30	Dec			
	2473.0	2474.0	2480.3			

2473.0	2474.0	2480.3
2470.2	2471.0	2476.2
2470.1	2470.0	2471.2
2469.7	2469.8	2470.1
2467.1	2467.0	2467.3
2467.1	2467.1	2467.2
2466.9	2466.9	2466.8

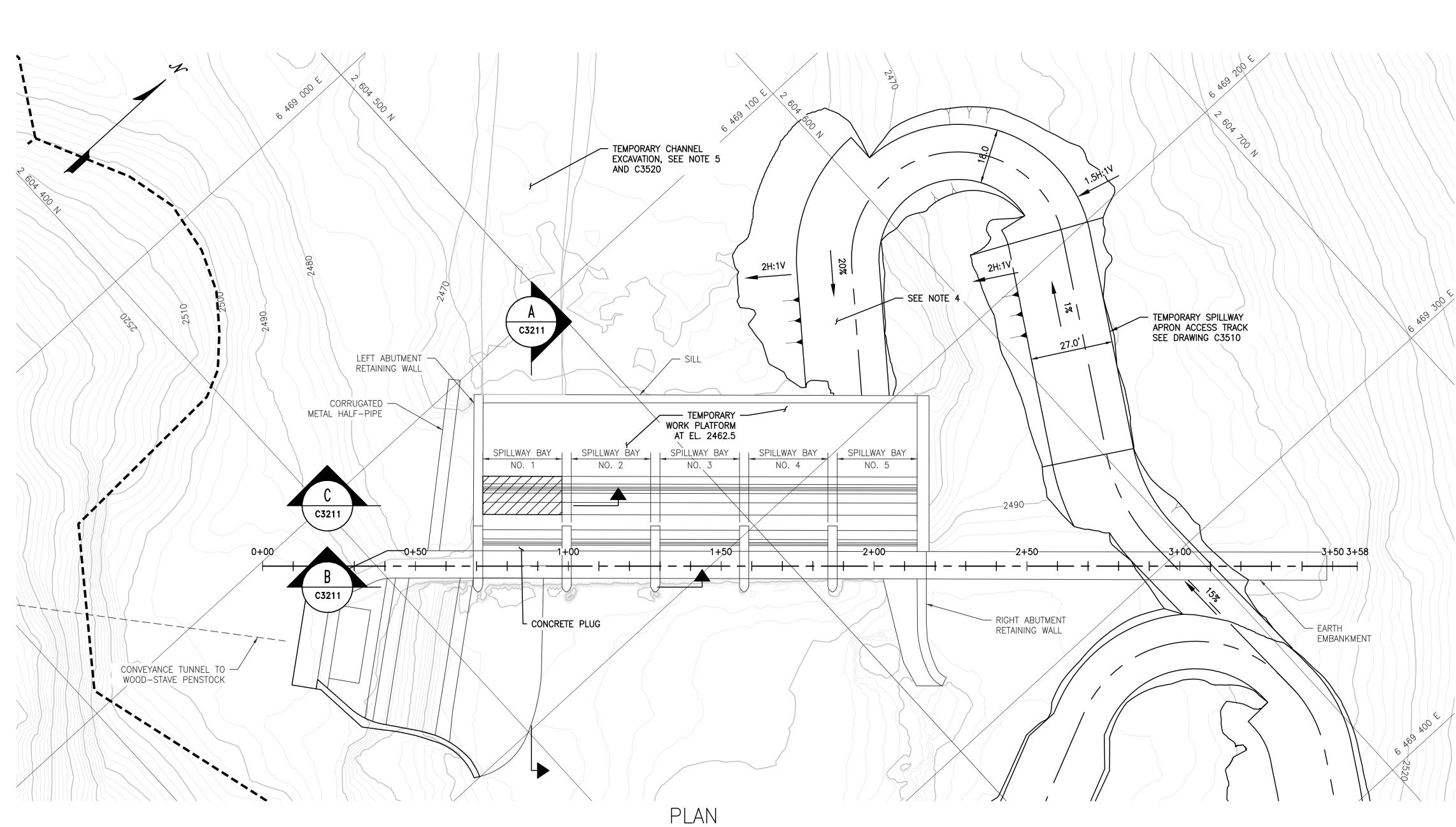
- 13. TAILWATER SURFACE LEVELS IN TABLE 1 ARE DETERMINED USING THE STEADY-STATE INFLOWS SHOWN IN TABLE 1 AND THE DISCHARGE RATING CURVES ON FIGURE 3.

		VA103-640/1
KLAWATH KIVEK KENEWAL PROJECT	DATE	11/13/2020
TITLE COPCO NO. 2 FACILITY	DWG	
HYDROLOGIC AND HYDRAULIC INFORMATION		C3057
RESERVOIR AND TAILWATER SURFACE ELEVATIONS		-3037
FIGURES AND TABLE		

# CRITICAL ENERGY/ELECTRIC INFRASTRUCTURE INFORMATION (CEII)

### REDACTED

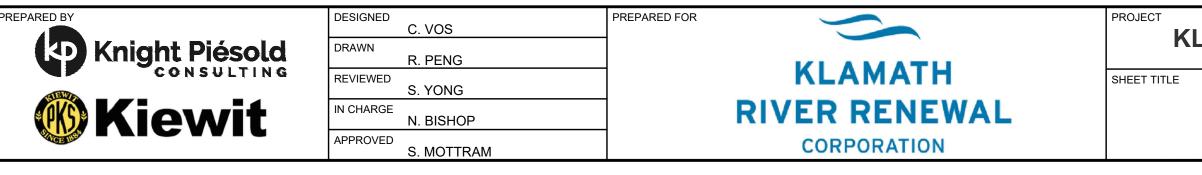
### DESIGN SHEET CC3200: COPCO NO. 2 DIVERSION DAM INTAKE REMOVAL



# FOR INFORMATION ONLY

d C							
2020 - 1:10pr \cad\DWGS\3	G	ISSUED WITH DRAFT 100% DESIGN REPORT	CAV	SY	SRM	11/13/20	WARNING
2020 . cad\D	F	ISSUED WITH DRAFT 100% DESIGN REPORT	CAV	SY	SRM	10/07/20	0 1/2 1
Nov 12, 340\01\A\A	E	ISSUED WITH 90% DESIGN REPORT	CAV	NB	SRM	08/05/20	
0 No 640\0	D	ISSUED WITH 60% DESIGN REPORT	CAV	NB	SRM	02/07/20	IF THIS BAR DOES NOT MEASURE 1"
scammayo 1:\1\03\0064	С	ISSUED WITH DRAFT 60% DESIGN REPORT	CAV	NB	SRM	12/17/19	THEN DRAWING IS
scan M:\1	REV	DESCRIPTION	BY	CHK	APP	DATE	NOT TO SCALE

SCALE 1" = 20'



NOTES:

- 1. REFER TO GENERAL NOTES ON DRAWING GOOO6 FOR INFORMATION REGARDING TOPOGRAPHIC AND BATHYMETRIC DATA SOURCES.
- 2. DAM OUTLINE BASED ON THE CALIFORNIA OREGON POWER COMPANY COPCO NO. 2 DEVELOPMENT HISTORIC DRAWING F-3930 (DATED 05/25/1925).
- 3. TEMPORARY WORK PLATFORM TO BE REMOVED UPON COMPLETION OF PRE-DRAWDOWN WORKS.
- 4. LOWER PORTION OF THE TEMPORARY SPILLWAY APRON ACCESS TRACK THAT IS WITHIN THE RIVER CHANNEL SHALL BE REMOVED UPON COMPLETION OF PRE-DRAWDOWN WORKS. SEE DRAWING C3216.
- 5. TEMPORARY CHANNEL EXCAVATION TO BE COMPLETED AT CONTRACTORS DISCRETION. EXCAVATION IS NOT REQUIRED FOR PRE-DRAWDOWN WORKS AND MAY BE COMPLETED DURING THE DRAWDOWN YEAR.
- 6. CONTRACTOR MAY OPTION TO REMOVE ENTIRE DAM DURING THE PRE-DRAWDOWN WORKS TO THE LIMITS SHOWN IN DRAWING C3221 PROVIDED COPCO NO. 1 CAN BE UTILIZED TO TEMPORARILY ARREST ALL RIVER FLOW. APPROACH DEPENDENT ON RELEVANT AGENCY APPROVALS. TEMPORARY CHANNEL EXCAVATION NOT REQUIRED IF THIS OPTION IS SELECTED.

LEGEND:

DEMOLITION / REMOVAL

---- LIMITS OF WORK

### DEMOLITION/REMOVAL NOTES:

- 1. THE DIVERSION DAM WILL BE REMOVED IN THE FOLLOWING SEQUENCE: 1.1. DIVERSION DAM MODIFICATIONS (C3210) – DURING THE PRE-DRAWDOWN YEAR REMOVE DOWNSTREAM PORTION OF SPILLWAY BAY NO. 1 TO EL. 2459.5 ft AND PREPARE REMAINDER OF CONCRETE PLUG FOR REMOVAL. CONSTRUCT TEMPORARY WORK PLATFORM AND SPILLWAY APRON ACCESS TRACK TO FACILITATE ACCESS TO AREA.
- 1.2. SPILLWAY BAY NO. 1 REMOVAL (C3216) REMOVE REMAINDER OF SPILLWAY BAY NO. 1 DOWN TO EL. 2459.5 ft DURING THE DRAWDOWN YEAR. DRAIN RESERVOIR TO LOWEST POSSIBLE LEVEL THROUGH THE WATER CONVEYANCE SYSTEM PRIOR TO REMOVING CONCRETE PLUG.
- DIVERSION DAM REMOVAL (C3220) REMOVE ENTIRE CONCRETE DAM TO LIMITS SHOWN. CONSTRUCT WORK PLATFORM AND 1.3. TEMPORARY CHANNEL EXCAVATION TO PROVIDE A DRY WORKING SURFACE.

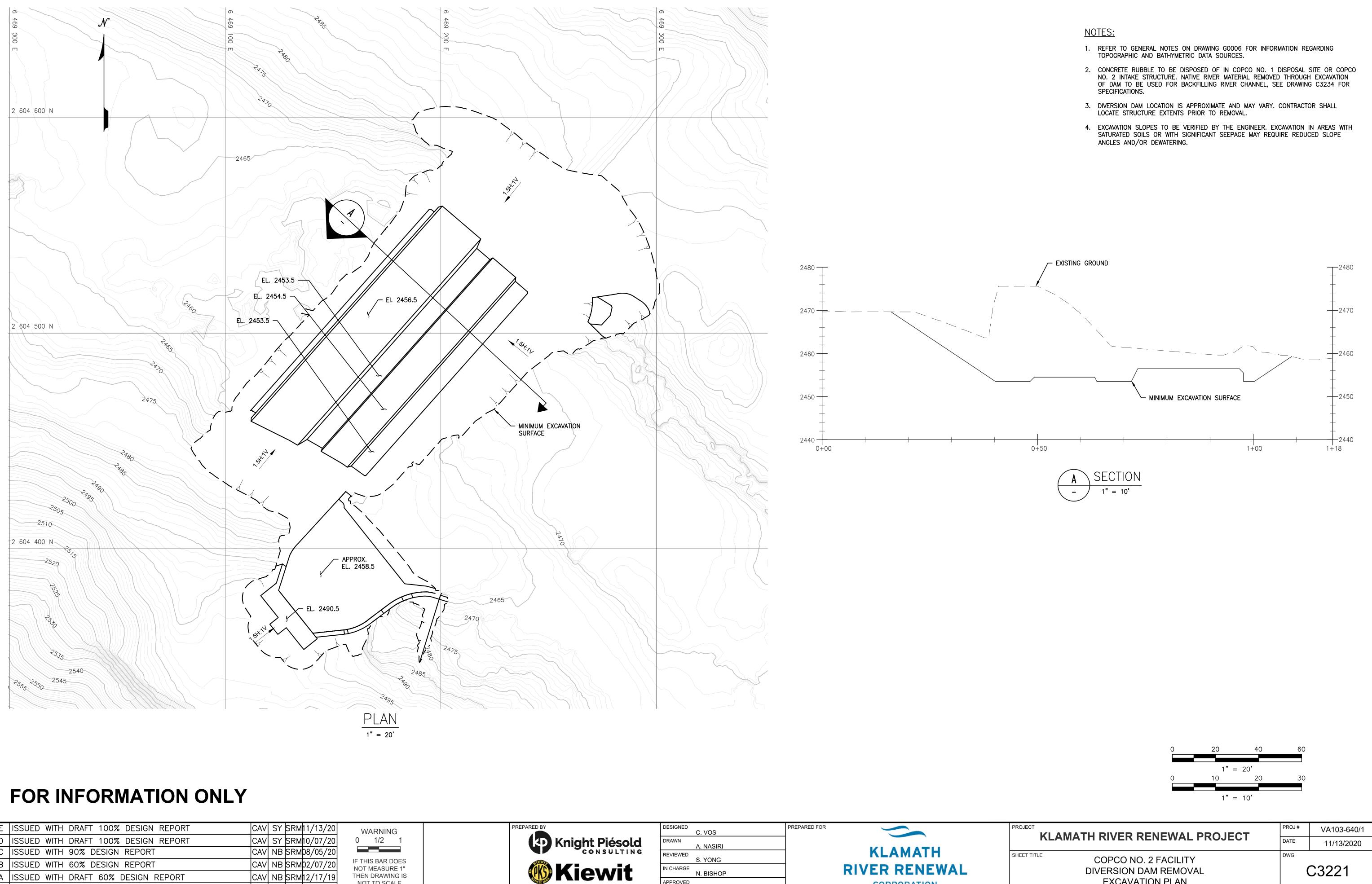
		1" =	20'	
	IECT		PROJ #	VA103-640/1
AMATH RIVER RENEWAL PROJECT			DATE	11/13/2020
COPCO NO. 2 FACILITY PRE-DRAWDOWN WORKS DIVERSION DAM MODIFICATIONS - PL	AN		DWG	C3210

0

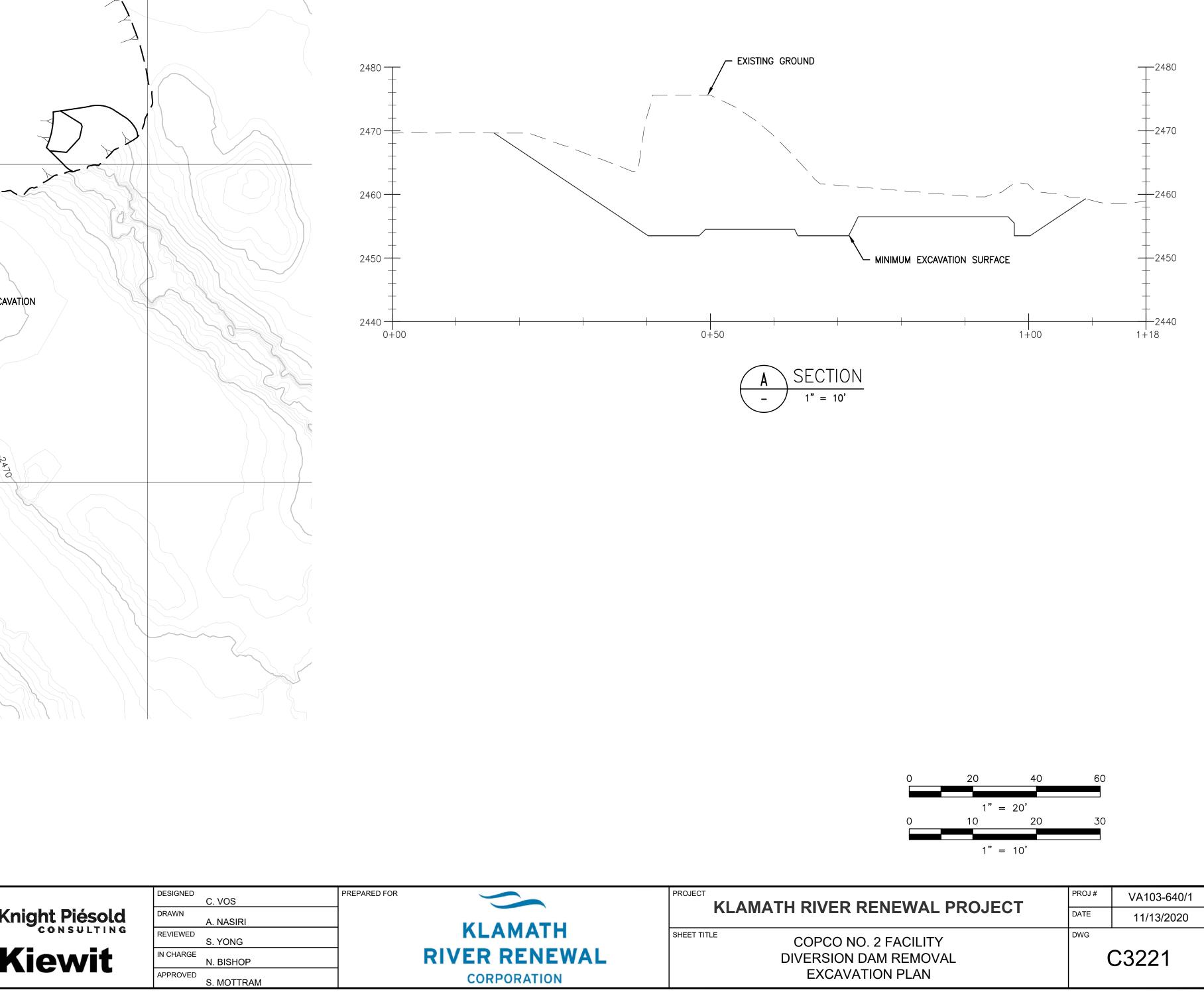
20

40

60



/30			
- 1:12 WGS		ISSUED WITH DRAFT 100% DESIGN REPORT	CAV SY SRM11/13/20 WARNING
2020 . cad\D	D	ISSUED WITH DRAFT 100% DESIGN REPORT	CAV SY SRM10/07/20 0 1/2 1
v 12, 1\A\A	С	ISSUED WITH 90% DESIGN REPORT	CAV NB SRM08/05/20
640\0	В	ISSUED WITH 60% DESIGN REPORT	CAV NB SRM02/07/20 IF THIS BAR DOES NOT MEASURE 1"
1mayo 03\000	Α	ISSUED WITH DRAFT 60% DESIGN REPORT	CAV NB SRM12/17/19 THEN DRAWING IS
scan M:\1	REV	DESCRIPTION	BY CHK APP DATE NOT TO SCALE



	469 150
2480	2480
2485	2485
	2 604 400 N
2490	2490
	EL. 2490.5 -
APPROX. EL. 2458.5	2495
(SEE NOTE 2)	
1.5H:1V	1.5H:1V
By I A	BX I
	2 604 350 N
EL. 2490.5	2495
<u>PLAN – INTAKE EXCAVATION</u>	<u>plan – concrete rui</u>
1" = 15' EXISTING CONCRETE	=
GREENSTREAK HYDROTITE WATERSTOP	<u>1'−6"</u> <u>#6@12</u> " EXISTING CONCRE
	3" CLC (TYP.)
TO ‡" AMPLITUDE	
EXISTING GATE #9@12" -	<b>#7@12"</b>
(NTS)	
1 DETAIL	<u>2'-4"</u> MIN.
- 1" = 2'	
2500	2500
IN-SITU INTAKE	
UPSTREAM WALL	
2490	
	FINAL CHANNEL GRADE
CONCRETE WALL	(BACKFILL MATERIAL NOT SHOWN)
2480 EXCAVATION	2480
	ACCESS, SEE NOTE 3
2470	
APPROX. INVERT OF EXISTING GROUND	
INTAKE STRUCTURE EL. 2458.5	
2460	
	2450
$0 15 30 45 \qquad \textbf{A} \qquad \textbf{SECTION}$	
- $1" = 10'$	
0 10 20 30 0 2	4 6
1" = 10' $1" = 2'$	
FOR INFORMATION ONLY	
FOR INFORMATION ONLY	
	AV/ SY SRM11/13/201
E ISSUED WITH DRAFT 100% DESIGN REPORT	AV SY SRM11/13/20 WARNING AV SY SRM10/07/20 0 1/2 1
EISSUED WITH DRAFT100%DESIGN REPORTC.DISSUED WITH DRAFT100%DESIGN REPORTC.	AV SY SRM10/07/20 0 1/2 1 AV NB SRM08/05/20
EISSUED WITH DRAFT 100% DESIGN REPORTC.DISSUED WITH DRAFT 100% DESIGN REPORTC.CISSUED WITH DRAFT 100% DESIGN REPORTC.BISSUED WITH 60% DESIGN REPORTC.	AV SY SRM10/07/20 0 1/2 1
EISSUED WITH DRAFT 100% DESIGN REPORTCDISSUED WITH DRAFT 100% DESIGN REPORTCCISSUED WITH 90% DESIGN REPORTCBISSUED WITH 60% DESIGN REPORTCAISSUED WITH DRAFT 60% DESIGN REPORTC	AV SY SRM10/07/20 AV NB SRM08/05/20 AV NB SRM02/07/20 IF THIS BAR DOES

